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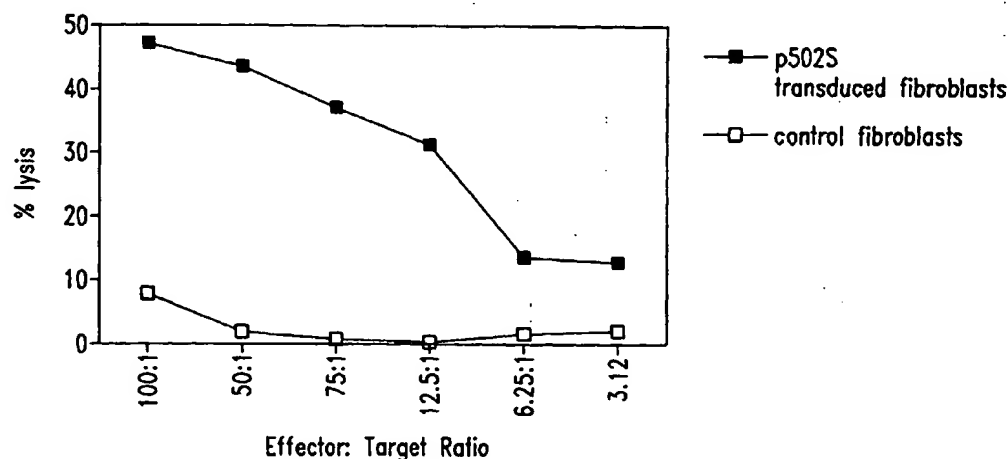
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- (71) Applicant (*for all designated States except US*): **CORIXA CORPORATION** [US/US]; Suite 200, 1124 Columbia Street, Seattle, WA 98104 (US).
- (72) Inventors; and
- (75) Inventors/Applicants (*for US only*): **XU, Jiangchun** [US/US]; 15805 SE 43rd Place, Bellevue, WA 98006 (US). **SKEIKY, Yasir, A., W.** [CA/US]; 15106 SE 47th Place, Bellevue, WA 98006 (US). **REED, Steven, G.** [US/US]; 2843 - 122nd Place NE, Bellevue, WA 98005 (US). **CHEEVER, Martin, A.** [US/US]; 6210 Southeast 22nd, Mercer Island, WA 98040 (US).
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(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER



(57) Abstract: Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more prostate tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a prostate tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as prostate cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a prostate tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.

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COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates generally to therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The invention is more specifically related to polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, and to polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides. Such polypeptides and polynucleotides may be used in vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions for prevention and treatment of prostate cancer, and for the diagnosis and monitoring of such cancers.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Prostate cancer is the most common form of cancer among males, with an estimated incidence of 30% in men over the age of 50. Overwhelming clinical evidence shows that human prostate cancer has the propensity to metastasize to bone, and the disease appears to progress inevitably from androgen dependent to androgen refractory status, leading to increased patient mortality. This prevalent disease is currently the second leading cause of cancer death among men in the U.S.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for the disease, prostate cancer remains difficult to treat. Commonly, treatment is based on surgery and/or radiation therapy, but these methods are ineffective in a significant percentage of cases. Two previously identified prostate specific proteins - prostate specific antigen (PSA) and prostatic acid phosphatase (PAP) - have limited therapeutic and diagnostic potential. For example, PSA levels do not always correlate well with the presence of prostate cancer, being positive in a percentage of non-prostate cancer cases, including benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH). Furthermore, PSA measurements correlate with prostate volume, and do not indicate the level of metastasis.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for these and other cancers, prostate cancer remains difficult to diagnose and treat effectively. Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved methods for detecting and treating

such cancers. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly stated, the present invention provides compositions and methods for the diagnosis and therapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. In one aspect, the present invention provides polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof. Certain portions and other variants are immunogenic, such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished. Within certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; (b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and (c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b). In certain specific embodiments, such a polypeptide comprises at least a portion, or variant thereof, of a tumor protein that includes an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

The present invention further provides polynucleotides that encode a polypeptide as described above, or a portion thereof (such as a portion encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein), expression vectors comprising such polynucleotides and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors.

Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within a related aspect of the present invention, vaccines are provided. Such vaccines comprise a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise: (a) an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein; and (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B cells.

Within related aspects, vaccines are provided that comprise: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides, in other aspects, fusion proteins that comprise at least one polypeptide as described above, as well as polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins.

Within related aspects, pharmaceutical compositions comprising a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier are provided.

Vaccines are further provided, within other aspects, that comprise a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition or vaccine as recited above.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the protein from the sample.

Within related aspects, methods are provided for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated as described above.

Methods are further provided, within other aspects, for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide as described above; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and/or (iii) an antigen presenting cell that expresses such a polypeptide; under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells. Isolated T cell populations comprising T cells prepared as described above are also provided.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population as described above.

The present invention further provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and (iii) an antigen-presenting cell that expressed such a polypeptide; and (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient. Proliferated cells may, but need not, be cloned prior to administration to the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within preferred embodiments, the binding agent is an antibody, more preferably a monoclonal antibody. The cancer may be prostate cancer.

The present invention also provides, within other aspects, methods for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient. Such methods comprise the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample a level of a polynucleotide, preferably mRNA, that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and (c) comparing the level of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within certain embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected via polymerase chain reaction using, for example, at least one oligonucleotide primer that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide. Within other embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected using a hybridization technique, employing an oligonucleotide probe that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide.

In related aspects, methods are provided for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) with the amount

detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides antibodies, such as monoclonal antibodies, that bind to a polypeptide as described above, as well as diagnostic kits comprising such antibodies. Diagnostic kits comprising one or more oligonucleotide probes or primers as described above are also provided.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS AND SEQUENCE IDENTIFIERS

Figure 1 illustrates the ability of T cells to kill fibroblasts expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S, as compared to control fibroblasts. The percentage lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated.

Figures 2A and 2B illustrate the ability of T cells to recognize cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S. In each case, the number of γ -interferon spots is shown for different numbers of responders. In Figure 2A, data is presented for fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide, as compared to fibroblasts pulsed with a control E75 peptide. In Figure 2B, data is presented for fibroblasts expressing P502S, as compared to fibroblasts expressing HER-2/*neu*.

Figure 3 represents a peptide competition binding assay showing that the P1S#10 peptide, derived from P501S, binds HLA-A2. Peptide P1S#10 inhibits HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58 peptide to CTL clone D150M58 in TNF release bioassay. D150M58 CTL is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58.

Figure 4 illustrates the ability of T cell lines generated from P1S#10 immunized mice to specifically lyse P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets, as compared to EGFP-transduced Jurkat A2Kb. The percent lysis is shown as a series of effector to target ratios, as indicated.

Figure 5 illustrates the ability of a T cell clone to recognize and specifically lyse Jurkat A2Kb cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P501S, thereby demonstrating that the P1S#10 peptide may be a naturally processed epitope of the P501S polypeptide.

Figures 6A and 6B are graphs illustrating the specificity of a CD8⁺ cell line (3A-1) for a representative prostate tumor antigen (P501S). Figure 6A shows the results of a ⁵¹Cr release assay. The percent specific lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated. Figure 6B shows the production of interferon-gamma by 3A-1 cells stimulated with autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S, at varying effector:target ratios as indicated.

SEQ ID NO: 1 is the determined cDNA sequence for F1-13
SEQ ID NO: 2 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-12
SEQ ID NO: 3 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for F1-12
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SEQ ID NO: 6 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-9
SEQ ID NO: 7 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-4
SEQ ID NO: 8 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 9 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-17
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SEQ ID NO: 249 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN67
SEQ ID NO: 250 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN76
SEQ ID NO: 251 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN84
SEQ ID NO: 252 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN85
SEQ ID NO: 253 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN86
SEQ ID NO: 254 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN87
SEQ ID NO: 255 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN88
SEQ ID NO: 256 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F1
SEQ ID NO: 257 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F2
SEQ ID NO: 258 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C2

SEQ ID NO: 259 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B1
SEQ ID NO: 260 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B2
SEQ ID NO: 261 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D3
SEQ ID NO: 262 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A4
SEQ ID NO: 263 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F5
SEQ ID NO: 264 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E6
SEQ ID NO: 265 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D6
SEQ ID NO: 266 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B5
SEQ ID NO: 267 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A6
SEQ ID NO: 268 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E8
SEQ ID NO: 269 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D7
SEQ ID NO: 270 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D9
SEQ ID NO: 271 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C10
SEQ ID NO: 272 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A9
SEQ ID NO: 273 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F12
SEQ ID NO: 274 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E12
SEQ ID NO: 275 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D11
SEQ ID NO: 276 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C11
SEQ ID NO: 277 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C12
SEQ ID NO: 278 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B12
SEQ ID NO: 279 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A12
SEQ ID NO: 280 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G2
SEQ ID NO: 281 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H1
SEQ ID NO: 282 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H2
SEQ ID NO: 283 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A3
SEQ ID NO: 284 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A4
SEQ ID NO: 285 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C3
SEQ ID NO: 286 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G4
SEQ ID NO: 287 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B6
SEQ ID NO: 288 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D6

SEQ ID NO: 289 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F5
SEQ ID NO: 290 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A8
SEQ ID NO: 291 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C7
SEQ ID NO: 292 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D7
SEQ ID NO: 293 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8D8
SEQ ID NO: 294 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E7
SEQ ID NO: 295 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F8
SEQ ID NO: 296 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G8
SEQ ID NO: 297 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B10
SEQ ID NO: 298 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C10
SEQ ID NO: 299 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E9
SEQ ID NO: 300 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E10
SEQ ID NO: 301 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F9
SEQ ID NO: 302 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H9
SEQ ID NO: 303 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C12
SEQ ID NO: 304 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E11
SEQ ID NO: 305 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E12
SEQ ID NO: 306 is the amino acid sequence for the peptide PS2#12
SEQ ID NO: 307 is the determined cDNA sequence for P711P
SEQ ID NO: 308 is the determined cDNA sequence for P712P
SEQ ID NO: 309 is the determined cDNA sequence for CLONE23
SEQ ID NO: 310 is the determined cDNA sequence for P774P
SEQ ID NO: 311 is the determined cDNA sequence for P775P
SEQ ID NO: 312 is the determined cDNA sequence for P715P
SEQ ID NO: 313 is the determined cDNA sequence for P710P
SEQ ID NO: 314 is the determined cDNA sequence for P767P
SEQ ID NO: 315 is the determined cDNA sequence for P768P
SEQ ID NO: 316-325 are the determined cDNA sequences of previously isolated genes
SEQ ID NO: 326 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 327 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PDE5

SEQ ID NO: 328 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P6.26

SEQ ID NO: 329 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P6.26

SEQ ID NO: 330 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PX-23

SEQ ID NO: 331 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PX-23

SEQ ID NO: 332 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for P509S

SEQ ID NO: 333 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for P707P (also referred to as 11-C9)

SEQ ID NO: 334 is the determined cDNA sequence for P714P

SEQ ID NO: 335 is the determined cDNA sequence for P705P (also referred to as 9-F3)

SEQ ID NO: 336 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P705P

SEQ ID NO: 337 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide P1S#10

SEQ ID NO: 338 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide p5

SEQ ID NO: 339 is the predicted amino acid sequence of P509S

SEQ ID NO: 340 is the determined cDNA sequence for P778P

SEQ ID NO: 341 is the determined cDNA sequence for P786P

SEQ ID NO: 342 is the determined cDNA sequence for P789P

SEQ ID NO: 343 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens MM46 mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 344 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens TNF-alpha stimulated ABC protein (ABC50) mRNA

SEQ ID NO: 345 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens mRNA for E-cadherin

SEQ ID NO: 346 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human nuclear-encoded mitochondrial serine hydroxymethyltransferase (SHMT)

SEQ ID NO: 347 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens natural resistance-associated macrophage protein2 (NRAMP2)

SEQ ID NO: 348 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens phosphoglucomutase-related protein (PGMRP)

SEQ ID NO: 349 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human mRNA for proteosome subunit p40

SEQ ID NO: 350 is the determined cDNA sequence for P777P

SEQ ID NO: 351 is the determined cDNA sequence for P779P

SEQ ID NO: 352 is the determined cDNA sequence for P790P

SEQ ID NO: 353 is the determined cDNA sequence for P784P

SEQ ID NO: 354 is the determined cDNA sequence for P776P

SEQ ID NO: 355 is the determined cDNA sequence for P780P

SEQ ID NO: 356 is the determined cDNA sequence for P544S

SEQ ID NO: 357 is the determined cDNA sequence for P745S

SEQ ID NO: 358 is the determined cDNA sequence for P782P

SEQ ID NO: 359 is the determined cDNA sequence for P783P

SEQ ID NO: 360 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17984

SEQ ID NO: 361 is the determined cDNA sequence for P787P

SEQ ID NO: 362 is the determined cDNA sequence for P788P

SEQ ID NO: 363 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17994

SEQ ID NO: 364 is the determined cDNA sequence for P781P

SEQ ID NO: 365 is the determined cDNA sequence for P785P

SEQ ID NO: 366-375 are the determined cDNA sequences for splice variants of B305D.

SEQ ID NO: 376 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 366.

SEQ ID NO: 377 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 372.

SEQ ID NO: 378 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 373.

SEQ ID NO: 379 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 374.

SEQ ID NO: 380 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 375.

SEQ ID NO: 381 is the determined cDNA sequence for B716P.
SEQ ID NO: 382 is the determined full-length cDNA sequence for P711P.
SEQ ID NO: 383 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P711P.
SEQ ID NO: 384 is the cDNA sequence for P1000C.
SEQ ID NO: 385 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-82.
SEQ ID NO:386 is the cDNA sequence for 23320.
SEQ ID NO:387 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-69.
SEQ ID NO:388 is the cDNA sequence for L-itol-2-dehydrogenase.
SEQ ID NO:389 is the cDNA sequence for 23379.
SEQ ID NO:390 is the cDNA sequence for 23381.
SEQ ID NO:391 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0122.
SEQ ID NO:392 is the cDNA sequence for 23399.
SEQ ID NO:393 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.
SEQ ID NO:394 is the cDNA sequence for HCLBP.
SEQ ID NO:395 is the cDNA sequence for transglutaminase.
SEQ ID NO:396 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.
SEQ ID NO:397 is the cDNA sequence for PAP.
SEQ ID NO:398 is the cDNA sequence for Ets transcription factor PDEF.
SEQ ID NO:399 is the cDNA sequence for hTGR.
SEQ ID NO:400 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0295.
SEQ ID NO:401 is the cDNA sequence for 22545.
SEQ ID NO:402 is the cDNA sequence for 22547.
SEQ ID NO:403 is the cDNA sequence for 22548.
SEQ ID NO:404 is the cDNA sequence for 22550.
SEQ ID NO:405 is the cDNA sequence for 22551.
SEQ ID NO:406 is the cDNA sequence for 22552.
SEQ ID NO:407 is the cDNA sequence for 22553.
SEQ ID NO:408 is the cDNA sequence for 22558.
SEQ ID NO:409 is the cDNA sequence for 22562.
SEQ ID NO:410 is the cDNA sequence for 22565.

SEQ ID NO:411 is the cDNA sequence for 22567.
SEQ ID NO:412 is the cDNA sequence for 22568.
SEQ ID NO:413 is the cDNA sequence for 22570.
SEQ ID NO:414 is the cDNA sequence for 22571.
SEQ ID NO:415 is the cDNA sequence for 22572.
SEQ ID NO:416 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:417 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:418 is the cDNA sequence for 22575.
SEQ ID NO:419 is the cDNA sequence for 22580.
SEQ ID NO:420 is the cDNA sequence for 22581.
SEQ ID NO:421 is the cDNA sequence for 22582.
SEQ ID NO:422 is the cDNA sequence for 22583.
SEQ ID NO:423 is the cDNA sequence for 22584.
SEQ ID NO:424 is the cDNA sequence for 22585.
SEQ ID NO:425 is the cDNA sequence for 22586.
SEQ ID NO:426 is the cDNA sequence for 22587.
SEQ ID NO:427 is the cDNA sequence for 22588.
SEQ ID NO:428 is the cDNA sequence for 22589.
SEQ ID NO:429 is the cDNA sequence for 22590.
SEQ ID NO:430 is the cDNA sequence for 22591.
SEQ ID NO:431 is the cDNA sequence for 22592.
SEQ ID NO:432 is the cDNA sequence for 22593.
SEQ ID NO:433 is the cDNA sequence for 22594.
SEQ ID NO:434 is the cDNA sequence for 22595.
SEQ ID NO:435 is the cDNA sequence for 22596.
SEQ ID NO:436 is the cDNA sequence for 22847.
SEQ ID NO:437 is the cDNA sequence for 22848.
SEQ ID NO:438 is the cDNA sequence for 22849.
SEQ ID NO:439 is the cDNA sequence for 22851.
SEQ ID NO:440 is the cDNA sequence for 22852.

SEQ ID NO:441 is the cDNA sequence for 22853.
SEQ ID NO:442 is the cDNA sequence for 22854.
SEQ ID NO:443 is the cDNA sequence for 22855.
SEQ ID NO:444 is the cDNA sequence for 22856.
SEQ ID NO:445 is the cDNA sequence for 22857.
SEQ ID NO:446 is the cDNA sequence for 23601.
SEQ ID NO:447 is the cDNA sequence for 23602.
SEQ ID NO:448 is the cDNA sequence for 23605.
SEQ ID NO:449 is the cDNA sequence for 23606.
SEQ ID NO:450 is the cDNA sequence for 23612.
SEQ ID NO:451 is the cDNA sequence for 23614.
SEQ ID NO:452 is the cDNA sequence for 23618.
SEQ ID NO:453 is the cDNA sequence for 23622.
SEQ ID NO:454 is the cDNA sequence for folate hydrolase.
SEQ ID NO:455 is the cDNA sequence for LIM protein.
SEQ ID NO:456 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:457 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:458 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.
SEQ ID NO:459 is the cDNA sequence for 23045.
SEQ ID NO:460 is the cDNA sequence for 23032.
SEQ ID NO:461 is the cDNA sequence for 23054.
SEQ ID NOs:462-467 are cDNA sequences for known genes.
SEQ ID NOs:468-471 are cDNA sequences for P710P.
SEQ ID NO:472 is a cDNA sequence for P1001C.
SEQ ID NO:473 is the amino acid sequence for PSMA.
SEQ ID NO:474 is the amino acid sequence for PAP.
SEQ ID NO:475 is the amino acid sequence for PSA.
SEQ ID NO:476 is the amino acid sequence for a fusion protein containing PSA, P703P and P501S.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The compositions described herein may include prostate tumor polypeptides, polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides, binding agents such as antibodies, antigen presenting cells (APCs) and/or immune system cells (*e.g.*, T cells). Polypeptides of the present invention generally comprise at least a portion (such as an immunogenic portion) of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. A "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed in prostate tumor cells at a level that is at least two fold, and preferably at least five fold, greater than the level of expression in a normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein. Certain prostate tumor proteins are tumor proteins that react detectably (within an immunoassay, such as an ELISA or Western blot) with antisera of a patient afflicted with prostate cancer. Polynucleotides of the subject invention generally comprise a DNA or RNA sequence that encodes all or a portion of such a polypeptide, or that is complementary to such a sequence. Antibodies are generally immune system proteins, or antigen-binding fragments thereof, that are capable of binding to a polypeptide as described above. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B-cells that express a polypeptide as described above. T cells that may be employed within such compositions are generally T cells that are specific for a polypeptide as described above.

The present invention is based on the discovery of human prostate tumor proteins. Sequences of polynucleotides encoding certain tumor proteins, or portions thereof, are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Sequences of polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

PROSTATE TUMOR PROTEIN POLYNUCLEOTIDES

Any polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion or other variant thereof as described herein is encompassed by the present invention. Preferred polynucleotides comprise at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably at least 30 consecutive nucleotides and more preferably at least 45 consecutive nucleotides, that encode a portion of a prostate tumor protein. More preferably, a polynucleotide encodes an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein. Polynucleotides complementary to any such sequences are also encompassed by the present invention. Polynucleotides may be single-stranded (coding or antisense) or double-stranded, and may be DNA (genomic, cDNA or synthetic) or RNA molecules. RNA molecules include HnRNA molecules, which contain introns and correspond to a DNA molecule in a one-to-one manner, and mRNA molecules, which do not contain introns. Additional coding or non-coding sequences may, but need not, be present within a polynucleotide of the present invention, and a polynucleotide may, but need not, be linked to other molecules and/or support materials.

Polynucleotides may comprise a native sequence (*i.e.*, an endogenous sequence that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof) or may comprise a variant of such a sequence. Polynucleotide variants may contain one or more substitutions, additions, deletions and/or insertions such that the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide is not diminished, relative to a native tumor protein. The effect on the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide may generally be assessed as described herein. Variants preferably exhibit at least about 70% identity, more preferably at least about 80% identity and most preferably at least about 90% identity to a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a native prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof.

Two polynucleotide or polypeptide sequences are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acids in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence as described below. Comparisons between two sequences are typically performed by comparing the sequences over a comparison window to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. A "comparison window" as used herein, refers to a segment of at least about 20 contiguous positions,

usually 30 to about 75, 40 to about 50, in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned.

Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted using the Megalign program in the Lasergene suite of bioinformatics software (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison, WI), using default parameters. This program embodies several alignment schemes described in the following references: Dayhoff, M.O. (1978) A model of evolutionary change in proteins – Matrices for detecting distant relationships. In Dayhoff, M.O. (ed.) *Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure*, National Biomedical Research Foundation, Washington DC Vol. 5, Suppl. 3, pp. 345-358; Hein J. (1990) *Unified Approach to Alignment and Phylogenies* pp. 626-645 *Methods in Enzymology* vol. 183, Academic Press, Inc., San Diego, CA; Higgins, D.G. and Sharp, P.M. (1989) *CABIOS* 5:151-153; Myers, E.W. and Muller W. (1988) *CABIOS* 4:11-17; Robinson, E.D. (1971) *Comb. Theor* 11:105; Santou, N. Nes, M. (1987) *Mol. Biol. Evol.* 4:406-425; Sneath, P.H.A. and Sokal, R.R. (1973) *Numerical Taxonomy – the Principles and Practice of Numerical Taxonomy*, Freeman Press, San Francisco, CA; Wilbur, W.J. and Lipman, D.J. (1983) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 80:726-730.

Preferably, the “percentage of sequence identity” is determined by comparing two optimally aligned sequences over a window of comparison of at least 20 positions, wherein the portion of the polynucleotide or polypeptide sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (*i.e.*, gaps) of 20 percent or less, usually 5 to 15 percent, or 10 to 12 percent, as compared to the reference sequences (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences. The percentage is calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical nucleic acid bases or amino acid residue occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the reference sequence (*i.e.*, the window size) and multiplying the results by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity.

Variants may also, or alternatively, be substantially homologous to a native gene, or a portion or complement thereof. Such polynucleotide variants are

capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions to a naturally occurring DNA sequence encoding a native prostate tumor protein (or a complementary sequence). Suitable moderately stringent conditions include prewashing in a solution of 5 X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5 X SSC, overnight; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS.

It will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that, as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, there are many nucleotide sequences that encode a polypeptide as described herein. Some of these polynucleotides bear minimal homology to the nucleotide sequence of any native gene. Nonetheless, polynucleotides that vary due to differences in codon usage are specifically contemplated by the present invention. Further, alleles of the genes comprising the polynucleotide sequences provided herein are within the scope of the present invention. Alleles are endogenous genes that are altered as a result of one or more mutations, such as deletions, additions and/or substitutions of nucleotides. The resulting mRNA and protein may, but need not, have an altered structure or function. Alleles may be identified using standard techniques (such as hybridization, amplification and/or database sequence comparison).

Polynucleotides may be prepared using any of a variety of techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be identified, as described in more detail below, by screening a microarray of cDNAs for tumor-associated expression (*i.e.*, expression that is at least five fold greater in a prostate tumor than in normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein). Such screens may be performed using a Synteni microarray (Palo Alto, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Alternatively, polypeptides may be amplified from cDNA prepared from cells expressing the proteins described herein, such as prostate tumor cells. Such polynucleotides may be amplified via polymerase chain reaction (PCR). For this approach, sequence-specific primers may be designed based on the sequences provided herein, and may be purchased or synthesized.

An amplified portion may be used to isolate a full length gene from a suitable library (e.g., a prostate tumor cDNA library) using well known techniques. Within such techniques, a library (cDNA or genomic) is screened using one or more polynucleotide probes or primers suitable for amplification. Preferably, a library is size-selected to include larger molecules. Random primed libraries may also be preferred for identifying 5' and upstream regions of genes. Genomic libraries are preferred for obtaining introns and extending 5' sequences.

For hybridization techniques, a partial sequence may be labeled (e.g., by nick-translation or end-labeling with ^{32}P) using well known techniques. A bacterial or bacteriophage library is then screened by hybridizing filters containing denatured bacterial colonies (or lawns containing phage plaques) with the labeled probe (see Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989). Hybridizing colonies or plaques are selected and expanded, and the DNA is isolated for further analysis. cDNA clones may be analyzed to determine the amount of additional sequence by, for example, PCR using a primer from the partial sequence and a primer from the vector. Restriction maps and partial sequences may be generated to identify one or more overlapping clones. The complete sequence may then be determined using standard techniques, which may involve generating a series of deletion clones. The resulting overlapping sequences are then assembled into a single contiguous sequence. A full length cDNA molecule can be generated by ligating suitable fragments, using well known techniques.

Alternatively, there are numerous amplification techniques for obtaining a full length coding sequence from a partial cDNA sequence. Within such techniques, amplification is generally performed via PCR. Any of a variety of commercially available kits may be used to perform the amplification step. Primers may be designed using, for example, software well known in the art. Primers are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length, have a GC content of at least 50% and anneal to the target sequence at temperatures of about 68°C to 72°C. The amplified region may be sequenced as described above, and overlapping sequences assembled into a contiguous sequence.

One such amplification technique is inverse PCR (*see* Triglia et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 16:8186, 1988), which uses restriction enzymes to generate a fragment in the known region of the gene. The fragment is then circularized by intramolecular ligation and used as a template for PCR with divergent primers derived from the known region. Within an alternative approach, sequences adjacent to a partial sequence may be retrieved by amplification with a primer to a linker sequence and a primer specific to a known region. The amplified sequences are typically subjected to a second round of amplification with the same linker primer and a second primer specific to the known region. A variation on this procedure, which employs two primers that initiate extension in opposite directions from the known sequence, is described in WO 96/38591. Another such technique is known as "rapid amplification of cDNA ends" or RACE. This technique involves the use of an internal primer and an external primer, which hybridizes to a polyA region or vector sequence, to identify sequences that are 5' and 3' of a known sequence. Additional techniques include capture PCR (Lagerstrom et al., *PCR Methods Applic.* 1:111-19, 1991) and walking PCR (Parker et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.* 19:3055-60, 1991). Other methods employing amplification may also be employed to obtain a full length cDNA sequence.

In certain instances, it is possible to obtain a full length cDNA sequence by analysis of sequences provided in an expressed sequence tag (EST) database, such as that available from GenBank. Searches for overlapping ESTs may generally be performed using well known programs (*e.g.*, NCBI BLAST searches), and such ESTs may be used to generate a contiguous full length sequence.

Certain nucleic acid sequences of cDNA molecules encoding at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Isolation of these polynucleotides is described below. Each of these prostate tumor proteins was overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue.

Polynucleotide variants may generally be prepared by any method known in the art, including chemical synthesis by, for example, solid phase phosphoramidite chemical synthesis. Modifications in a polynucleotide sequence may

also be introduced using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis (*see* Adelman et al., *DNA* 2:183, 1983). Alternatively, RNA molecules may be generated by *in vitro* or *in vivo* transcription of DNA sequences encoding a prostate tumor protein, or portion thereof, provided that the DNA is incorporated into a vector with a suitable RNA polymerase promoter (such as T7 or SP6). Certain portions may be used to prepare an encoded polypeptide, as described herein. In addition, or alternatively, a portion may be administered to a patient such that the encoded polypeptide is generated *in vivo* (*e.g.*, by transfecting antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic cells, with a cDNA construct encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide, and administering the transfected cells to the patient).

A portion of a sequence complementary to a coding sequence (*i.e.*, an antisense polynucleotide) may also be used as a probe or to modulate gene expression. cDNA constructs that can be transcribed into antisense RNA may also be introduced into cells of tissues to facilitate the production of antisense RNA. An antisense polynucleotide may be used, as described herein, to inhibit expression of a tumor protein. Antisense technology can be used to control gene expression through triple-helix formation, which compromises the ability of the double helix to open sufficiently for the binding of polymerases, transcription factors or regulatory molecules (*see* Gee et al., *In Huber and Carr, Molecular and Immunologic Approaches*, Futura Publishing Co. (Mt. Kisco, NY; 1994)). Alternatively, an antisense molecule may be designed to hybridize with a control region of a gene (*e.g.*, promoter, enhancer or transcription initiation site), and block transcription of the gene; or to block translation by inhibiting binding of a transcript to ribosomes.

A portion of a coding sequence, or of a complementary sequence, may also be designed as a probe or primer to detect gene expression. Probes may be labeled with a variety of reporter groups, such as radionuclides and enzymes, and are preferably at least 10 nucleotides in length, more preferably at least 20 nucleotides in length and still more preferably at least 30 nucleotides in length. Primers, as noted above, are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length.

Any polynucleotide may be further modified to increase stability *in vivo*. Possible modifications include, but are not limited to, the addition of flanking sequences at the 5' and/or 3' ends; the use of phosphorothioate or 2' O-methyl rather than phosphodiesterase linkages in the backbone; and/or the inclusion of nontraditional bases such as inosine, queosine and wybutosine, as well as acetyl-, methyl-, thio- and other modified forms of adenine, cytidine, guanine, thymine and uridine.

Nucleotide sequences as described herein may be joined to a variety of other nucleotide sequences using established recombinant DNA techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be cloned into any of a variety of cloning vectors, including plasmids, phagemids, lambda phage derivatives and cosmids. Vectors of particular interest include expression vectors, replication vectors, probe generation vectors and sequencing vectors. In general, a vector will contain an origin of replication functional in at least one organism, convenient restriction endonuclease sites and one or more selectable markers. Other elements will depend upon the desired use, and will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Within certain embodiments, polynucleotides may be formulated so as to permit entry into a cell of a mammal, and expression therein. Such formulations are particularly useful for therapeutic purposes, as described below. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that there are many ways to achieve expression of a polynucleotide in a target cell, and any suitable method may be employed. For example, a polynucleotide may be incorporated into a viral vector such as, but not limited to, adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, retrovirus, or vaccinia or other pox virus (e.g., avian pox virus). Techniques for incorporating DNA into such vectors are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. A retroviral vector may additionally transfer or incorporate a gene for a selectable marker (to aid in the identification or selection of transduced cells) and/or a targeting moiety, such as a gene that encodes a ligand for a receptor on a specific target cell, to render the vector target specific. Targeting may also be accomplished using an antibody, by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Other formulations for therapeutic purposes include colloidal dispersion systems, such as macromolecule complexes, nanocapsules, microspheres, beads, and lipid-based systems including oil-in-water emulsions, micelles, mixed micelles, and liposomes. A preferred colloidal system for use as a delivery vehicle *in vitro* and *in vivo* is a liposome (*i.e.*, an artificial membrane vesicle). The preparation and use of such systems is well known in the art.

PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Within the context of the present invention, polypeptides may comprise at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof, as described herein. As noted above, a "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed by prostate tumor cells. Proteins that are prostate tumor proteins also react detectably within an immunoassay (such as an ELISA) with antisera from a patient with prostate cancer. Polypeptides as described herein may be of any length. Additional sequences derived from the native protein and/or heterologous sequences may be present, and such sequences may (but need not) possess further immunogenic or antigenic properties.

An "immunogenic portion," as used herein is a portion of a protein that is recognized (*i.e.*, specifically bound) by a B-cell and/or T-cell surface antigen receptor. Such immunogenic portions generally comprise at least 5 amino acid residues, more preferably at least 10, and still more preferably at least 20 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. Certain preferred immunogenic portions include peptides in which an N-terminal leader sequence and/or transmembrane domain have been deleted. Other preferred immunogenic portions may contain a small N- and/or C-terminal deletion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids), relative to the mature protein.

Immunogenic portions may generally be identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3rd ed., 243-247 (Raven Press, 1993) and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptides for the ability to react with antigen-specific antibodies, antisera

and/or T-cell lines or clones. As used herein, antisera and antibodies are "antigen-specific" if they specifically bind to an antigen (*i.e.*, they react with the protein in an ELISA or other immunoassay, and do not react detectably with unrelated proteins). Such antisera and antibodies may be prepared as described herein, and using well known techniques. An immunogenic portion of a native prostate tumor protein is a portion that reacts with such antisera and/or T-cells at a level that is not substantially less than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide (*e.g.*, in an ELISA and/or T-cell reactivity assay). Such immunogenic portions may react within such assays at a level that is similar to or greater than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide. Such screens may generally be performed using methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. For example, a polypeptide may be immobilized on a solid support and contacted with patient sera to allow binding of antibodies within the sera to the immobilized polypeptide. Unbound sera may then be removed and bound antibodies detected using, for example, ¹²⁵I-labeled Protein A.

As noted above, a composition may comprise a variant of a native prostate tumor protein. A polypeptide "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from a native prostate tumor protein in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions, such that the immunogenicity of the polypeptide is not substantially diminished. In other words, the ability of a variant to react with antigen-specific antisera may be enhanced or unchanged, relative to the native protein, or may be diminished by less than 50%, and preferably less than 20%, relative to the native protein. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences and evaluating the reactivity of the modified polypeptide with antigen-specific antibodies or antisera as described herein. Preferred variants include those in which one or more portions, such as an N-terminal leader sequence or transmembrane domain, have been removed. Other preferred variants include variants in which a small portion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids) has been removed from the N- and/or C-terminal of the mature protein. Polypeptide variants preferably exhibit at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 90% and most

preferably at least about 95% identity (determined as described above) to the identified polypeptides.

Preferably, a variant contains conservative substitutions. A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydrophobic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. Amino acid substitutions may generally be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues. For example, negatively charged amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid; positively charged amino acids include lysine and arginine; and amino acids with uncharged polar head groups having similar hydrophilicity values include leucine, isoleucine and valine; glycine and alanine; asparagine and glutamine; and serine, threonine, phenylalanine and tyrosine. Other groups of amino acids that may represent conservative changes include: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his. A variant may also, or alternatively, contain nonconservative changes. In a preferred embodiment, variant polypeptides differ from a native sequence by substitution, deletion or addition of five amino acids or fewer. Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenicity, secondary structure and hydrophobic nature of the polypeptide.

As noted above, polypeptides may comprise a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (*e.g.*, poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

Polypeptides may be prepared using any of a variety of well known techniques. Recombinant polypeptides encoded by DNA sequences as described above may be readily prepared from the DNA sequences using any of a variety of expression

vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are *E. coli*, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. Supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein or polypeptide into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant polypeptide.

Portions and other variants having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may also be generated by synthetic means, using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. See Merrifield, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 85:2149-2146, 1963. Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division (Foster City, CA), and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Within certain specific embodiments, a polypeptide may be a fusion protein that comprises multiple polypeptides as described herein, or that comprises at least one polypeptide as described herein and an unrelated sequence, such as a known tumor protein. A fusion partner may, for example, assist in providing T helper epitopes (an immunological fusion partner), preferably T helper epitopes recognized by humans, or may assist in expressing the protein (an expression enhancer) at higher yields than the native recombinant protein. Certain preferred fusion partners are both immunological and expression enhancing fusion partners. Other fusion partners may be selected so as to increase the solubility of the protein or to enable the protein to be

targeted to desired intracellular compartments. Still further fusion partners include affinity tags, which facilitate purification of the protein.

In certain embodiments, the present invention provides fusion proteins comprising a polypeptide disclosed herein together with at least one of the following known prostate antigens: prostate specific antigen (PSA); prostatic acid phosphatase (PAP); and prostate specific membrane antigen (PSMA). The protein sequences for PSMA, PAP and PSA are provided in SEQ ID NO: 473-475, respectively. In certain embodiments, the fusion proteins of the present invention comprise PSA, PAP and/or PSMA in combination with one or more of the following the inventive antigens: P501S (amino acid sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 113); P703P (amino acid sequences provided in SEQ ID NO: 327, 329, 331); P704P (cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 67); P712P (cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 308); P775P (cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 311); P776P (cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 354); P790P (cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 352). The amino acid sequence of a fusion protein of PSA, P703P and P501S is provided in SEQ ID NO: 476. In preferred embodiments, the inventive fusion proteins comprise one of the following combinations of antigens: PSA and P703P; PSA and P501S; PAP and P703P; PAP and P501S; PSMA and P703P; PSMA and P501S; PSA, PAP and P703P; PSA, PAP and P501S; PSA, PAP, PSMA and P703P, PSA, PAP, PSMA and P501S. One of skill in the art will appreciate that the order of polypeptides within a fusion protein can be altered without substantially changing the therapeutic, prophylactic or diagnostic properties of the fusion protein.

The fusion proteins described above are more immunogenic and will be effective in a greater number of prostate cancer patients than any of the individual components alone. The use of multiple antigens in the form of a fusion protein also lessens the likelihood of immunologic escape.

Fusion proteins may generally be prepared using standard techniques, including chemical conjugation. Preferably, a fusion protein is expressed as a recombinant protein, allowing the production of increased levels, relative to a non-fused protein, in an expression system. Briefly, DNA sequences encoding the polypeptide

components may be assembled separately, and ligated into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of the DNA sequence encoding one polypeptide component is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide component so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase. This permits translation into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both component polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptide components by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene* 40:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 83:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may generally be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Linker sequences are not required when the first and second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons required to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

Fusion proteins are also provided that comprise a polypeptide of the present invention together with an unrelated immunogenic protein. Preferably the immunogenic protein is capable of eliciting a recall response. Examples of such proteins include tetanus, tuberculosis and hepatitis proteins (*see, for example, Stoute et al. New Engl. J. Med.*, 336:86-91, 1997).

Within preferred embodiments, an immunological fusion partner is derived from protein D, a surface protein of the gram-negative bacterium *Haemophilus influenza B* (WO 91/18926). Preferably, a protein D derivative comprises approximately the first third of the protein (*e.g.*, the first N-terminal 100-110 amino acids), and a protein D derivative may be lipidated. Within certain preferred embodiments, the first 109 residues of a Lipoprotein D fusion partner is included on the N-terminus to provide the polypeptide with additional exogenous T-cell epitopes and to increase the expression level in *E. coli* (thus functioning as an expression enhancer). The lipid tail ensures optimal presentation of the antigen to antigen presenting cells. Other fusion partners include the non-structural protein from influenzae virus, NS1 (hemagglutinin). Typically, the N-terminal 81 amino acids are used, although different fragments that include T-helper epitopes may be used.

In another embodiment, the immunological fusion partner is the protein known as LYTA, or a portion thereof (preferably a C-terminal portion). LYTA is derived from *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, which synthesizes an N-acetyl-L-alanine amidase known as amidase LYTA (encoded by the *LytA* gene; *Gene* 43:265-292, 1986). LYTA is an autolysin that specifically degrades certain bonds in the peptidoglycan backbone. The C-terminal domain of the LYTA protein is responsible for the affinity to the choline or to some choline analogues such as DEAE. This property has been exploited for the development of *E. coli* C-LYTA expressing plasmids useful for expression of fusion proteins. Purification of hybrid proteins containing the C-LYTA fragment at the amino terminus has been described (*see Biotechnology* 10:795-798, 1992). Within a preferred embodiment, a repeat portion of LYTA may be incorporated into a fusion protein. A repeat portion is found in the C-

terminal region starting at residue 178. A particularly preferred repeat portion incorporates residues 188-305.

In general, polypeptides (including fusion proteins) and polynucleotides as described herein are isolated. An "isolated" polypeptide or polynucleotide is one that is removed from its original environment. For example, a naturally-occurring protein is isolated if it is separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system. Preferably, such polypeptides are at least about 90% pure, more preferably at least about 95% pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. A polynucleotide is considered to be isolated if, for example, it is cloned into a vector that is not a part of the natural environment.

BINDING AGENTS

The present invention further provides agents, such as antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof, that specifically bind to a prostate tumor protein. As used herein, an antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, is said to "specifically bind" to a prostate tumor protein if it reacts at a detectable level (within, for example, an ELISA) with a prostate tumor protein, and does not react detectably with unrelated proteins under similar conditions. As used herein, "binding" refers to a noncovalent association between two separate molecules such that a complex is formed. The ability to bind may be evaluated by, for example, determining a binding constant for the formation of the complex. The binding constant is the value obtained when the concentration of the complex is divided by the product of the component concentrations. In general, two compounds are said to "bind," in the context of the present invention, when the binding constant for complex formation exceeds about 10^3 L/mol. The binding constant may be determined using methods well known in the art.

Binding agents may be further capable of differentiating between patients with and without a cancer, such as prostate cancer, using the representative assays provided herein. In other words, antibodies or other binding agents that bind to a prostate tumor protein will generate a signal indicating the presence of a cancer in at least about 20% of patients with the disease, and will generate a negative signal

indicating the absence of the disease in at least about 90% of individuals without the cancer. To determine whether a binding agent satisfies this requirement, biological samples (e.g., blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) from patients with and without a cancer (as determined using standard clinical tests) may be assayed as described herein for the presence of polypeptides that bind to the binding agent. It will be apparent that a statistically significant number of samples with and without the disease should be assayed. Each binding agent should satisfy the above criteria; however, those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that binding agents may be used in combination to improve sensitivity.

Any agent that satisfies the above requirements may be a binding agent. For example, a binding agent may be a ribosome, with or without a peptide component, an RNA molecule or a polypeptide. In a preferred embodiment, a binding agent is an antibody or an antigen-binding fragment thereof. Antibodies may be prepared by any of a variety of techniques known to those of ordinary skill in the art. *See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, antibodies can be produced by cell culture techniques, including the generation of monoclonal antibodies as described herein, or via transfection of antibody genes into suitable bacterial or mammalian cell hosts, in order to allow for the production of recombinant antibodies. In one technique, an immunogen comprising the polypeptide is initially injected into any of a wide variety of mammals (e.g., mice, rats, rabbits, sheep or goats). In this step, the polypeptides of this invention may serve as the immunogen without modification. Alternatively, particularly for relatively short polypeptides, a superior immune response may be elicited if the polypeptide is joined to a carrier protein, such as bovine serum albumin or keyhole limpet hemocyanin. The immunogen is injected into the animal host, preferably according to a predetermined schedule incorporating one or more booster immunizations, and the animals are bled periodically. Polyclonal antibodies specific for the polypeptide may then be purified from such antisera by, for example, affinity chromatography using the polypeptide coupled to a suitable solid support.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for an antigenic polypeptide of interest may be prepared, for example, using the technique of Kohler and Milstein, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:511-519, 1976, and improvements thereto. Briefly, these methods involve the preparation of immortal cell lines capable of producing antibodies having the desired specificity (*i.e.*, reactivity with the polypeptide of interest). Such cell lines may be produced, for example, from spleen cells obtained from an animal immunized as described above. The spleen cells are then immortalized by, for example, fusion with a myeloma cell fusion partner, preferably one that is syngeneic with the immunized animal. A variety of fusion techniques may be employed. For example, the spleen cells and myeloma cells may be combined with a nonionic detergent for a few minutes and then plated at low density on a selective medium that supports the growth of hybrid cells, but not myeloma cells. A preferred selection technique uses HAT (hypoxanthine, aminopterin, thymidine) selection. After a sufficient time, usually about 1 to 2 weeks, colonies of hybrids are observed. Single colonies are selected and their culture supernatants tested for binding activity against the polypeptide. Hybridomas having high reactivity and specificity are preferred.

Monoclonal antibodies may be isolated from the supernatants of growing hybridoma colonies. In addition, various techniques may be employed to enhance the yield, such as injection of the hybridoma cell line into the peritoneal cavity of a suitable vertebrate host, such as a mouse. Monoclonal antibodies may then be harvested from the ascites fluid or the blood. Contaminants may be removed from the antibodies by conventional techniques, such as chromatography, gel filtration, precipitation, and extraction. The polypeptides of this invention may be used in the purification process in, for example, an affinity chromatography step.

Within certain embodiments, the use of antigen-binding fragments of antibodies may be preferred. Such fragments include Fab fragments, which may be prepared using standard techniques. Briefly, immunoglobulins may be purified from rabbit serum by affinity chromatography on Protein A bead columns (Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988) and digested

by papain to yield Fab and Fc fragments. The Fab and Fc fragments may be separated by affinity chromatography on protein A bead columns.

Monoclonal antibodies of the present invention may be coupled to one or more therapeutic agents. Suitable agents in this regard include radionuclides, differentiation inducers, drugs, toxins, and derivatives thereof. Preferred radionuclides include ^{90}Y , ^{123}I , ^{125}I , ^{131}I , ^{186}Re , ^{188}Re , ^{211}At , and ^{212}Bi . Preferred drugs include methotrexate, and pyrimidine and purine analogs. Preferred differentiation inducers include phorbol esters and butyric acid. Preferred toxins include ricin, abrin, diphtheria toxin, cholera toxin, gelonin, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin, Shigella toxin, and pokeweed antiviral protein.

A therapeutic agent may be coupled (*e.g.*, covalently bonded) to a suitable monoclonal antibody either directly or indirectly (*e.g.*, via a linker group). A direct reaction between an agent and an antibody is possible when each possesses a substituent capable of reacting with the other. For example, a nucleophilic group, such as an amino or sulfhydryl group, on one may be capable of reacting with a carbonyl-containing group, such as an anhydride or an acid halide, or with an alkyl group containing a good leaving group (*e.g.*, a halide) on the other.

Alternatively, it may be desirable to couple a therapeutic agent and an antibody via a linker group. A linker group can function as a spacer to distance an antibody from an agent in order to avoid interference with binding capabilities. A linker group can also serve to increase the chemical reactivity of a substituent on an agent or an antibody, and thus increase the coupling efficiency. An increase in chemical reactivity may also facilitate the use of agents, or functional groups on agents, which otherwise would not be possible.

It will be evident to those skilled in the art that a variety of bifunctional or polyfunctional reagents, both homo- and hetero-functional (such as those described in the catalog of the Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford, IL), may be employed as the linker group. Coupling may be effected, for example, through amino groups, carboxyl groups, sulfhydryl groups or oxidized carbohydrate residues. There are numerous references describing such methodology, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.

Where a therapeutic agent is more potent when free from the antibody portion of the immunoconjugates of the present invention, it may be desirable to use a linker group which is cleavable during or upon internalization into a cell. A number of different cleavable linker groups have been described. The mechanisms for the intracellular release of an agent from these linker groups include cleavage by reduction of a disulfide bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,489,710, to Spitler), by irradiation of a photolabile bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,625,014, to Senter et al.), by hydrolysis of derivatized amino acid side chains (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,638,045, to Kohn et al.), by serum complement-mediated hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.), and acid-catalyzed hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,569,789, to Blattler et al.).

It may be desirable to couple more than one agent to an antibody. In one embodiment, multiple molecules of an agent are coupled to one antibody molecule. In another embodiment, more than one type of agent may be coupled to one antibody. Regardless of the particular embodiment, immunoconjugates with more than one agent may be prepared in a variety of ways. For example, more than one agent may be coupled directly to an antibody molecule, or linkers which provide multiple sites for attachment can be used. Alternatively, a carrier can be used.

A carrier may bear the agents in a variety of ways, including covalent bonding either directly or via a linker group. Suitable carriers include proteins such as albumins (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,507,234, to Kato et al.), peptides and polysaccharides such as aminodextran (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,699,784, to Shih et al.). A carrier may also bear an agent by noncovalent bonding or by encapsulation, such as within a liposome vesicle (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,429,008 and 4,873,088). Carriers specific for radionuclide agents include radiohalogenated small molecules and chelating compounds. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,735,792 discloses representative radiohalogenated small molecules and their synthesis. A radionuclide chelate may be formed from chelating compounds that include those containing nitrogen and sulfur atoms as the donor atoms for binding the metal, or metal oxide, radionuclide. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,673,562, to Davison et al. discloses representative chelating compounds and their synthesis.

A variety of routes of administration for the antibodies and immunoconjugates may be used. Typically, administration will be intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or in the bed of a resected tumor. It will be evident that the precise dose of the antibody/immunoconjugate will vary depending upon the antibody used, the antigen density on the tumor, and the rate of clearance of the antibody.

T CELLS

Immunotherapeutic compositions may also, or alternatively, comprise T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein. Such cells may generally be prepared *in vitro* or *ex vivo*, using standard procedures. For example, T cells may be isolated from bone marrow, peripheral blood, or a fraction of bone marrow or peripheral blood of a patient, using a commercially available cell separation system, such as the CEPRATE™ system, available from CellPro Inc., Bothell WA (*see also* U.S. Patent No. 5,240,856; U.S. Patent No. 5,215,926; WO 89/06280; WO 91/16116 and WO 92/07243). Alternatively, T cells may be derived from related or unrelated humans, non-human mammals, cell lines or cultures.

T cells may be stimulated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide and/or an antigen presenting cell (APC) that expresses such a polypeptide. Such stimulation is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the generation of T cells that are specific for the polypeptide. Preferably, a prostate tumor polypeptide or polynucleotide is present within a delivery vehicle, such as a microsphere, to facilitate the generation of specific T cells.

T cells are considered to be specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide if the T cells kill target cells coated with the polypeptide or expressing a gene encoding the polypeptide. T cell specificity may be evaluated using any of a variety of standard techniques. For example, within a chromium release assay or proliferation assay, a stimulation index of more than two fold increase in lysis and/or proliferation, compared to negative controls, indicates T cell specificity. Such assays may be performed, for example, as described in Chen et al., *Cancer Res.* 54:1065-1070, 1994. Alternatively,

detection of the proliferation of T cells may be accomplished by a variety of known techniques. For example, T cell proliferation can be detected by measuring an increased rate of DNA synthesis (*e.g.*, by pulse-labeling cultures of T cells with tritiated thymidine and measuring the amount of tritiated thymidine incorporated into DNA). Contact with a prostate tumor polypeptide (100 ng/ml - 100 µg/ml, preferably 200 ng/ml - 25 µg/ml) for 3 - 7 days should result in at least a two fold increase in proliferation of the T cells. Contact as described above for 2-3 hours should result in activation of the T cells, as measured using standard cytokine assays in which a two fold increase in the level of cytokine release (*e.g.*, TNF or IFN-γ) is indicative of T cell activation (*see* Coligan et al., Current Protocols in Immunology, vol. 1, Wiley Interscience (Greene 1998)). T cells that have been activated in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or polypeptide-expressing APC may be CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺. Prostate tumor protein-specific T cells may be expanded using standard techniques. Within preferred embodiments, the T cells are derived from either a patient or a related, or unrelated, donor and are administered to the patient following stimulation and expansion.

For therapeutic purposes, CD4⁺ or CD8⁺ T cells that proliferate in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or APC can be expanded in number either *in vitro* or *in vivo*. Proliferation of such T cells *in vitro* may be accomplished in a variety of ways. For example, the T cells can be re-exposed to a prostate tumor polypeptide, or a short peptide corresponding to an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, with or without the addition of T cell growth factors, such as interleukin-2, and/or stimulator cells that synthesize a prostate tumor polypeptide. Alternatively, one or more T cells that proliferate in the presence of a prostate tumor protein can be expanded in number by cloning. Methods for cloning cells are well known in the art, and include limiting dilution.

PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS AND VACCINES

Within certain aspects, polypeptides, polynucleotides, T cells and/or binding agents disclosed herein may be incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions

or immunogenic compositions (*i.e.*, vaccines). Pharmaceutical compositions comprise one or more such compounds and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more such compounds and a non-specific immune response enhancer. A non-specific immune response enhancer may be any substance that enhances an immune response to an exogenous antigen. Examples of non-specific immune response enhancers include adjuvants, biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactic galactide) and liposomes (into which the compound is incorporated; *see e.g.*, Fullerton, U.S. Patent No. 4,235,877). Vaccine preparation is generally described in, for example, M.F. Powell and M.J. Newman, eds., "Vaccine Design (the subunit and adjuvant approach)," Plenum Press (NY, 1995). Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines within the scope of the present invention may also contain other compounds, which may be biologically active or inactive. For example, one or more immunogenic portions of other tumor antigens may be present, either incorporated into a fusion polypeptide or as a separate compound, within the composition or vaccine.

A pharmaceutical composition or vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more of the polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. As noted above, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacteria and viral expression systems. Numerous gene delivery techniques are well known in the art, such as those described by Rolland, *Crit. Rev. Therap. Drug Carrier Systems* 15:143-198, 1998, and references cited therein. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface or secretes such an epitope. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (*e.g.*, vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Suitable systems are disclosed, for example, in Fisher-Hoch et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:317-321, 1989; Flexner et al., *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 569:86-103, 1989; Flexner

et al., *Vaccine* 8:17-21, 1990; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,603,112, 4,769,330, and 5,017,487; WO 89/01973; U.S. Patent No. 4,777,127; GB 2,200,651; EP 0,345,242; WO 91/02805; Berkner, *Biotechniques* 6:616-627, 1988; Rosenfeld et al., *Science* 252:431-434, 1991; Kolls et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:215-219, 1994; Kass-Eisler et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:11498-11502, 1993; Guzman et al., *Circulation* 88:2838-2848, 1993; and Guzman et al., *Cir. Res.* 73:1202-1207, 1993. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., *Science* 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. Compositions of the present invention may be formulated for any appropriate manner of administration, including for example, topical, oral, nasal, intravenous, intracranial, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intramuscular administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (e.g., polylactate polyglycolate) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109.

Such compositions may also comprise buffers (e.g., neutral buffered saline or phosphate buffered saline), carbohydrates (e.g., glucose, mannose, sucrose or dextrans), mannitol, proteins, polypeptides or amino acids such as glycine, antioxidants, chelating agents such as EDTA or glutathione, adjuvants (e.g., aluminum hydroxide) and/or preservatives. Alternatively, compositions of the present invention may be

formulated as a lyophilizate. Compounds may also be encapsulated within liposomes using well known technology.

Any of a variety of non-specific immune response enhancers may be employed in the vaccines of this invention. For example, an adjuvant may be included. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* derived proteins. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI); Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ); aluminum salts such as aluminum hydroxide gel (alum) or aluminum phosphate; salts of calcium, iron or zinc; an insoluble suspension of acylated tyrosine; acylated sugars; cationically or anionically derivatized polysaccharides; polyphosphazenes; biodegradable microspheres; monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A. Cytokines, such as GM-CSF or interleukin-2, -7, or -12, may also be used as adjuvants.

Within the vaccines provided herein, the adjuvant composition is preferably designed to induce an immune response predominantly of the Th1 type. High levels of Th1-type cytokines (e.g., IFN- γ , IL-2 and IL-12) tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to an administered antigen. In contrast, high levels of Th2-type cytokines (e.g., IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10 and TNF- β) tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses. Following application of a vaccine as provided herein, a patient will support an immune response that includes Th1- and Th2-type responses. Within a preferred embodiment, in which a response is predominantly Th1-type, the level of Th1-type cytokines will increase to a greater extent than the level of Th2-type cytokines. The levels of these cytokines may be readily assessed using standard assays. For a review of the families of cytokines, see Mosmann and Coffman, *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 7:145-173, 1989.

Preferred adjuvants for use in eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a combination of monophosphoryl lipid A, preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A (3D-MPL), together with an aluminum salt.

MPL adjuvants are available from Ribi ImmunoChem Research Inc. (Hamilton, MT; see US Patent Nos. 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555. Another preferred adjuvant is a saponin, preferably QS21, which may be used alone or in combination with other adjuvants. For example, an enhanced system involves the combination of a monophosphoryl lipid A and saponin derivative, such as the combination of QS21 and 3D-MPL as described in WO 94/00153, or a less reactogenic composition where the QS21 is quenched with cholesterol, as described in WO 96/33739. Other preferred formulations comprises an oil-in-water emulsion and tocopherol. A particularly potent adjuvant formulation involving QS21, 3D-MPL and tocopherol in an oil-in-water emulsion is described in WO 95/17210. Any vaccine provided herein may be prepared using well known methods that result in a combination of antigen, immune response enhancer and a suitable carrier or excipient.

The compositions described herein may be administered as part of a sustained release formulation (*i.e.*, a formulation such as a capsule or sponge that effects a slow release of compound following administration). Such formulations may generally be prepared using well known technology and administered by, for example, oral, rectal or subcutaneous implantation, or by implantation at the desired target site. Sustained-release formulations may contain a polypeptide, polynucleotide or antibody dispersed in a carrier matrix and/or contained within a reservoir surrounded by a rate controlling membrane. Carriers for use within such formulations are biocompatible, and may also be biodegradable; preferably the formulation provides a relatively constant level of active component release. The amount of active compound contained within a sustained release formulation depends upon the site of implantation, the rate and expected duration of release and the nature of the condition to be treated or prevented.

Any of a variety of delivery vehicles may be employed within pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines to facilitate production of an antigen-specific

immune response that targets tumor cells. Delivery vehicles include antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, B cells, monocytes and other cells that may be engineered to be efficient APCs. Such cells may, but need not, be genetically modified to increase the capacity for presenting the antigen, to improve activation and/or maintenance of the T cell response, to have anti-tumor effects *per se* and/or to be immunologically compatible with the receiver (*i.e.*, matched HLA haplotype). APCs may generally be isolated from any of a variety of biological fluids and organs, including tumor and peritumoral tissues, and may be autologous, allogeneic, syngeneic or xenogeneic cells.

Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau and Steinman, *Nature* 392:245-251, 1998) and have been shown to be effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (*see* Timmerman and Levy, *Ann. Rev. Med.* 50:507-529, 1999). In general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate *in situ*, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible *in vitro*) and based on the lack of differentiation markers of B cells (CD19 and CD20), T cells (CD3), monocytes (CD14) and natural killer cells (CD56), as determined using standard assays. Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells *in vivo* or *ex vivo*, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (*see* Zitvogel et al., *Nature Med.* 4:594-600, 1998).

Dendritic cells and progenitors may be obtained from peripheral blood, bone marrow, tumor-infiltrating cells, peritumoral tissues-infiltrating cells, lymph nodes, spleen, skin, umbilical cord blood or any other suitable tissue or fluid. For example, dendritic cells may be differentiated *ex vivo* by adding a combination of cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-4, IL-13 and/or TNF α to cultures of monocytes harvested from peripheral blood. Alternatively, CD34 positive cells harvested from peripheral blood, umbilical cord blood or bone marrow may be differentiated into

dendritic cells by adding to the culture medium combinations of GM-CSF, IL-3, TNF α , CD40 ligand, LPS, flt3 ligand and/or other compound(s) that induce maturation and proliferation of dendritic cells.

Dendritic cells are conveniently categorized as "immature" and "mature" cells, which allows a simple way to discriminate between two well characterized phenotypes. However, this nomenclature should not be construed to exclude all possible intermediate stages of differentiation. Immature dendritic cells are characterized as APC with a high capacity for antigen uptake and processing, which correlates with the high expression of Fc γ receptor, mannose receptor and DEC-205 marker. The mature phenotype is typically characterized by a lower expression of these markers, but a high expression of cell surface molecules responsible for T cell activation such as class I and class II MHC, adhesion molecules (*e.g.*, CD54 and CD11) and costimulatory molecules (*e.g.*, CD40, CD80 and CD86).

APCs may generally be transfected with a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein (or portion or other variant thereof) such that the prostate tumor polypeptide, or an immunogenic portion thereof, is expressed on the cell surface. Such transfection may take place *ex vivo*, and a composition or vaccine comprising such transfected cells may then be used for therapeutic purposes, as described herein. Alternatively, a gene delivery vehicle that targets a dendritic or other antigen presenting cell may be administered to a patient, resulting in transfection that occurs *in vivo*. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* transfection of dendritic cells, for example, may generally be performed using any methods known in the art, such as those described in WO 97/24447, or the gene gun approach described by Mahvi et al., *Immunology and cell Biology* 75:456-460, 1997. Antigen loading of dendritic cells may be achieved by incubating dendritic cells or progenitor cells with the prostate tumor polypeptide, DNA (naked or within a plasmid vector) or RNA; or with antigen-expressing recombinant bacterium or viruses (*e.g.*, vaccinia, fowlpox, adenovirus or lentivirus vectors). Prior to loading, the polypeptide may be covalently conjugated to an immunological partner that provides T cell help (*e.g.*, a carrier molecule). Alternatively, a dendritic cell may be

pulsed with a non-conjugated immunological partner, separately or in the presence of the polypeptide.

CANCER THERAPY

In further aspects of the present invention, the compositions described herein may be used for immunotherapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. Within such methods, pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines are typically administered to a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may or may not be afflicted with cancer. Accordingly, the above pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be used to prevent the development of a cancer or to treat a patient afflicted with a cancer. A cancer may be diagnosed using criteria generally accepted in the art, including the presence of a malignant tumor. Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered either prior to or following surgical removal of primary tumors and/or treatment such as administration of radiotherapy or conventional chemotherapeutic drugs.

Within certain embodiments, immunotherapy may be active immunotherapy, in which treatment relies on the *in vivo* stimulation of the endogenous host immune system to react against tumors with the administration of immune response-modifying agents (such as polypeptides and polynucleotides disclosed herein).

Within other embodiments, immunotherapy may be passive immunotherapy, in which treatment involves the delivery of agents with established tumor-immune reactivity (such as effector cells or antibodies) that can directly or indirectly mediate antitumor effects and does not necessarily depend on an intact host immune system. Examples of effector cells include T cells as discussed above, T lymphocytes (such as CD8⁺ cytotoxic T lymphocytes and CD4⁺ T-helper tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes), killer cells (such as Natural Killer cells and lymphokine-activated killer cells), B cells and antigen-presenting cells (such as dendritic cells and macrophages) expressing a polypeptide provided herein. T cell receptors and antibody receptors specific for the polypeptides recited herein may be cloned, expressed and transferred into other vectors or effector cells for adoptive immunotherapy. The

polypeptides provided herein may also be used to generate antibodies or anti-idiotypic antibodies (as described above and in U.S. Patent No. 4,918,164) for passive immunotherapy.

Effector cells may generally be obtained in sufficient quantities for adoptive immunotherapy by growth *in vitro*, as described herein. Culture conditions for expanding single antigen-specific effector cells to several billion in number with retention of antigen recognition *in vivo* are well known in the art. Such *in vitro* culture conditions typically use intermittent stimulation with antigen, often in the presence of cytokines (such as IL-2) and non-dividing feeder cells. As noted above, immunoreactive polypeptides as provided herein may be used to rapidly expand antigen-specific T cell cultures in order to generate a sufficient number of cells for immunotherapy. In particular, antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic, macrophage, monocyte, fibroblast or B cells, may be pulsed with immunoreactive polypeptides or transfected with one or more polynucleotides using standard techniques well known in the art. For example, antigen-presenting cells can be transfected with a polynucleotide having a promoter appropriate for increasing expression in a recombinant virus or other expression system. Cultured effector cells for use in therapy must be able to grow and distribute widely, and to survive long term *in vivo*. Studies have shown that cultured effector cells can be induced to grow *in vivo* and to survive long term in substantial numbers by repeated stimulation with antigen supplemented with IL-2 (*see, for example, Cheever et al., Immunological Reviews 157:177, 1997*).

Alternatively, a vector expressing a polypeptide recited herein may be introduced into antigen presenting cells taken from a patient and clonally propagated *ex vivo* for transplant back into the same patient. Transfected cells may be reintroduced into the patient using any means known in the art, preferably in sterile form by intravenous, intracavitary, intraperitoneal or intratumor administration.

Routes and frequency of administration of the therapeutic compositions disclosed herein, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual, and may be readily established using standard techniques. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (*e.g., intracutaneous,*

intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (*e.g.*, by aspiration) or orally. Preferably, between 1 and 10 doses may be administered over a 52 week period. Preferably, 6 doses are administered, at intervals of 1 month, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of a compound that, when administered as described above, is capable of promoting an anti-tumor immune response, and is at least 10-50% above the basal (*i.e.*, untreated) level. Such response can be monitored by measuring the anti-tumor antibodies in a patient or by vaccine-dependent generation of cytolytic effector cells capable of killing the patient's tumor cells *in vitro*. Such vaccines should also be capable of causing an immune response that leads to an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial or longer disease-free survival) in vaccinated patients as compared to non-vaccinated patients. In general, for pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines comprising one or more polypeptides, the amount of each polypeptide present in a dose ranges from about 100 μ g to 5 mg per kg of host. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

In general, an appropriate dosage and treatment regimen provides the active compound(s) in an amount sufficient to provide therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefit. Such a response can be monitored by establishing an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial, or longer disease-free survival) in treated patients as compared to non-treated patients. Increases in preexisting immune responses to a prostate tumor protein generally correlate with an improved clinical outcome. Such immune responses may generally be evaluated using standard proliferation, cytotoxicity or cytokine assays, which may be performed using samples obtained from a patient before and after treatment.

METHODS FOR DETECTING CANCER

In general, a cancer may be detected in a patient based on the presence of one or more prostate tumor proteins and/or polynucleotides encoding such proteins in a biological sample (for example, blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) obtained from

the patient. In other words, such proteins may be used as markers to indicate the presence or absence of a cancer such as prostate cancer. In addition, such proteins may be useful for the detection of other cancers. The binding agents provided herein generally permit detection of the level of antigen that binds to the agent in the biological sample. Polynucleotide primers and probes may be used to detect the level of mRNA encoding a tumor protein, which is also indicative of the presence or absence of a cancer. In general, a prostate tumor sequence should be present at a level that is at least three fold higher in tumor tissue than in normal tissue

There are a variety of assay formats known to those of ordinary skill in the art for using a binding agent to detect polypeptide markers in a sample. *See, e.g.,* Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient may be determined by (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent; (b) detecting in the sample a level of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the level of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value.

In a preferred embodiment, the assay involves the use of binding agent immobilized on a solid support to bind to and remove the polypeptide from the remainder of the sample. The bound polypeptide may then be detected using a detection reagent that contains a reporter group and specifically binds to the binding agent/polypeptide complex. Such detection reagents may comprise, for example, a binding agent that specifically binds to the polypeptide or an antibody or other agent that specifically binds to the binding agent, such as an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or a lectin. Alternatively, a competitive assay may be utilized, in which a polypeptide is labeled with a reporter group and allowed to bind to the immobilized binding agent after incubation of the binding agent with the sample. The extent to which components of the sample inhibit the binding of the labeled polypeptide to the binding agent is indicative of the reactivity of the sample with the immobilized binding agent. Suitable polypeptides for use within such assays include full length prostate tumor proteins and portions thereof to which the binding agent binds, as described above.

The solid support may be any material known to those of ordinary skill in the art to which the tumor protein may be attached. For example, the solid support may be a test well in a microtiter plate or a nitrocellulose or other suitable membrane. Alternatively, the support may be a bead or disc, such as glass, fiberglass, latex or a plastic material such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride. The support may also be a magnetic particle or a fiber optic sensor, such as those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,359,681. The binding agent may be immobilized on the solid support using a variety of techniques known to those of skill in the art, which are amply described in the patent and scientific literature. In the context of the present invention, the term "immobilization" refers to both noncovalent association, such as adsorption, and covalent attachment (which may be a direct linkage between the agent and functional groups on the support or may be a linkage by way of a cross-linking agent). Immobilization by adsorption to a well in a microtiter plate or to a membrane is preferred. In such cases, adsorption may be achieved by contacting the binding agent, in a suitable buffer, with the solid support for a suitable amount of time. The contact time varies with temperature, but is typically between about 1 hour and about 1 day. In general, contacting a well of a plastic microtiter plate (such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride) with an amount of binding agent ranging from about 10 ng to about 10 μ g, and preferably about 100 ng to about 1 μ g, is sufficient to immobilize an adequate amount of binding agent.

Covalent attachment of binding agent to a solid support may generally be achieved by first reacting the support with a bifunctional reagent that will react with both the support and a functional group, such as a hydroxyl or amino group, on the binding agent. For example, the binding agent may be covalently attached to supports having an appropriate polymer coating using benzoquinone or by condensation of an aldehyde group on the support with an amine and an active hydrogen on the binding partner (*see, e.g.,* Pierce Immunotechnology Catalog and Handbook, 1991, at A12-A13).

In certain embodiments, the assay is a two-antibody sandwich assay. This assay may be performed by first contacting an antibody that has been immobilized

on a solid support, commonly the well of a microtiter plate, with the sample, such that polypeptides within the sample are allowed to bind to the immobilized antibody. Unbound sample is then removed from the immobilized polypeptide-antibody complexes and a detection reagent (preferably a second antibody capable of binding to a different site on the polypeptide) containing a reporter group is added. The amount of detection reagent that remains bound to the solid support is then determined using a method appropriate for the specific reporter group.

More specifically, once the antibody is immobilized on the support as described above, the remaining protein binding sites on the support are typically blocked. Any suitable blocking agent known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as bovine serum albumin or Tween 20™ (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO). The immobilized antibody is then incubated with the sample, and polypeptide is allowed to bind to the antibody. The sample may be diluted with a suitable diluent, such as phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) prior to incubation. In general, an appropriate contact time (*i.e.*, incubation time) is a period of time that is sufficient to detect the presence of polypeptide within a sample obtained from an individual with prostate cancer. Preferably, the contact time is sufficient to achieve a level of binding that is at least about 95% of that achieved at equilibrium between bound and unbound polypeptide. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that the time necessary to achieve equilibrium may be readily determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. At room temperature, an incubation time of about 30 minutes is generally sufficient.

Unbound sample may then be removed by washing the solid support with an appropriate buffer, such as PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20™. The second antibody, which contains a reporter group, may then be added to the solid support. Preferred reporter groups include those groups recited above.

The detection reagent is then incubated with the immobilized antibody-polypeptide complex for an amount of time sufficient to detect the bound polypeptide. An appropriate amount of time may generally be determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. Unbound detection reagent is then removed

and bound detection reagent is detected using the reporter group. The method employed for detecting the reporter group depends upon the nature of the reporter group. For radioactive groups, scintillation counting or autoradiographic methods are generally appropriate. Spectroscopic methods may be used to detect dyes, luminescent groups and fluorescent groups. Biotin may be detected using avidin, coupled to a different reporter group (commonly a radioactive or fluorescent group or an enzyme). Enzyme reporter groups may generally be detected by the addition of substrate (generally for a specific period of time), followed by spectroscopic or other analysis of the reaction products.

To determine the presence or absence of a cancer, such as prostate cancer, the signal detected from the reporter group that remains bound to the solid support is generally compared to a signal that corresponds to a predetermined cut-off value. In one preferred embodiment, the cut-off value for the detection of a cancer is the average mean signal obtained when the immobilized antibody is incubated with samples from patients without the cancer. In general, a sample generating a signal that is three standard deviations above the predetermined cut-off value is considered positive for the cancer. In an alternate preferred embodiment, the cut-off value is determined using a Receiver Operator Curve, according to the method of Sackett et al., *Clinical Epidemiology: A Basic Science for Clinical Medicine*, Little Brown and Co., 1985, p. 106-7. Briefly, in this embodiment, the cut-off value may be determined from a plot of pairs of true positive rates (*i.e.*, sensitivity) and false positive rates (100%-specificity) that correspond to each possible cut-off value for the diagnostic test result. The cut-off value on the plot that is the closest to the upper left-hand corner (*i.e.*, the value that encloses the largest area) is the most accurate cut-off value, and a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method may be considered positive. Alternatively, the cut-off value may be shifted to the left along the plot, to minimize the false positive rate, or to the right, to minimize the false negative rate. In general, a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method is considered positive for a cancer.

In a related embodiment, the assay is performed in a flow-through or strip test format, wherein the binding agent is immobilized on a membrane, such as nitrocellulose. In the flow-through test, polypeptides within the sample bind to the immobilized binding agent as the sample passes through the membrane. A second, labeled binding agent then binds to the binding agent-polypeptide complex as a solution containing the second binding agent flows through the membrane. The detection of bound second binding agent may then be performed as described above. In the strip test format, one end of the membrane to which binding agent is bound is immersed in a solution containing the sample. The sample migrates along the membrane through a region containing second binding agent and to the area of immobilized binding agent. Concentration of second binding agent at the area of immobilized antibody indicates the presence of a cancer. Typically, the concentration of second binding agent at that site generates a pattern, such as a line, that can be read visually. The absence of such a pattern indicates a negative result. In general, the amount of binding agent immobilized on the membrane is selected to generate a visually discernible pattern when the biological sample contains a level of polypeptide that would be sufficient to generate a positive signal in the two-antibody sandwich assay, in the format discussed above. Preferred binding agents for use in such assays are antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof. Preferably, the amount of antibody immobilized on the membrane ranges from about 25 ng to about 1 μ g, and more preferably from about 50 ng to about 500 ng. Such tests can typically be performed with a very small amount of biological sample.

Of course, numerous other assay protocols exist that are suitable for use with the tumor proteins or binding agents of the present invention. The above descriptions are intended to be exemplary only. For example, it will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the above protocols may be readily modified to use prostate tumor polypeptides to detect antibodies that bind to such polypeptides in a biological sample. The detection of such prostate tumor protein specific antibodies may correlate with the presence of a cancer.

A cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the presence of T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Within certain methods, a biological sample comprising CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient is incubated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide and/or an APC that expresses at least an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, and the presence or absence of specific activation of the T cells is detected. Suitable biological samples include, but are not limited to, isolated T cells. For example, T cells may be isolated from a patient by routine techniques (such as by Ficoll/Hypaque density gradient centrifugation of peripheral blood lymphocytes). T cells may be incubated *in vitro* for 2-9 days (typically 4 days) at 37°C with prostate tumor polypeptide (*e.g.*, 5 - 25 µg/ml). It may be desirable to incubate another aliquot of a T cell sample in the absence of prostate tumor polypeptide to serve as a control. For CD4⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating proliferation of the T cells. For CD8⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating cytolytic activity. A level of proliferation that is at least two fold greater and/or a level of cytolytic activity that is at least 20% greater than in disease-free patients indicates the presence of a cancer in the patient.

As noted above, a cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. For example, at least two oligonucleotide primers may be employed in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) based assay to amplify a portion of a prostate tumor cDNA derived from a biological sample, wherein at least one of the oligonucleotide primers is specific for (*i.e.*, hybridizes to) a polynucleotide encoding the prostate tumor protein. The amplified cDNA is then separated and detected using techniques well known in the art, such as gel electrophoresis. Similarly, oligonucleotide probes that specifically hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein may be used in a hybridization assay to detect the presence of polynucleotide encoding the tumor protein in a biological sample.

To permit hybridization under assay conditions, oligonucleotide primers and probes should comprise an oligonucleotide sequence that has at least about 60%,

preferably at least about 75% and more preferably at least about 90%, identity to a portion of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein that is at least 10 nucleotides, and preferably at least 20 nucleotides, in length. Preferably, oligonucleotide primers and/or probes will hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide disclosed herein under moderately stringent conditions, as defined above. Oligonucleotide primers and/or probes which may be usefully employed in the diagnostic methods described herein preferably are at least 10-40 nucleotides in length. In a preferred embodiment, the oligonucleotide primers comprise at least 10 contiguous nucleotides, more preferably at least 15 contiguous nucleotides, of a DNA molecule having a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375 and 381. Techniques for both PCR based assays and hybridization assays are well known in the art (*see*, for example, Mullis et al., *Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol.*, 51:263, 1987; Erlich ed., *PCR Technology*, Stockton Press, NY, 1989).

One preferred assay employs RT-PCR, in which PCR is applied in conjunction with reverse transcription. Typically, RNA is extracted from a biological sample, such as biopsy tissue, and is reverse transcribed to produce cDNA molecules. PCR amplification using at least one specific primer generates a cDNA molecule, which may be separated and visualized using, for example, gel electrophoresis. Amplification may be performed on biological samples taken from a test patient and from an individual who is not afflicted with a cancer. The amplification reaction may be performed on several dilutions of cDNA spanning two orders of magnitude. A two-fold or greater increase in expression in several dilutions of the test patient sample as compared to the same dilutions of the non-cancerous sample is typically considered positive.

In another embodiment, the disclosed compositions may be used as markers for the progression of cancer. In this embodiment, assays as described above for the diagnosis of a cancer may be performed over time, and the change in the level of reactive polypeptide(s) or polynucleotide evaluated. For example, the assays may be performed every 24-72 hours for a period of 6 months to 1 year, and thereafter

performed as needed. In general, a cancer is progressing in those patients in whom the level of polypeptide or polynucleotide detected increases over time. In contrast, the cancer is not progressing when the level of reactive polypeptide or polynucleotide either remains constant or decreases with time.

Certain *in vivo* diagnostic assays may be performed directly on a tumor. One such assay involves contacting tumor cells with a binding agent. The bound binding agent may then be detected directly or indirectly via a reporter group. Such binding agents may also be used in histological applications. Alternatively, polynucleotide probes may be used within such applications.

As noted above, to improve sensitivity, multiple prostate tumor protein markers may be assayed within a given sample. It will be apparent that binding agents specific for different proteins provided herein may be combined within a single assay. Further, multiple primers or probes may be used concurrently. The selection of tumor protein markers may be based on routine experiments to determine combinations that results in optimal sensitivity. In addition, or alternatively, assays for tumor proteins provided herein may be combined with assays for other known tumor antigens.

DIAGNOSTIC KITS

The present invention further provides kits for use within any of the above diagnostic methods. Such kits typically comprise two or more components necessary for performing a diagnostic assay. Components may be compounds, reagents, containers and/or equipment. For example, one container within a kit may contain a monoclonal antibody or fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein. Such antibodies or fragments may be provided attached to a support material, as described above. One or more additional containers may enclose elements, such as reagents or buffers, to be used in the assay. Such kits may also, or alternatively, contain a detection reagent as described above that contains a reporter group suitable for direct or indirect detection of antibody binding.

Alternatively, a kit may be designed to detect the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Such kits generally comprise

at least one oligonucleotide probe or primer, as described above, that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein. Such an oligonucleotide may be used, for example, within a PCR or hybridization assay. Additional components that may be present within such kits include a second oligonucleotide and/or a diagnostic reagent or container to facilitate the detection of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library was constructed from prostate tumor poly A⁺ RNA using a Superscript Plasmid System for cDNA Synthesis and Plasmid Cloning kit (BRL Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD 20897) following the manufacturer's protocol. Specifically, prostate tumor tissues were homogenized with polytron (Kinematica, Switzerland) and total RNA was extracted using Trizol reagent (BRL Life Technologies) as directed by the manufacturer. The poly A⁺ RNA was then purified using a Qiagen oligotex spin column mRNA purification kit (Qiagen, Santa Clarita, CA 91355) according to the manufacturer's protocol. First-strand cDNA was synthesized using the NotI/Oligo-dT18 primer. Double-stranded cDNA was synthesized, ligated with EcoRI/BAXI adaptors (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA) and digested with NotI. Following size fractionation with Chroma Spin-1000 columns (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA), the cDNA was ligated into the EcoRI/NotI site of pCDNA3.1 (Invitrogen) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells (BRL Life Technologies) by electroporation.

Using the same procedure, a normal human pancreas cDNA expression library was prepared from a pool of six tissue specimens (Clontech). The cDNA libraries were characterized by determining the number of independent colonies, the percentage of clones that carried insert, the average insert size and by sequence analysis. The prostate tumor library contained 1.64×10^7 independent colonies, with 70% of clones having an insert and the average insert size being 1745 base pairs. The normal pancreas cDNA library contained 3.3×10^6 independent colonies, with 69% of clones

having inserts and the average insert size being 1120 base pairs. For both libraries, sequence analysis showed that the majority of clones had a full length cDNA sequence and were synthesized from mRNA, with minimal rRNA and mitochondrial DNA contamination.

cDNA library subtraction was performed using the above prostate tumor and normal pancreas cDNA libraries, as described by Hara *et al.* (*Blood*, 84:189-199, 1994) with some modifications. Specifically, a prostate tumor-specific subtracted cDNA library was generated as follows. Normal pancreas cDNA library (70 µg) was digested with EcoRI, NotI, and SfuI, followed by a filling-in reaction with DNA polymerase Klenow fragment. After phenol-chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation, the DNA was dissolved in 100 µl of H₂O, heat-denatured and mixed with 100 µl (100 µg) of Photoprobe biotin (Vector Laboratories, Burlingame, CA). As recommended by the manufacturer, the resulting mixture was irradiated with a 270 W sunlamp on ice for 20 minutes. Additional Photoprobe biotin (50 µl) was added and the biotinylation reaction was repeated. After extraction with butanol five times, the DNA was ethanol-precipitated and dissolved in 23 µl H₂O to form the driver DNA.

To form the tracer DNA, 10 µg prostate tumor cDNA library was digested with BamHI and XhoI, phenol chloroform extracted and passed through Chroma spin-400 columns (Clontech). Following ethanol precipitation, the tracer DNA was dissolved in 5 µl H₂O. Tracer DNA was mixed with 15 µl driver DNA and 20 µl of 2 x hybridization buffer (1.5 M NaCl/10 mM EDTA/50 mM HEPES pH 7.5/0.2% sodium dodecyl sulfate), overlaid with mineral oil, and heat-denatured completely. The sample was immediately transferred into a 68 °C water bath and incubated for 20 hours (long hybridization [LH]). The reaction mixture was then subjected to a streptavidin treatment followed by phenol/chloroform extraction. This process was repeated three more times. Subtracted DNA was precipitated, dissolved in 12 µl H₂O, mixed with 8 µl driver DNA and 20 µl of 2 x hybridization buffer, and subjected to a hybridization at 68 °C for 2 hours (short hybridization [SH]). After removal of biotinylated double-stranded DNA, subtracted cDNA was ligated into BamHI/XhoI site of chloramphenicol resistant pBCSK⁺ (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA 92037) and transformed into ElectroMax E.

coli DH10B cells by electroporation to generate a prostate tumor specific subtracted cDNA library (referred to as "prostate subtraction 1").

To analyze the subtracted cDNA library, plasmid DNA was prepared from 100 independent clones, randomly picked from the subtracted prostate tumor specific library and grouped based on insert size. Representative cDNA clones were further characterized by DNA sequencing with a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A (Foster City, CA). Six cDNA clones, hereinafter referred to as F1-13, F1-12, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4, were shown to be abundant in the subtracted prostate-specific cDNA library. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for F1-12 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 2 and 3, respectively, with determined 3' cDNA sequences for F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 1 and 4-7, respectively.

The cDNA sequences for the isolated clones were compared to known sequences in the gene bank using the EMBL and GenBank databases (release 96). Four of the prostate tumor cDNA clones, F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, and H1-4, were determined to encode the following previously identified proteins: prostate specific antigen (PSA), human glandular kallikrein, human tumor expression enhanced gene, and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. H1-9 was found to be identical to a previously identified human autonomously replicating sequence. No significant homologies to the cDNA sequence for F1-12 were found.

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of a full-length cDNA sequence for F1-12. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 107, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 108.

To clone less abundant prostate tumor specific genes, cDNA library subtraction was performed by subtracting the prostate tumor cDNA library described above with the normal pancreas cDNA library and with the three most abundant genes in the previously subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library: human glandular kallikrein, prostate specific antigen (PSA), and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. Specifically, 1 µg each of human glandular kallikrein, PSA and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II cDNAs in pCDNA3.1 were added to the

driver DNA and subtraction was performed as described above to provide a second subtracted cDNA library hereinafter referred to as the "subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike".

Twenty-two cDNA clones were isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-17, L1-12, N1-1862, J1-13, J1-19, J1-25, J1-24, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4 and L1-14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11, 12-13, 14-15, 16-17, 18-19, 20-21, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27 and 28-29, respectively. The determined 3' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-12, J1-16, J1-21, K1-48, K1-55, L1-2, L1-6, N1-1858, N1-1860, N1-1861, N1-1864 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 30-40, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to three of the five most abundant DNA species, (J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862; SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11 and 12-13, respectively). Of the remaining two most abundant species, one (J1-12; SEQ ID NO:30) was found to be identical to the previously identified human pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, and the other (K1-48; SEQ ID NO:33) was determined to have some homology to *R. norvegicus* mRNA for 2-arylpropionyl-CoA epimerase. Of the 17 less abundant cDNA clones isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, four (J1-16, K1-55, L1-6 and N1-1864; SEQ ID NOS:31, 34, 36 and 40, respectively) were found to be identical to previously identified sequences, two (J1-21 and N1-1860; SEQ ID NOS: 32 and 38, respectively) were found to show some homology to non-human sequences, and two (L1-2 and N1-1861; SEQ ID NOS: 35 and 39, respectively) were found to show some homology to known human sequences. No significant homologies were found to the polypeptides J1-13, J1-19, J1-24, J1-25, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4, L1-14 (SEQ ID NOS: 14-15, 16-17, 20-21, 18-19, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27, 28-29, respectively).

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of full length cDNA sequences for J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862 (SEQ ID NOS: 109-111, respectively). The corresponding predicted amino acid sequences are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 112-114. L1-12 is also referred to as P501S.

In a further experiment, four additional clones were identified by subtracting a prostate tumor cDNA library with normal prostate cDNA prepared from a pool of three normal prostate poly A+ RNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 2"). The determined cDNA sequences for these clones, hereinafter referred to as U1-3064, U1-3065, V1-3692 and 1A-3905, are provided in SEQ ID NO: 69-72, respectively. Comparison of the determined sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to U1-3065.

A second subtraction with spike (referred to as "prostate subtraction spike 2") was performed by subtracting a prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike with normal pancreas cDNA library and further spiked with PSA, J1-17, pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, mitochondrial DNA, cytochrome c oxidase subunit II, N1-1862, autonomously replicating sequence, L1-12 and tumor expression enhanced gene. Four additional clones, hereinafter referred to as V1-3686, R1-2330, 1B-3976 and V1-3679, were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO:73-76, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to V1-3686 and R1-2330.

Further analysis of the three prostate subtractions described above (prostate subtraction 2, subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, and prostate subtraction spike 2) resulted in the identification of sixteen additional clones, referred to as 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1G-4734, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4810, 1I-4811, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 77-92, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4741, 1G-4734, 1I-4807, 1J-4876 and 1K-4896 (SEQ ID NOS: 79, 81, 87, 90 and 92, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4807, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 179-188 and 191-193,

respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1I-4810 and 1I-4811, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 189 and 190, respectively.

Additional studies with prostate subtraction spike 2 resulted in the isolation of three more clones. Their sequences were determined as described above and compared to the most recent GenBank. All three clones were found to have homology to known genes, which are Cysteine-rich protein, KIAA0242, and KIAA0280 (SEQ ID NO: 317, 319, and 320, respectively). Further analysis of these clones by Synteni microarray (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA) demonstrated that all three clones were over-expressed in most prostate tumors and prostate BPH, as well as in the majority of normal prostate tissues tested, but low expression in all other normal tissues.

An additional subtraction was performed by subtracting a normal prostate cDNA library with normal pancreas cDNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 3"). This led to the identification of six additional clones referred to as 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766, 1H-4770, 1H-4771 and 1H-4772 (SEQ ID NOS: 93-98). Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4761 and 1H-4771 (SEQ ID NOS: 93 and 97, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766 and 1H-4772 provided in SEQ ID NOS: 194-196 and 199, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1H-4770 and 1H-4771, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 197 and 198, respectively.

Subtraction of a prostate tumor cDNA library, prepared from a pool of polyA⁺ RNA from three prostate cancer patients, with a normal pancreas cDNA library (prostate subtraction 4) led to the identification of eight clones, referred to as 1D-4297, 1D-4309, 1D-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280 (SEQ ID NOS: 99-107). These sequences were compared to those in the gene bank as described above. No significant homologies were found to 1D-4283 and 1D-4304 (SEQ ID NOS: 103 and 104, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1D-4309, 1D-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 200-206, respectively.

cDNA clones isolated in prostate subtraction 1 and prostate subtraction 2, described above, were colony PCR amplified and their mRNA expression levels in prostate tumor, normal prostate and in various other normal tissues were determined using microarray technology (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA). Briefly, the PCR amplification products were dotted onto slides in an array format, with each product occupying a unique location in the array. mRNA was extracted from the tissue sample to be tested, reverse transcribed, and fluorescent-labeled cDNA probes were generated. The microarrays were probed with the labeled cDNA probes, the slides scanned and fluorescence intensity was measured. This intensity correlates with the hybridization intensity. Two clones (referred to as P509S and P510S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate and expressed at low levels in all other normal tissues tested (liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon). The determined cDNA sequences for P509S and P510S are provided in SEQ ID NO: 223 and 224, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed some homology to previously identified ESTs.

Additional, studies led to the isolation of the full-length cDNA sequence for P509S. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 332, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 339.

EXAMPLE 2

DETERMINATION OF TISSUE SPECIFICITY OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Using gene specific primers, mRNA expression levels for the representative prostate tumor polypeptides F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (also referred to as P502S), L1-12 (also referred to as P501S), F1-12 (also referred to as P504S) and N1-1862 (also referred to as P503S) were examined in a variety of normal and tumor tissues using RT-PCR.

Briefly, total RNA was extracted from a variety of normal and tumor tissues using Trizol reagent as described above. First strand synthesis was carried out using 1-2 μ g of total RNA with SuperScript II reverse transcriptase (BRL Life Technologies) at 42 °C for one hour. The cDNA was then amplified by PCR with gene-specific primers. To ensure the semi-quantitative nature of the RT-PCR, β -actin was used as an internal control for each of the tissues examined. First, serial dilutions of the first strand cDNAs were prepared and RT-PCR assays were performed using β -actin specific primers. A dilution was then chosen that enabled the linear range amplification of the β -actin template and which was sensitive enough to reflect the differences in the initial copy numbers. Using these conditions, the β -actin levels were determined for each reverse transcription reaction from each tissue. DNA contamination was minimized by DNase treatment and by assuring a negative PCR result when using first strand cDNA that was prepared without adding reverse transcriptase.

mRNA Expression levels were examined in four different types of tumor tissue (prostate tumor from 2 patients, breast tumor from 3 patients, colon tumor, lung tumor), and sixteen different normal tissues, including prostate, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, testes, bone marrow and brain. F1-16 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor tissue, colon tumor and normal prostate, and at lower levels in normal liver, skin and testes, with expression being undetectable in the other tissues examined. H1-1 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor, lung tumor, breast tumor, normal prostate, normal colon and normal brain, at much lower levels in normal lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, small intestine, bone marrow, and was not detected in the other tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) and L1-12 (P501S) appear to be specifically over-expressed in prostate, with both genes being expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate but at low to undetectable levels in all the other tissues examined. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors and detectable in normal colon and kidney. The RT-PCR results thus indicate that F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (P502S), N1-1862 (P503S) and L1-12 (P501S) are either prostate specific or are expressed at significantly elevated levels in prostate.

Further RT-PCR studies showed that F1-12 (P504S) is over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney but not detectable in all other tissues tested. Similarly, R1-2330 was shown to be over-expressed in 40% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney and liver, but not detectable in all other tissues tested. U1-3064 was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, and also expressed in breast and colon tumors, but was not detectable in normal tissues.

RT-PCR characterization of R1-2330, U1-3064 and 1D-4279 showed that these three antigens are over-expressed in prostate and/or prostate tumors.

Northern analysis with four prostate tumors, two normal prostate samples, two BPH prostates, and normal colon, kidney, liver, lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, brain, stomach, testes, small intestine and bone marrow, showed that L1-12 (P501S) is over-expressed in prostate tumors and normal prostate, while being undetectable in other normal tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) was detected in two prostate tumors and not in the other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in three prostate tumors and to be expressed in normal prostate, colon and kidney, but not in other tissues tested. F1-12 (P504S) was found to be highly expressed in two prostate tumors and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

The microarray technology described above was used to determine the expression levels of representative antigens described herein in prostate tumor, breast tumor and the following normal tissues: prostate, liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon. L1-12 (P501S) was found to be over-expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, with some expression being detected in normal skeletal muscle. Both J1-12 and F1-12 (P504S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor, with expression being lower or undetectable in all other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and at low levels in normal large intestine and normal colon, with expression being undetectable in all other tissues tested. R1-2330 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and to be expressed at lower levels in all other tissues tested. 1D-4279 was found to be over-

expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, expressed at lower levels in normal spinal cord, and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

Further microarray analysis to specifically address the extent to which P501S (SEQ ID NO: 110) was expressed in breast tumor revealed moderate over-expression not only in breast tumor, but also in metastatic breast tumor (2/31), with negligible to low expression in normal tissues. This data suggests that P501S may be over-expressed in various breast tumors as well as in prostate tumors.

The expression levels of 32 ESTs (expressed sequence tags) described by Vasmatzis *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998) in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by microarray technology as described above. Two of these clones (referred to as P1000C and P1001C) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and expressed at low to undetectable levels in all other tissues tested (normal aorta, thymus, resting and activated PBMC, epithelial cells, spinal cord, adrenal gland, fetal tissues, skin, salivary gland, large intestine, bone marrow, liver, lung, dendritic cells, stomach, lymph nodes, brain, heart, small intestine, skeletal muscle, colon and kidney. The determined cDNA sequences for P1000C and P1001C are provided in SEQ ID NO: 384 and 472, respectively. The sequence of P1001C was found to show some homology to the previously isolated Human mRNA for JM27 protein. No significant homologies were found to the sequence of P1000C.

The expression of the polypeptide encoded by the full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S; SEQ ID NO: 108) was investigated by immunohistochemical analysis. Rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibodies were generated against the full length P504S protein by standard techniques. Subsequent isolation and characterization of the polyclonal antibodies were also performed by techniques well known in the art. Immunohistochemical analysis showed that the P504S polypeptide was expressed in 100% of prostate carcinoma samples tested (n=5).

The rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody did not appear to label benign prostate cells with the same cytoplasmic granular staining, but rather with light nuclear staining. Analysis of normal tissues revealed that the encoded polypeptide was found to be expressed in some, but not all normal human tissues. Positive

cytoplasmic staining with rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody was found in normal human kidney, liver, brain, colon and lung-associated macrophages, whereas heart and bone marrow were negative.

This data indicates that the P504S polypeptide is present in prostate cancer tissues, and that there are qualitative and quantitative differences in the staining between benign prostatic hyperplasia tissues and prostate cancer tissues, suggesting that this polypeptide may be detected selectively in prostate tumors and therefore be useful in the diagnosis of prostate cancer.

EXAMPLE 3

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA subtraction library, containing cDNA from normal prostate subtracted with ten other normal tissue cDNAs (brain, heart, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, placenta, skeletal muscle, spleen and thymus) and then submitted to a first round of PCR amplification, was purchased from Clontech. This library was subjected to a second round of PCR amplification, following the manufacturer's protocol. The resulting cDNA fragments were subcloned into the vector pT7 Blue T-vector (Novagen, Madison, WI) and transformed into XL-1 Blue MRF' *E. coli* (Stratagene). DNA was isolated from independent clones and sequenced using a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A.

Fifty-nine positive clones were sequenced. Comparison of the DNA sequences of these clones with those in the gene bank, as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 25 of these clones, hereinafter referred to as P5, P8, P9, P18, P20, P30, P34, P36, P38, P39, P42, P49, P50, P53, P55, P60, P64, P65, P73, P75, P76, P79 and P84. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 41-45, 47-52 and 54-65, respectively. P29, P47, P68, P80 and P82 (SEQ ID NO: 46, 53 and 66-68, respectively) were found to show some degree of homology to

previously identified DNA sequences. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, none of these sequences have been previously shown to be present in prostate.

Further studies using the PCR-based methodology described above resulted in the isolation of more than 180 additional clones, of which 23 clones were found to show no significant homologies to known sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 115-123, 127, 131, 137, 145, 147-151, 153, 156-158 and 160. Twenty-three clones (SEQ ID NO: 124-126, 128-130, 132-136, 138-144, 146, 152, 154, 155 and 159) were found to show some homology to previously identified ESTs. An additional ten clones (SEQ ID NO: 161-170) were found to have some degree of homology to known genes. Larger cDNA clones containing the P20 sequence represent splice variants of a gene referred to as P703P. The determined DNA sequence for the variants referred to as DE1, DE13 and DE14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 171, 175 and 177, respectively, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 172, 176 and 178, respectively. The determined cDNA sequence for an extended spliced form of P703 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 225. The DNA sequences for the splice variants referred to as DE2 and DE6 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 173 and 174, respectively.

mRNA Expression levels for representative clones in tumor tissues (prostate (n=5), breast (n=2), colon and lung) normal tissues (prostate (n=5), colon, kidney, liver, lung (n=2), ovary (n=2), skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, small intestine and brain), and activated and non-activated PBMC was determined by RT-PCR as described above. Expression was examined in one sample of each tissue type unless otherwise indicated.

P9 was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor compared to all normal tissues tested except for normal colon which showed comparable expression. P20, a portion of the P703P gene, was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to all twelve normal tissues tested. A modest increase in expression of P20 in breast tumor (n=2), colon tumor and lung tumor was seen compared to all normal tissues except lung (1 of 2). Increased expression of P18 was found in normal prostate, prostate tumor and breast tumor

compared to other normal tissues except lung and stomach. A modest increase in expression of P5 was observed in normal prostate compared to most other normal tissues. However, some elevated expression was seen in normal lung and PBMC. Elevated expression of P5 was also observed in prostate tumors (2 of 5), breast tumor and one lung tumor sample. For P30, similar expression levels were seen in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to six of twelve other normal tissues tested. Increased expression was seen in breast tumors, one lung tumor sample and one colon tumor sample, and also in normal PBMC. P29 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to the majority of normal tissues. However, substantial expression of P29 was observed in normal colon and normal lung (2 of 2). P80 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to all other normal tissues tested, with increased expression also being seen in colon tumor.

Further studies resulted in the isolation of twelve additional clones, hereinafter referred to as 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3. The determined DNA sequences for 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 207, 208, 209, 216, 217, 220, 221 and 222, respectively. The determined forward and reverse DNA sequences for 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6 and 8-g3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 210 and 211; 212 and 213; 214 and 215; and 218 and 219, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to the sequence of 9-f3. The clones 10-d8, 11-c8 and 8-h11 were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs, while 10-h10, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3 and 9-f12 were found to show some homology to previously identified genes. Further characterization of 7-G6 and 8-G3 showed identity to the known genes PAP and PSA, respectively.

mRNA expression levels for these clones were determined using the micro-array technology described above. The clones 7-G6, 8-G3, 8-B5, 8-B6, 8-D4, 8-D9, 9-F3, 9-F12, 9-H3, 10-A2, 10-A4, 11-C9 and 11-F2 were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, with expression in other tissues tested being low or undetectable. Increased expression of 8-F11 was seen in prostate tumor

and normal prostate, bladder, skeletal muscle and colon. Increased expression of 10-H10 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, lung, colon, brain and large intestine. Increased expression of 9-B1 was seen in prostate tumor, breast tumor, and normal prostate, salivary gland, large intestine and skin, with increased expression of 11-C8 being seen in prostate tumor, and normal prostate and large intestine.

An additional cDNA fragment derived from the PCR-based normal prostate subtraction, described above, was found to be prostate specific by both microarray technology and RT-PCR. The determined cDNA sequence of this clone (referred to as 9-A11) is provided in SEQ ID NO: 226. Comparison of this sequence with those in the public databases revealed 99% identity to the known gene HOXB13.

Further studies led to the isolation of the clones 8-C6 and 8-H7. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 227 and 228, respectively. These sequences were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs.

PCR and hybridization-based methodologies were employed to obtain longer cDNA sequences for clone P20 (also referred to as P703P), yielding three additional cDNA fragments that progressively extend the 5' end of the gene. These fragments, referred to as P703PDE5, P703P6.26, and P703PX-23 (SEQ ID NO: 326, 328 and 330, with the predicted corresponding amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 327, 329 and 331, respectively) contain additional 5' sequence. P703PDE5 was recovered by screening of a cDNA library (#141-26) with a portion of P703P as a probe. P703P6.26 was recovered from a mixture of three prostate tumor cDNAs and P703PX_23 was recovered from cDNA library (#438-48). Together, the additional sequences include all of the putative mature serine protease along with part of the putative signal sequence. Further studies using a PCR-based subtraction library of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a pool of normal tissues (referred to as JP: PCR subtraction) resulted in the isolation of thirteen additional clones, seven of which did not share any significant homology to known GenBank sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these seven clones (P711P, P712P, novel 23, P774P, P775P, P710P and P768P) are provided in SEQ ID NO: 307-311, 313 and 315, respectively.

The remaining six clones (SEQ ID NO: 316 and 321-325) were shown to share some homology to known genes. By microarray analysis, all thirteen clones showed three or more fold over-expression in prostate tissues, including prostate tumors, BPH and normal prostate as compared to normal non-prostate tissues. Clones P711P, P712P, novel 23 and P768P showed over-expression in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues tested (n=29), and in the majority of normal prostate tissues (n=4), but background to low expression levels in all normal tissues. Clones P774P, P775P and P710P showed comparatively lower expression and expression in fewer prostate tumors and BPH samples, with negative to low expression in normal prostate.

The full-length cDNA for P711P was obtained by employing the partial sequence of SEQ ID NO: 307 to screen a prostate cDNA library. Specifically, a directionally cloned prostate cDNA library was prepared using standard techniques. One million colonies of this library were plated onto LB/Amp plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs which were picked up by these filters were denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P711P cDNA fragment of SEQ ID NO: 307 was radio-labeled and used to hybridize with these filters. Positive clones were selected, and cDNAs were prepared and sequenced using an automatic Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems sequencer. The determined full-length sequence of P711P is provided in SEQ ID NO: 382, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 383.

Using PCR and hybridization-based methodologies, additional cDNA sequence information was derived for two clones described above, 11-C9 and 9-F3, herein after referred to as P707P and P714P, respectively (SEQ ID NO: 333 and 334). After comparison with the most recent GenBank, P707P was found to be a splice variant of the known gene HoxB13. In contrast, no significant homologies to P714P were found.

Clones 8-B3, P89, P98, P130 and P201 (as disclosed in U.S. Patent Application No. 09/020,956, filed February 9, 1998) were found to be contained within one contiguous sequence, referred to as P705P (SEQ ID NO: 335, with the predicted

amino acid sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 336), which was determined to be a splice variant of the known gene NKX 3.1.

EXAMPLE 4

SYNTHESIS OF POLYPEPTIDES

Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems 430A peptide synthesizer using Fmoc chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation, binding to an immobilized surface, or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the peptides. Following lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be characterized using electrospray or other types of mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

EXAMPLE 5

FURTHER ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA library generated from prostate primary tumor mRNA as described above was subtracted with cDNA from normal prostate. The subtraction was performed using a PCR-based protocol (Clontech), which was modified to generate larger fragments. Within this protocol, tester and driver double stranded cDNA were

separately digested with five restriction enzymes that recognize six-nucleotide restriction sites (MluI, MscI, PvuII, SalI and StuI). This digestion resulted in an average cDNA size of 600 bp, rather than the average size of 300 bp that results from digestion with RsaI according to the Clontech protocol. This modification did not affect the subtraction efficiency. Two tester populations were then created with different adapters, and the driver library remained without adapters.

The tester and driver libraries were then hybridized using excess driver cDNA. In the first hybridization step, driver was separately hybridized with each of the two tester cDNA populations. This resulted in populations of (a) unhybridized tester cDNAs, (b) tester cDNAs hybridized to other tester cDNAs, (c) tester cDNAs hybridized to driver cDNAs and (d) unhybridized driver cDNAs. The two separate hybridization reactions were then combined, and rehybridized in the presence of additional denatured driver cDNA. Following this second hybridization, in addition to populations (a) through (d), a fifth population (e) was generated in which tester cDNA with one adapter hybridized to tester cDNA with the second adapter. Accordingly, the second hybridization step resulted in enrichment of differentially expressed sequences which could be used as templates for PCR amplification with adaptor-specific primers.

The ends were then filled in, and PCR amplification was performed using adaptor-specific primers. Only population (e), which contained tester cDNA that did not hybridize to driver cDNA, was amplified exponentially. A second PCR amplification step was then performed, to reduce background and further enrich differentially expressed sequences.

This PCR-based subtraction technique normalizes differentially expressed cDNAs so that rare transcripts that are overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue may be recoverable. Such transcripts would be difficult to recover by traditional subtraction methods.

In addition to genes known to be overexpressed in prostate tumor, seventy-seven further clones were identified. Sequences of these partial cDNAs are provided in SEQ ID NO: 29 to 305. Most of these clones had no significant homology to database sequences. Exceptions were JPTPN23 (SEQ ID NO: 231; similarity to pig

valosin-containing protein), JPTPN30 (SEQ ID NO: 234; similarity to rat mRNA for proteasome subunit), JPTPN45 (SEQ ID NO: 243; similarity to rat *norvegicus* cytosolic NADP-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase), JPTPN46 (SEQ ID NO: 244; similarity to human subclone H8 4 d4 DNA sequence), JP1D6 (SEQ ID NO: 265; similarity to *G. gallus* dynein light chain-A), JP8D6 (SEQ ID NO: 288; similarity to human BAC clone RG016J04), JP8F5 (SEQ ID NO: 289; similarity to human subclone H8 3 b5 DNA sequence), and JP8E9 (SEQ ID NO: 299; similarity to human Alu sequence).

Additional studies using the PCR-based subtraction library consisting of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a normal prostate pool (referred to as PT-PN PCR subtraction) yielded three additional clones. Comparison of the cDNA sequences of these clones with the most recent release of GenBank revealed no significant homologies to the two clones referred to as P715P and P767P (SEQ ID NO: 312 and 314). The remaining clone was found to show some homology to the known gene KIAA0056 (SEQ ID NO: 318). Using microarray analysis to measure mRNA expression levels in various tissues, all three clones were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumors and BPH tissues. Specifically, clone P715P was over-expressed in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues by a factor of three or greater, with elevated expression seen in the majority of normal prostate samples and in fetal tissue, but negative to low expression in all other normal tissues. Clone P767P was over-expressed in several prostate tumors and BPH tissues, with moderate expression levels in half of the normal prostate samples, and background to low expression in all other normal tissues tested.

Further analysis, by microarray as described above, of the PT-PN PCR subtraction library and of a DNA subtraction library containing cDNA from prostate tumor subtracted with a pool of normal tissue cDNAs, led to the isolation of 27 additional clones (SEQ ID NO: 340-365 and 381) which were determined to be over-expressed in prostate tumor. The clones of SEQ ID NO: 341, 342, 345, 347, 348, 349, 351, 355-359, 361, 362 and 364 were also found to be expressed in normal prostate. Expression of all 26 clones in a variety of normal tissues was found to be low or undetectable, with the exception of P544S (SEQ ID NO: 356) which was found to be

expressed in small intestine. Of the 26 clones, 10 (SEQ ID NO: 340-349) were found to show some homology to previously identified sequences. No significant homologies were found to the clones of SEQ ID NO: 350-365.

EXAMPLE 6

PEPTIDE PRIMING OF MICE AND PROPAGATION OF CTL LINES

6.1. This Example illustrates the preparation of a CTL cell line specific for cells expressing the P502S gene.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with P2S#12 peptide (VLGWVAEL; SEQ ID NO: 306), which is derived from the P502S gene (also referred to herein as J1-17, SEQ ID NO: 8), as described by Theobald et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995 with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 100 μ g of P2S#12 and 120 μ g of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and using a nylon mesh single cell suspensions prepared. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (RPMI-1640; Gibco BRL, Gaithersburg, MD) containing 10% FCS, 2mM Glutamine (Gibco BRL), sodium pyruvate (Gibco BRL), non-essential amino acids (Gibco BRL), 2×10^{-5} M 2-mercaptoethanol, 50U/ml penicillin and streptomycin, and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P2S#12-pulsed (5mg/ml P2S#12 and 10mg/ml β 2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7 μ g/ml dextran sulfate and 25 μ g/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later, cells (5×10^5 /ml) were restimulated with 2.5×10^6 /ml peptide pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells (Sherman et al, *Science* 258:815-818, 1992) and 3×10^6 /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20U/ml IL-2. Cells continued to be restimulated on a weekly basis as described, in preparation for cloning the line.

P2S#12 line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells

as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were restimulated as before. On day 21, clones that were growing were isolated and maintained in culture. Several of these clones demonstrated significantly higher reactivity (lysis) against human fibroblasts (HLA A2.1 expressing) transduced with P502S than against control fibroblasts. An example is presented in Figure 1.

This data indicates that P2S #12 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA A2.1 molecule.

6.2. This Example illustrates the preparation of murine CTL lines and CTL clones specific for cells expressing the P501S gene.

This series of experiments were performed similarly to that described above. Mice were immunized with the P1S#10 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 337), which is derived from the P501S gene (also referred to herein as L1-12, SEQ ID NO: 110). The P1S#10 peptide was derived by analysis of the predicted polypeptide sequence for P501S for potential HLA-A2 binding sequences as defined by published HLA-A2 binding motifs (Parker, KC, *et al*, *J. Immunol.*, 152:163, 1994). P1S#10 peptide was synthesized as described in Example 4, and empirically tested for HLA-A2 binding using a T cell based competition assay. Predicted A2 binding peptides were tested for their ability to compete HLA-A2 specific peptide presentation to an HLA-A2 restricted CTL clone (D150M58), which is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58. D150M58 CTL secretes TNF in response to self-presentation of peptide fluM58. In the competition assay, test peptides at 100-200 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ were added to cultures of D150M58 CTL in order to bind HLA-A2 on the CTL. After thirty minutes, CTL cultured with test peptides, or control peptides, were tested for their antigen dose response to the fluM58 peptide in a standard TNF bioassay. As shown in Figure 3, peptide P1S#10 competes HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58, demonstrating that peptide P1S#10 binds HLA-A2.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 were immunized as described by Theobald et al. (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995) with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 62.5 μg of P1S #10 and 120 μg

of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from Hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and single cell suspensions prepared using a nylon mesh. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (as described above) and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P1S#10-pulsed ($2\mu\text{g/ml}$ P1S#10 and 10mg/ml $\beta 2$ -microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of $7\mu\text{g/ml}$ dextran sulfate and $25\mu\text{g/ml}$ LPS for 3 days). Six days later cells ($5 \times 10^5/\text{ml}$) were restimulated with $2.5 \times 10^6/\text{ml}$ peptide-pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells, as described above, and $3 \times 10^6/\text{ml}$ A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20 U/ml IL-2. Cells were restimulated on a weekly basis in preparation for cloning. After three rounds of *in vitro* stimulations, one line was generated that recognized P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat targets as shown in Figure 4.

A P1S#10-specific CTL line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were restimulated as before. On day 21, viable clones were isolated and maintained in culture. As shown in Figure 5, five of these clones demonstrated specific cytolytic reactivity against P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets. This data indicates that P1S#10 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P501S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA-A2.1 molecule.

EXAMPLE 7

ABILITY OF HUMAN T CELLS TO RECOGNIZE PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example illustrates the ability of T cells specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide to recognize human tumor.

Human CD8⁺ T cells were primed *in vitro* to the P2S-12 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 306) derived from P502S (also referred to as J1-17) using dendritic cells according to the protocol of Van Tsai et al. (*Critical Reviews in Immunology* 18:65-75, 1998). The resulting CD8⁺ T cell microcultures were tested for their ability to recognize the P2S-12 peptide presented by autologous fibroblasts or fibroblasts which were transduced to express the P502S gene in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay (see Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). Briefly, titrating numbers of T cells were assayed in duplicate on 10⁴ fibroblasts in the presence of 3 μ g/ml human β_2 -microglobulin and 1 μ g/ml P2S-12 peptide or control E75 peptide. In addition, T cells were simultaneously assayed on autologous fibroblasts transduced with the P502S gene or as a control, fibroblasts transduced with HER-2/*neu*. Prior to the assay, the fibroblasts were treated with 10 ng/ml γ -interferon for 48 hours to upregulate class I MHC expression. One of the microcultures (#5) demonstrated strong recognition of both peptide pulsed fibroblasts as well as transduced fibroblasts in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay. Figure 2A demonstrates that there was a strong increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T cells on fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide (solid bars) but not with the control E75 peptide (open bars). This shows the ability of these T cells to specifically recognize the P2S-12 peptide. As shown in Figure 2B, this microculture also demonstrated an increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T cells on fibroblasts transduced to express the P502S gene but not the HER-2/*neu* gene. These results provide additional confirmatory evidence that the P2S-12 peptide is a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein. Furthermore, this also demonstrates that there exists in the human T cell repertoire, high affinity T cells which are capable of recognizing this epitope. These T cells should also be capable of recognizing human tumors which express the P502S gene.

EXAMPLE 8

PRIMING OF CTL *IN VIVO* USING NAKED DNA IMMUNIZATION WITH A PROSTATE ANTIGEN

The prostate tumor antigen L1-12, as described above, is also referred to as P501S. HLA A2Kb Tg mice (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with 100 µg VR10132-P501S either intramuscularly or intradermally. The mice were immunized three times, with a two week interval between immunizations. Two weeks after the last immunization, immune spleen cells were cultured with Jurkat A2Kb-P501S transduced stimulator cells. CTL lines were stimulated weekly. After two weeks of *in vitro* stimulation, CTL activity was assessed against P501S transduced targets. Two out of 8 mice developed strong anti-P501S CTL responses. These results demonstrate that P501S contains at least one naturally processed A2-restricted CTL epitope.

EXAMPLE 9

GENERATION OF HUMAN CTL *IN VITRO* USING WHOLE GENE PRIMING AND STIMULATION TECHNIQUES WITH PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

Using *in vitro* whole-gene priming with P501S-retrovirally transduced autologous fibroblasts (see, for example, Yee et al, *The Journal of Immunology*, 157(9):4079-86, 1996), human CTL lines were derived that specifically recognize autologous fibroblasts transduced with P501S (also known as L1-12), as determined by interferon-γ ELISPOT analysis as described above. Using a panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S, these CTL lines were shown to be restricted HLA-A2 class I allele. Specifically, dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by growing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S vaccinia virus at a multiplicity of infection (M.O.I) of five, and matured

overnight by the addition of 3 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation. CD8⁺ T cells were isolated using a magnetic bead system, and priming cultures were initiated using standard culture techniques. Cultures were restimulated every 7-10 days using autologous primary fibroblasts retrovirally transduced with P501S. Following four stimulation cycles, CD8⁺ T cell lines were identified that specifically produced interferon- γ when stimulated with P501S-transduced autologous fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity could be sustained by the continued stimulation of the cultures with P501S-transduced fibroblasts in the presence of IL-15. A panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S were generated to define the restriction allele of the response. By measuring interferon- γ in an ELISPOT assay, the P501S specific response was shown to be restricted by HLA-A2. These results demonstrate that a CD8⁺ CTL response to P501S can be elicited.

EXAMPLE 10

IDENTIFICATION OF A NATURALLY PROCESSED CTL EPITOPE CONTAINED WITHIN A PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

The 9-mer peptide p5 (SEQ ID NO: 338) was derived from the P703P antigen (also referred to as P20). The p5 peptide is immunogenic in human HLA-A2 donors and is a naturally processed epitope. Antigen specific CD8⁺ T cells can be primed following repeated *in vitro* stimulations with monocytes pulsed with p5 peptide. These CTL specifically recognize p5-pulsed target cells in both ELISPOT (as described above) and chromium release assays. Additionally, immunization of HLA-A2 transgenic mice with p5 leads to the generation of CTL lines which recognize a variety of P703P transduced target cells expressing either HLA-A2Kb or HLA-A2. Specifically, HLA-A2 transgenic mice were immunized subcutaneously in the footpad with 100 μg of p5 peptide together with 140 μg of hepatitis B virus core peptide (a Th peptide) in Freund's incomplete adjuvant. Three weeks post immunization, spleen cells from immunized mice were stimulated *in vitro* with peptide-pulsed LPS blasts. CTL activity was assessed by chromium release assay five days after primary *in vitro*

stimulation. Retrovirally transduced cells expressing the control antigen P703P and HLA-A2Kb were used as targets. CTL lines that specifically recognized both p5-pulsed targets as well as P703P-expressing targets were identified.

Human *in vitro* priming experiments demonstrated that the p5 peptide is immunogenic in humans. Dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by culturing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, the DC were pulsed with p5 peptide and cultured with GM-CSF and IL-4 together with CD8+ T cell enriched PBMC. CTL lines were restimulated on a weekly basis with p5-pulsed monocytes. Five to six weeks after initiation of the CTL cultures, CTL recognition of p5-pulsed target cells was demonstrated.

EXAMPLE 11

EXPRESSION OF A BREAST TUMOR-DERIVED ANTIGEN IN PROSTATE

Isolation of the antigen B305D from breast tumor by differential display is described in US Patent Application No. 08/700,014, filed August 20, 1996. Several different splice forms of this antigen were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these splice forms are provided in SEQ ID NO: 366-375, with the predicted amino acid sequences corresponding to the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 292, 298 and 301-303 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 299-306, respectively.

The expression levels of B305D in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by real time PCR and by Northern analysis. The results indicated that B305D is highly expressed in breast tumor, prostate tumor, normal prostate tumor and normal testes, with expression being low or undetectable in all other tissues examined (colon tumor, lung tumor, ovary tumor, and normal bone marrow, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, skin, small intestine, stomach).

EXAMPLE 12

ELICITATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN-SPECIFIC CTL RESPONSES IN HUMAN BLOOD

This Example illustrates the ability of a prostate tumor antigen to elicit a CTL response in blood of normal humans.

Autologous dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal donors by growth for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S-expressing vaccinia virus at an M.O.I. of 5 and matured for 8 hours by the addition of 2 micrograms/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation, CD8⁺ cells were isolated by positive selection using magnetic beads, and priming cultures were initiated in 24-well plates. Following five stimulation cycles, CD8⁺ lines were identified that specifically produced interferon-gamma when stimulated with autologous P501S-transduced fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity of cell line 3A-1 could be maintained following additional stimulation cycles on autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S. Line 3A-1 was shown to specifically recognize autologous B-LCL transduced to express P501S, but not EGFP-transduced autologous B-LCL, as measured by cytotoxicity assays (⁵¹Cr release) and interferon-gamma production (Interferon-gamma Elispot; *see above and Lalvani et al., J. Exp. Med. 186:859-865, 1997*). The results of these assays are presented in Figures 6A and 6B.

EXAMPLE 13

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 372 clones were identified, and 319 were successfully sequenced. Table I presents a summary of these clones, which are shown in SEQ ID NOs:385-400. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:386, 389, 390 and 392 correspond to novel genes, and SEQ ID NOs: 393 and 396 correspond to previously identified sequences. The others (SEQ ID NOs:385, 387, 388, 391, 394, 395 and 397-400) correspond to known sequences, as shown in Table I.

Table I
Summary of Prostate Tumor Antigens

Known Genes	Previously identified Genes	Novel Genes
T-cell gamma chain	P504S	23379 (SEQ ID NO:389)
Kallikrein	P1000C	23399 (SEQ ID NO:392)
Vector	P501S	23320 (SEQ ID NO:386)
CGI-82 protein mRNA (23319; SEQ ID NO:385)	P503S	23381 (SEQ ID NO:390)
PSA	P510S	
Ald. 6 Dehyd.	P784P	
L-Iditol-2 dehydrogenase (23376; SEQ ID NO:388)	P502S	
Ets transcription factor PDEF (22672; SEQ ID NO:398)	P706P	
hTGR (22678; SEQ ID NO:399)	19142.2, bangur.seq (22621; SEQ ID NO:396)	
KIAA0295(22685; SEQ ID NO:400)	5566.1 Wang(23404; SEQ ID NO:393)	
Prostatic Acid Phosphatase(22655; SEQ ID NO:397)	P712P	
transglutaminase (22611; SEQ ID NO:395)	P778P	
HDLBP (23508; SEQ ID NO:394)		
CGI-69 Protein(23367; SEQ ID NO:387)		
KIAA0122(23383; SEQ ID NO:391)		
TEEG		

CGI-82 showed 4.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as

compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 43% of prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate, not detected in other normal tissues tested. L-iditol-2 dehydrogenase showed 4.94 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 90% of prostate tumors, 100% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Ets transcription factor PDEF showed 5.55 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate and not detected in other normal tissues tested. hTGR1 showed 9.11 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 63% of prostate tumors and is not detected in normal tissues tested including normal prostate. KIAA0295 showed 5.59 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% of prostate tumors, low to undetectable in normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Prostatic acid phosphatase showed 9.14 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 67% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Transglutaminase showed 14.84 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 30% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and is not detected in other normal tissues tested. High density lipoprotein binding protein (HDLBP) showed 28.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% of normal prostate, and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. CGI-69 showed 3.56 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It is a low abundant gene, detected in more than 90% of prostate tumors, and in 75% normal prostate tissues. The expression of this gene in normal tissues was very low. KIAA0122 showed 4.24 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 57% of prostate tumors, it was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. 19142.2 bangur showed 23.25 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors and 100% of

normal prostate. It was undetectable in other normal tissues tested. 5566.1 Wang showed 3.31 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% normal prostate and was also over-expressed in normal bone marrow, pancreas, and activated PBMC. Novel clone 23379 showed 4.86 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in 97% of prostate tumors and 75% normal prostate and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. Novel clone 23399 showed 4.09 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 27% of prostate tumors and was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Novel clone 23320 showed 3.15 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in all prostate tumors and 50% of normal prostate tissues. It was also expressed in normal colon and trachea. Other normal tissues do not express this gene at high level.

EXAMPLE 14

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY ELECTRONIC SUBTRACTION

This Example describes the use of an electronic subtraction technique to identify prostate tumor antigens.

Potential prostate-specific genes present in the GenBank human EST database were identified by electronic subtraction (similar to that described by Vasmatizis et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998). The sequences of EST clones (43,482) derived from various prostate libraries were obtained from the GenBank public human EST database. Each prostate EST sequence was used as a query sequence in a BLASTN (National Center for Biotechnology Information) search against the human EST database. All matches considered identical (length of matching sequence >100 base pairs, density of identical matches over this region > 70%) were grouped

(aligned) together in a cluster. Clusters containing more than 200 ESTs were discarded since they probably represented repetitive elements or highly expressed genes such as those for ribosomal proteins. If two or more clusters shared common ESTs, those clusters were grouped together into a "supercluster," resulting in 4,345 prostate superclusters.

Records for the 479 human cDNA libraries represented in the GenBank release were downloaded to create a database of these cDNA library records. These 479 cDNA libraries were grouped into three groups, Plus (normal prostate and prostate tumor libraries, and breast cell lines, in which expression was desired), Minus (libraries from other normal adult tissues, in which expression was not desirable), and Other (fetal tissue, infant tissue, tissues found only in women, non-prostate tumors and cell lines other than prostate cell lines, in which expression was considered to be irrelevant). A summary of these library groups is presented in Table II.

Table II
Prostate cDNA Libraries and ESTs

Library	# of Libraries	# of ESTs
Plus	25	43,482
Normal	11	18,875
Tumor	11	21,769
Cell lines	3	2,838
Minus	166	
Other	287	

Each supercluster was analyzed in terms of the ESTs within the supercluster. The tissue source of each EST clone was noted and used to classify the superclusters into four groups: Type 1- EST clones found in the Plus group libraries only; no expression detected in Minus or Other group libraries; Type 2- EST clones found in the Plus and Other group libraries only; no expression detected in the Minus group; Type 3- EST clones found in the Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the

expression in the Plus group is higher than in either the Minus or Other groups; and Type 4- EST clones found in Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than the expression in the Minus group. This analysis identified 4,345 breast clusters (*see* Table III). From these clusters, 3,172 EST clones were ordered from Research Genetics, Inc., and were received as frozen glycerol stocks in 96-well plates.

Table III
Prostate Cluster Summary

Type	# of Superclusters	# of ESTs Ordered
1	688	677
2	2899	2484
3	85	11
4	673	0
Total	4345	3172

The inserts were PCR-amplified using amino-linked PCR primers for Synteni microarray analysis. When more than one PCR product was obtained for a particular clone, that PCR product was not used for expression analysis. In total, 2,528 clones from the electronic subtraction method were analyzed by microarray analysis to identify electronic subtraction breast clones that had high tumor vs. normal tissue mRNA. Such screens were performed using a Synteni (Palo Alto, CA) microarray, according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Within these analyses, the clones were arrayed on the chip, which was then probed with fluorescent probes generated from normal and tumor prostate cDNA, as well as various other normal tissues. The slides were scanned and the fluorescence intensity was measured.

Clones with an expression ratio greater than 3 (*i.e.*, the level in prostate tumor cDNA was at least three times the level in normal prostate cDNA) were

identified as prostate tumor-specific sequences (Table IV). The sequences of these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOs:401-453, with certain novel sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:407, 413, 416-419, 422, 426, 427 and 450.

Table IV
Prostate-tumor Specific Clones

SEQ ID NO.	Sequence Designation	Comments
401	22545	previously identified P1000C
402	22547	previously identified P704P
403	22548	known
404	22550	known
405	22551	PSA
406	22552	prostate secretory protein 94
407	22553	novel
408	22558	previously identified P509S
409	22562	glandular kallikrein
410	22565	previously identified P1000C
411	22567	PAP
412	22568	B1006C (breast tumor antigen)
413	22570	novel
414	22571	PSA
415	22572	previously identified P706P
416	22573	novel
417	22574	novel
418	22575	novel
419	22580	novel
420	22581	PAP
421	22582	prostatic secretory protein 94
422	22583	novel
423	22584	prostatic secretory protein 94
424	22585	prostatic secretory protein 94
425	22586	known
426	22587	novel
427	22588	novel
428	22589	PAP
429	22590	known
430	22591	PSA
431	22592	known
432	22593	Previously identified P777P

433	22594	T cell receptor gamma chain
434	22595	Previously identified P705P
435	22596	Previously identified P707P
436	22847	PAP
437	22848	known
438	22849	prostatic secretory protein 57
439	22851	PAP
440	22852	PAP
441	22853	PAP
442	22854	previously identified P509S
443	22855	previously identified P705P
444	22856	previously identified P774P
445	22857	PSA
446	23601	previously identified P777P
447	23602	PSA
448	23605	PSA
449	23606	PSA
450	23612	novel
451	23614	PSA
452	23618	previously identified P1000C
453	23622	previously identified P705P

EXAMPLE 15

FURTHER IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of additional prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 142 clones were identified and sequenced. Certain of these clones are shown in SEQ ID NOs:454-467. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:459-461 correspond to novel genes. The others (SEQ ID NOs:454-458 and 461-467) correspond to known sequences.

EXAMPLE 16

FURTHER CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN P710P

This Example describes the full length cloning of P710P.

The prostate cDNA library described above was screened with the P710P fragment described above. One million colonies were plated on LB/Ampicillin plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs picked up by these filters were then denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P710P fragment was radiolabeled and used to hybridize with the filters. Positive cDNA clones were selected and their cDNAs recovered and sequenced by an automatic ABI Sequencer. Four sequences were obtained, and are presented in SEQ ID NOs:468-471.

From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for the purposes of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited except as by the appended claims.

CLAIMS

1. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472;

(b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and

(c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b).

2. An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

3. An isolated polypeptide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 108, 112, 113, 114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 339 and 383.

4. An isolated polynucleotide encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more

substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

5. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

6. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

7. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence that hybridizes, under moderately stringent conditions, to a sequence recited in any one of

SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

8. An isolated polynucleotide complementary to a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

9. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

10. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.

11. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according claim 8.

12. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 11.

13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

14. A vaccine comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

15. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

16. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

18. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

19. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

20. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

21. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein that comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

22. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antibody or fragment thereof according to claim 18, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

24. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the antigen presenting cell is a dendritic cell or a macrophage.

25. A vaccine comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

26. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

27. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

28. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

29. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

30. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polynucleotide according to claim 4, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

31. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antibody or antigen-

binding fragment thereof according to claim 21, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

32. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

33. A method according to claim 32, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

34. A method according to any one of claims 29-32, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.

35. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 1.

36. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an expression enhancer that increases expression of the fusion protein in a host cell transfected with a polynucleotide encoding the fusion protein.

37. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises a T helper epitope that is not present within the polypeptide of claim 1.

38. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag.

39. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein according to claim 35.

40. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a fusion protein according to claim 32, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

41. A vaccine comprising a fusion protein according to claim 35, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

42. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

43. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

44. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

45. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

46. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

47. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

48. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 40 or claim 44.

49. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 41 or claim 45.

50. A method for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the prostate tumor protein from the sample.

51. A method according to claim 50, wherein the biological sample is blood or a fraction thereof.

52. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated according to the method of claim 50.

53. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of:

(i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;

(ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence provided in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;

(iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and/or

(iv) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

54. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 53.

55. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population according to claim 54.

56. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

(i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;

(ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;

(iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or

(iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate; and

(b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

57. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

- (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;
 - (ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;
 - (iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or
 - (iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);
- such that T cells proliferate;
- (b) cloning at least one proliferated cell; and
- (c) administering to the patient an effective amount of the cloned T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

58. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

- (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and
 - (ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;
- (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and
- (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

59. A method according to claim 58, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

60. A method according to claim 59, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

61. A method according to claim 58, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.

62. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

63. A method according to claim 62, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

64. A method according to claim 63, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

65. A method according to claim 62, wherein the cancer is a prostate cancer.

66. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and

(c) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

67. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

68. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

69. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor

protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

70. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

71. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

72. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

- (a) one or more antibodies according to claim 21; and
- (b) a detection reagent comprising a reporter group.

73. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the antibodies are immobilized on a solid support.

74. A kit according to claim 73, wherein the solid support comprises nitrocellulose, latex or a plastic material.

75. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the detection reagent comprises an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or lectin.

76. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the reporter group is selected from the group consisting of radioisotopes, fluorescent groups, luminescent groups, enzymes, biotin and dye particles.

77. An oligonucleotide comprising 10 to 40 nucleotides that hybridize under moderately stringent conditions to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides.

78. A oligonucleotide according to claim 77, wherein the oligonucleotide comprises 10-40 nucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

79. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

(a) an oligonucleotide according to claim 77; and

(b) a diagnostic reagent for use in a polymerase chain reaction or hybridization assay.

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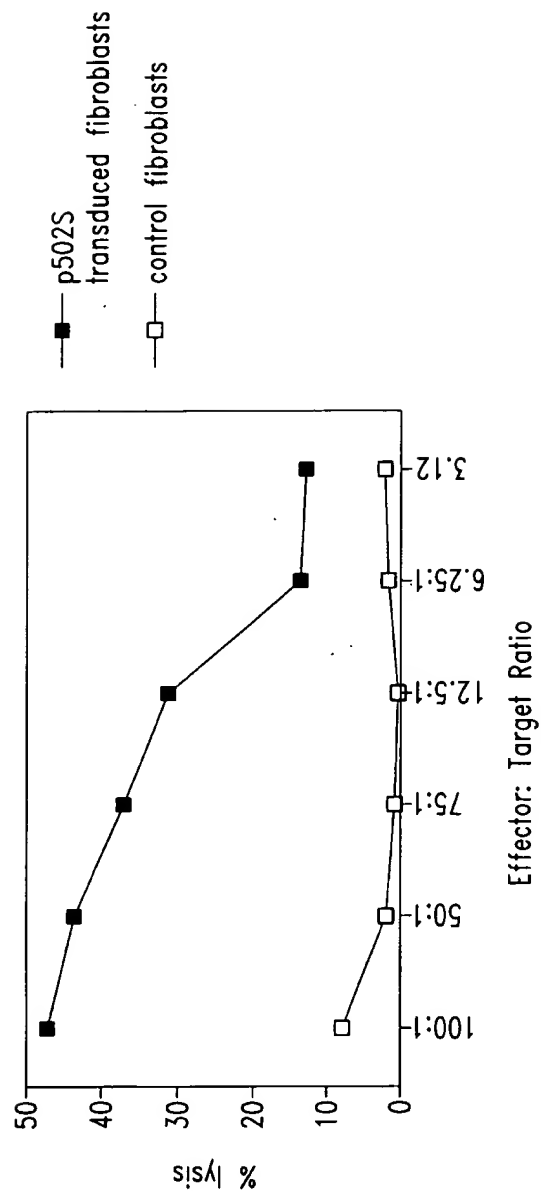
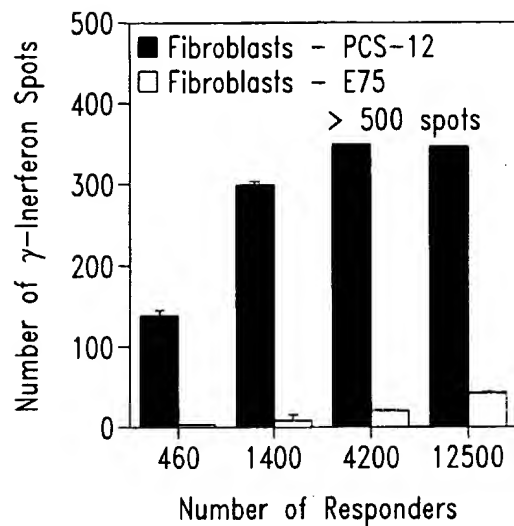
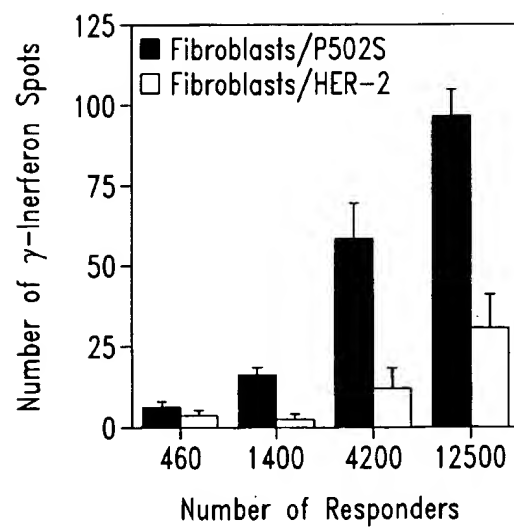


Fig. 1

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*Fig. 2A**Fig. 2B*

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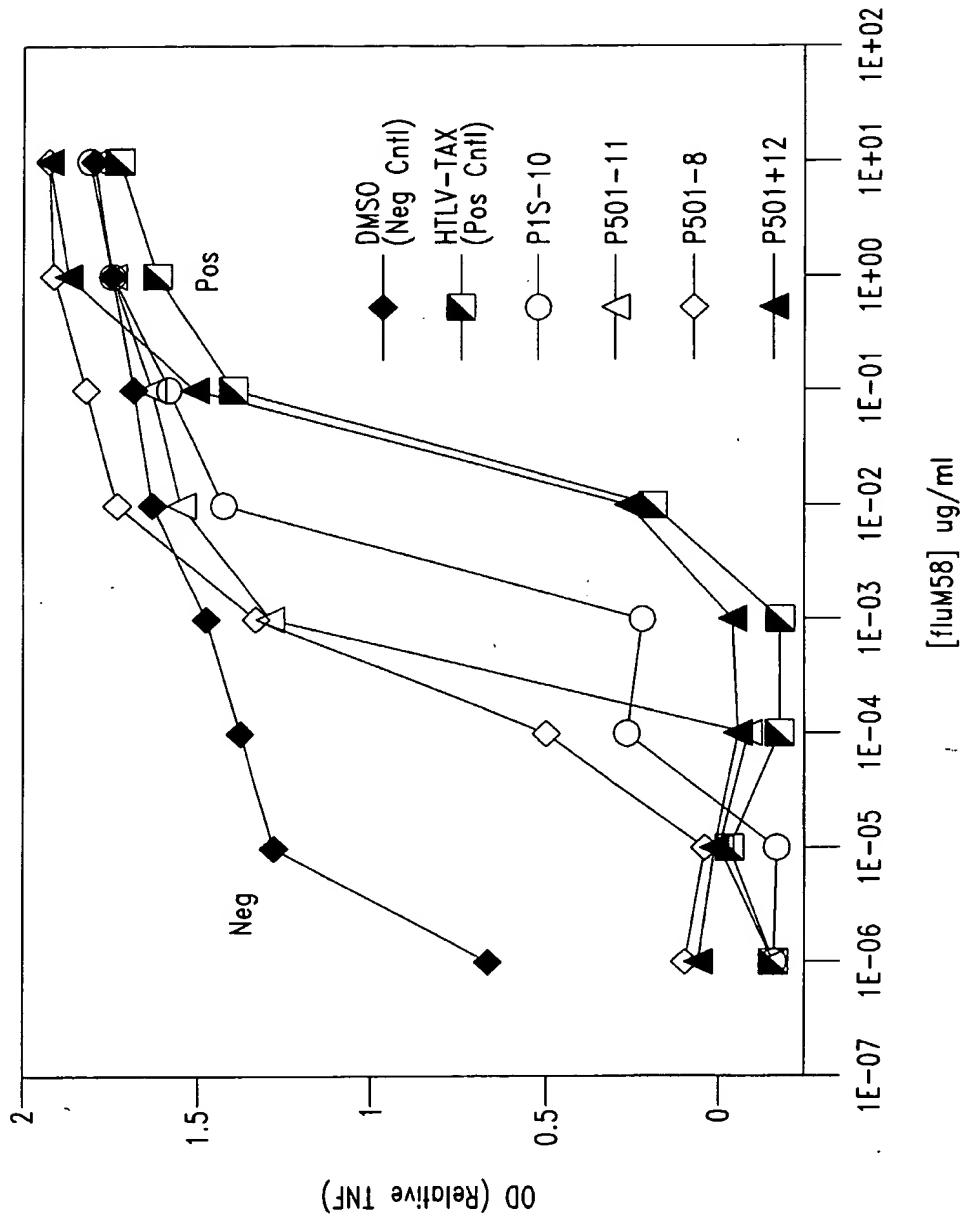


Fig. 3

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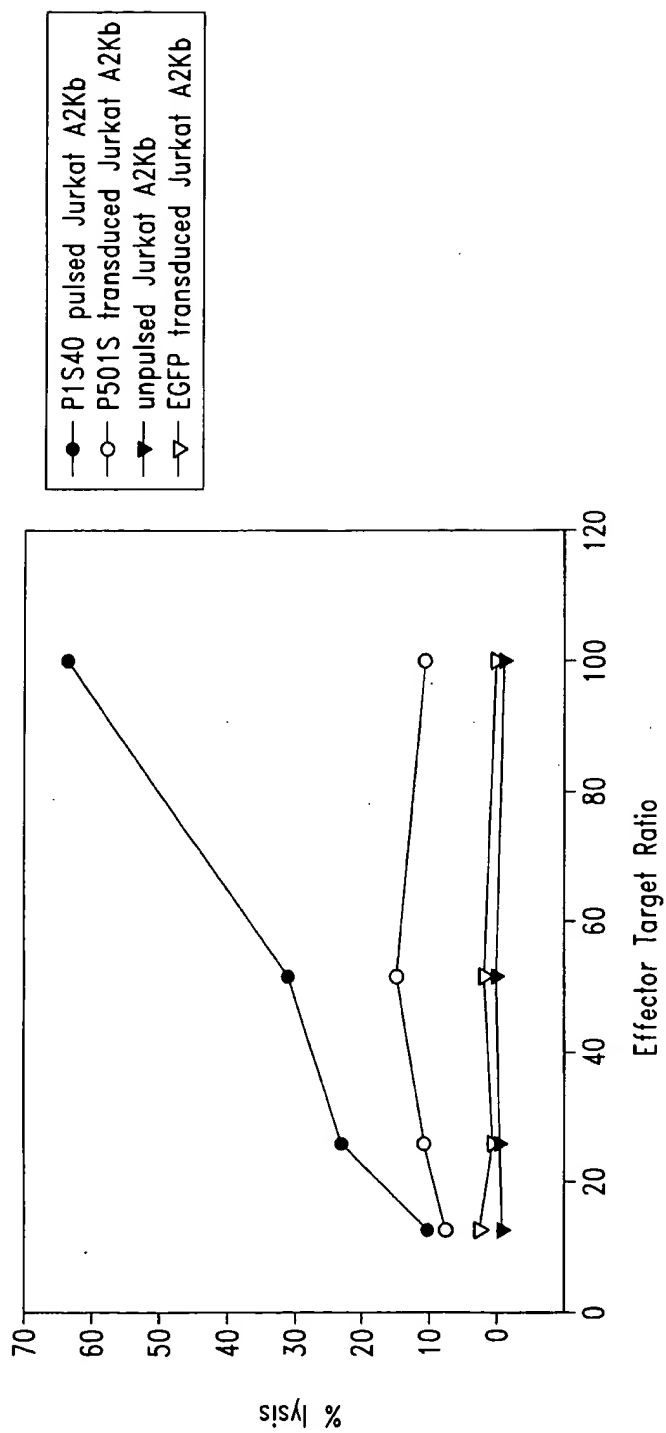


Fig. 4

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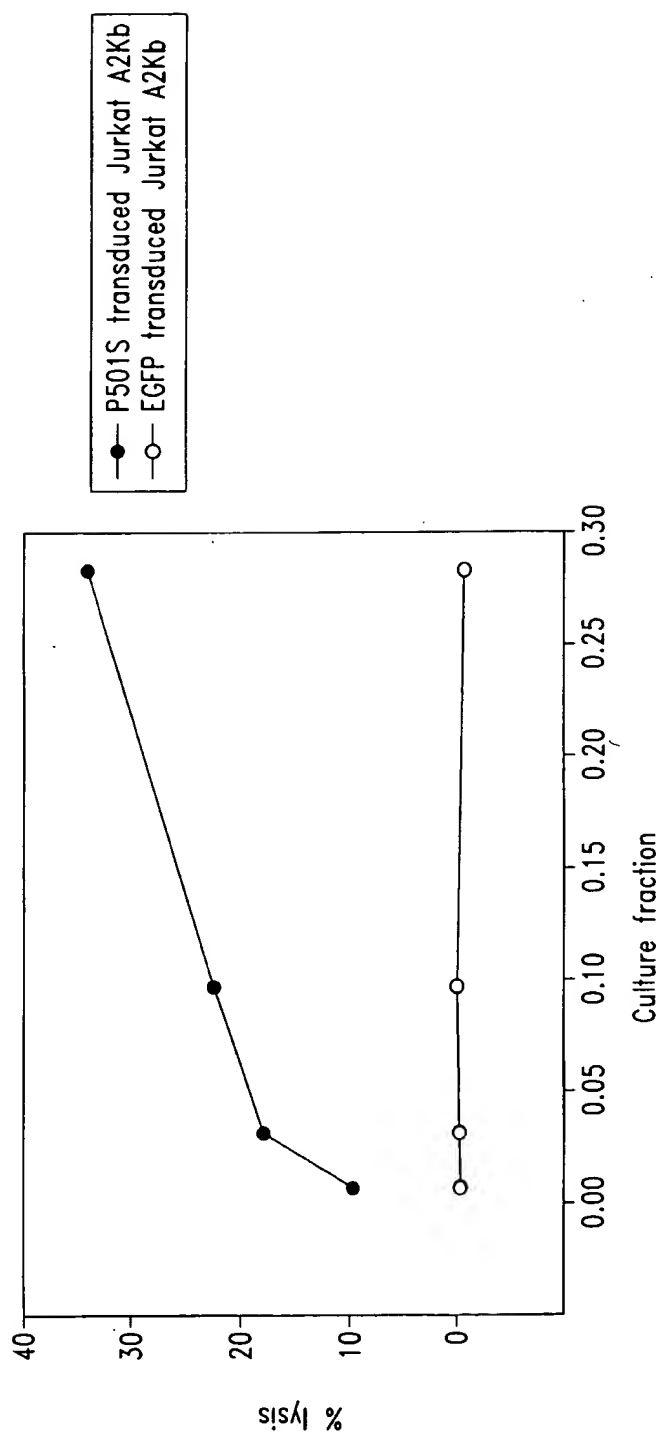
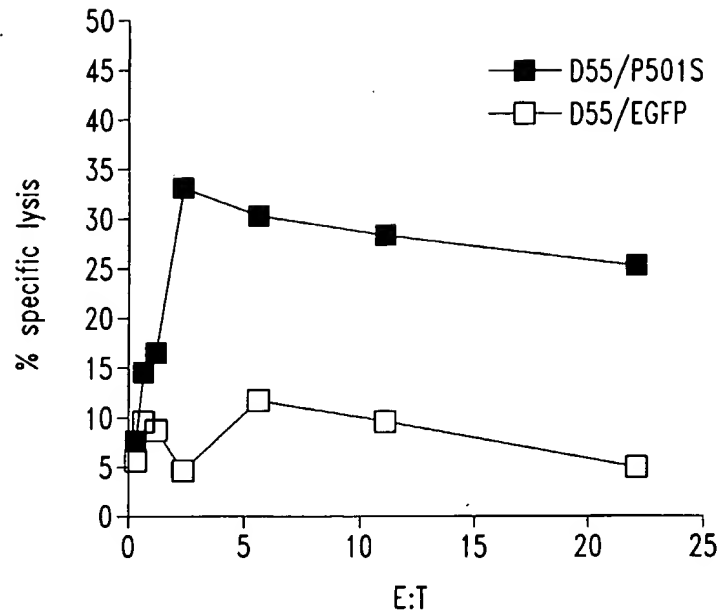
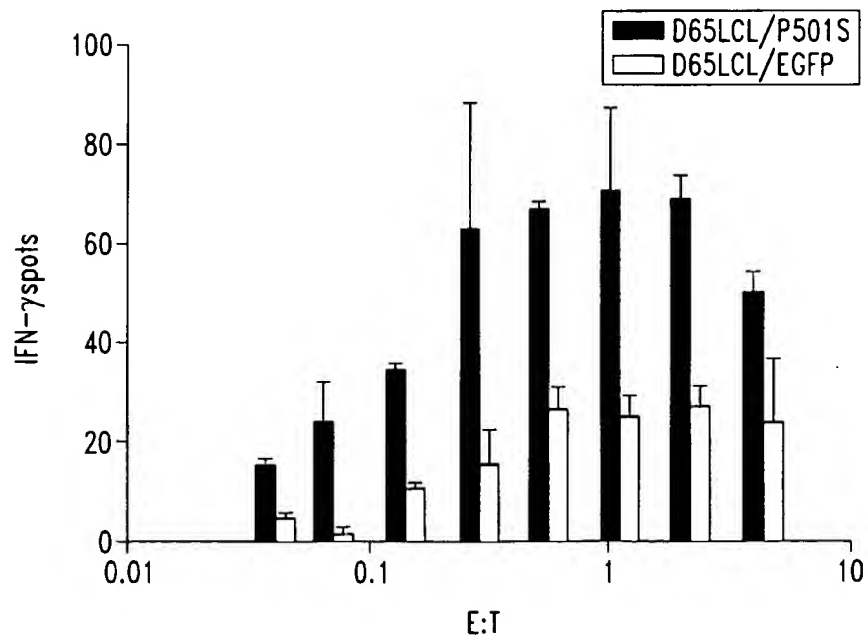


Fig. 5

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*Fig. 6A**Fig. 6B*

SEQUENCE LISTING

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DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER

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tctgtctcct	cactggtgat	aaacgagccc	cgttccttgt	tgtgatcatg	atgaacaacc	120
tcctcaaaag	tcagaaccgg	agtcacacag	gcattctgtc	cgtaaaagat	ttgacaccac	180
tctgccttcg	tcttctttgc	aaatacatct	gcaaacttct	tcttcatttc	tgccaatca	240
tccatgctca	tctgattggg	aagttcatca	gactttagtc	canntccttt	gatcagcagc	300
tcgtagaact	ggggttctat	tgtctcaaca	gccatgaatt	ccccatctgc	tgctctgtaa	360
gtcgtataga	aagggtgctcc	accatccaac	atgttctgtc	ctcgaggggg	ggcccgggtac	420
ccaattcgcc	ctatantgag	tcgtattacg	cgcgctcact	ggcgcgtcgt	ttacaacgtc	480
gtgactggga	aaaccctggg	cgttaccaac	ttaatcgcc	tgcagcacat	ccccctttcg	540
ccagctgggc	gtaatancca	aaaggcccgc	accgatcgcc	cttccaacag	ttgcgcacct	600
gaatgggnaa	atgggacccc	cctgttacgc	cgcattnaac	ccccgcnggg	tttngttgtt	660
acccccacnt	nnaccgctta	cactttgcca	gcgccttanc	gcccgcctccc	tttcnctttt	720
cttcccttcc	tttncnccn	ctttcccccg	gggtttcccc	cntcaaacc	cna	773

<210> 4
 <211> 828
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(828)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 4						
cctcctgagt	cctactgacc	tgtgctttct	ggtgtggagt	ccagggctgc	taggaaaagg	60
aatgggcaga	cacaggtgta	tgccaatgtt	tctgaaatgg	gtataatttc	gtcctctcct	120
tcggaacact	ggctgtctct	gaagacttct	cgctcagttt	cagtgaggac	acacacaaaag	180
acgtgggtga	ccatgttgtt	tgtgggggtgc	agagatggga	gggggtggggc	ccaccctgga	240
agagtggaca	gtgacacaag	gtggacactc	tctacagatc	actgaggata	agctggagcc	300
acaatgcatg	aggcacacac	acagcaagga	tgacnctgta	aacatagccc	acgtgtcct	360
gngggcactg	ggaagcctan	atnaggccgt	gagcanaaag	aaggggagga	tccactagtt	420
ctanagcggc	cgccaccgcg	gtgganctcc	ancttttgtt	cccttttagtg	aggggttaatt	480
gcgcgcttg	ontaatcatg	gtcatanctn	tttccgtgtg	gaaattgtta	tccgctcaca	540
attccacaca	acatacganc	cggaaacata	aantgtaaac	ctgggggtgcc	taatgantga	600
ctaactcaca	ttaattgcgt	tgcgctcact	gcccgccttc	caatcnggaa	acctgtcttg	660
ccncttgcat	tnatgaatcn	gccaaccccc	ggggaaaagc	gtttgcgttt	tgggcgctct	720
tccgcttcct	cnetcantta	ntccctncnc	tcggtcattc	cggtgcngc	aaaccggttc	780
accnctcca	aagggggtat	tccggtttcc	ccnaatccgg	gganancc		828

<210> 5
 <211> 834
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(834)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 5

tttttttttt	tttttactga	tagatggaat	ttattaagct	tttcacatgt	gatagcacat	60
agttttaatt	gcatccaaag	tactaacaaa	aactctagca	atcaagaatg	gcagcatgtt	120
atttttataac	aatcaacacc	tgtggctttt	aaaatttggt	tttcataaga	taattttatac	180
tgaagtaaatt	ctagccatgc	ttttaaaaaa	tgcttttaggt	cactccaagc	ttggcagtta	240
acattttggca	taaacaataa	taaaacaatc	acaatttaat	aaataacaaa	tacaacattg	300
taggccataa	tcatatacag	tataaggaaa	aggtggtagt	gttgagtaag	cagttattag	360
aatagaatac	cttggcctct	atgcaaatat	gtctagacac	tttgattcac	tcagccctga	420
cattcagttt	tcaaagtagg	agacaggttc	tacagtatca	ttttacagtt	tccaacacat	480
tgaaaacaag	tagaaaatga	tgagttgatt	tttattaatg	cattacatcc	tcaagagtta	540
tcaccaaccc	ctcagttata	aaaaattttc	aagttatatt	agtcataata	cttgggtgtgc	600
ttatttttaa	ttagtgctaa	atggatttaag	tgaagacaac	aatgggtccc	taatgtgatt	660
gatattggtc	atttttacca	gcttctaaat	ctnaactttc	aggcttttga	actggaacat	720
tgnatnacag	tgttccanag	ttncaaccta	ctggaacatt	acagtgtgct	tgattcaaaa	780
tgttattttg	ttaaaaatta	aattttaacc	tggtggaaaa	ataatttgaa	atna	834

<210> 6
 <211> 818
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(818)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 6

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	aagaccctca	tcaatagatg	gagacataca	gaaatagtca	60
aaccacatct	acaaaatgcc	agtatcaggc	ggcggcttcg	aagccaaagt	gatgtttgga	120
tgtaaagtga	aatattagtt	ggcggatgaa	gcagatagtg	aggaaagttg	agccaataat	180
gacgtgaagt	ccgtggaagc	ctgtggctac	aaaaaatggt	gagccgtaga	tgccgtcgga	240
aatgggtgaag	ggagactcga	agtactctga	ggcttgtagg	agggtaaaaat	agagaccag	300
taaaattgta	ataagcagtg	cttgaattat	ttggtttcgg	ttgttttcta	ttagactatg	360
gtgagctcag	gtgattgata	ctcctgatgc	gagtaatacg	gatgtgttta	ggagtgggac	420
ttctagggga	tttagcgggg	tgatgcctgt	tggggggccag	tgccctccta	gttgggggggt	480
aggggctagg	ctggagtggg	aaaagggtca	gaaaaatcct	gcgaagaaaa	aaacttctga	540
ggtaataaat	aggattatcc	cgtatcgaag	gccttttttg	acaggtgggtg	tgtgggtggcc	600
ttgggtatgtg	ctttctcgtg	ttacatcgcg	cctatcttgg	tatatggtta	gtgtgttggg	660
ttantanggc	ctantatgaa	gaacttttgg	antggaatta	aatcaatngc	ttggccggaa	720
gtcattanga	nggctnaaaa	ggcctgttta	ngggtctggg	ctnggtttta	cccnacccat	780
ggaatncncc	ccccggacna	ntgnatccct	attcttaa			818

<210> 7
 <211> 817
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(817)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 7

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tggtcttaga	gggggtagag	ggggtgctat	agggtaaata	60
cgggccctat	ttcaaagatt	tttaggggaa	ttaattctag	gacgatgggt	atgaaactgt	120
ggtttgctcc	acagatttca	gagcattgac	cgtagtatac	ccccggtcgt	gtagcgggtga	180

aagtggtttg	gttttagacgt	ccgggaattg	catctgtttt	taagccta	gtggggacag	240
ctcatgagtg	caagacgtct	tgtgatgtaa	ttattatacn	aatgggggct	tcaatcggga	300
gtactactcg	attgtcaacg	tcaaggagtc	gcaggtcgcc	tggttctagg	aataatgggg	360
gaagtatgta	ggaattgaag	attaatccgc	cgtagtcggt	gttctcctag	gttcaatacc	420
attggtggcc	aattgatttg	atggtaaggg	gagggatcgt	tgaactcgtc	tgttatgtaa	480
aggatncctt	ngggatggga	aggcnatnaa	ggactangga	tnaatggcgg	gcangatatt	540
tcaaacngtc	tctanttcct	gaaacgtctg	aaatgtta	aanaattaan	tttngttatt	600
gaatnttnng	gaaaagggct	tacaggacta	gaaaccaa	angaaaanta	atnntaangg	660
cnttatcntn	aaaggtmata	accnctccta	tnatcccacc	caatngnatt	ccccacnenn	720
acnattggat	nccccanttc	canaaanggc	cnccccccg	tgnannccnc	cttttgttcc	780
cttnantgan	ggttattcnc	ccctngcntt	atcancc			817

<210> 8
 <211> 799
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(799)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 8						
catttcggg	tttactttct	aaggaaagcc	gagcggaagc	tgctaacgtg	ggaatcggtg	60
cataaggaga	actttctgct	ggcacgcgct	agggacaagc	gggagagcga	ctccgagcgt	120
ctgaagcgca	cgtcccagaa	ggtggacttg	gcactgaaac	agctgggaca	catccgcgag	180
tacgaacagc	gcctgaaagt	gctggagcgg	gaggtccagc	agtgtagccg	cgtcctgggg	240
tggttgccg	angcctganc	cgctctgcct	tgctgcccc	angtgggccg	ccacccctg	300
acctgcctgg	gtccaaacac	tgagccctgc	tgccggactt	caagganaac	ccccacangg	360
ggattttgct	cctanantaa	ggctcatctg	ggcctcggcc	ccccacctg	gttggccttg	420
tctttgangt	gagcccatg	tccatctggg	ccactgtcng	gaccaccttt	ngggagtgtt	480
ctccttacia	ccacannatg	cccggtcct	cccggaacc	antccancc	tgngaaggat	540
caagncctgn	atccactnnt	nctanaaccg	gccnccnccg	cngtggaacc	cnccttntgt	600
tccttttctn	tnagggttaa	tnnccgcctt	gccttnccan	ngtccnccn	nttttccnt	660
gttnaaattg	ttangcnccc	nccnntccn	cnnccnccn	cccgaccenn	annttnnann	720
ncctgggggt	nccnncgat	tgaccenncc	nccctntant	tgcnttnggg	nncnntgccc	780
ctttccctct	nggganncg					799

<210> 9
 <211> 801
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(801)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 9						
acgccttgat	cctcccaggc	tgggactggt	tctgggagga	gccgggcatg	ctgtggtttg	60
taangatgac	actcccaaag	gtggtcctga	cagtggccca	gatggacatg	gggctcacct	120
caaggacaag	gccaccaggt	gcggggggcg	aagcccacat	gatccttact	ctatgagcaa	180
aatcccctgt	gggggcttct	ccttgaagtc	cgccancagg	gctcagtctt	tggacccang	240
caggtcatg	ggttgtngnc	caactggggg	ccncaacgca	aaanggcnc	gggcctcngn	300
cacccatccc	angacgcggc	tacactnctg	gacctccncc	tccaccactt	tcatgcgtg	360
ttcntacccg	cgnatntgtc	ccanctgttt	cngtgcncac	tccancttct	nggacgtgcg	420
ctacatacgc	ccggantcnc	nctcccgtt	tgccctatc	cacgtncan	caacaaattt	480
cncctantg	caccnatcc	caenttttnc	agntttccnc	nncngccttc	cttntaaaag	540
ggttganc	cggaaaatnc	cccaaagggg	gggggcccng	tacccaactn	ccccctnata	600
gctgaantcc	ccatnaccnn	gnctcnatgg	ancntccnt	tttaannacn	ttctnaactt	660
gggaananc	ctcgnccntn	ccccnttaa	tccncccttg	cnaingnnct	ccccnntcc	720
nccnnntng	gcntntnann	cnaaaaaggc	ccnnnanc	tctcctnn	cctcanttcg	780

ccanccctcg aaatcgccn c

801

<210> 10
<211> 789
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(789)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 10
cagtctatnt ggccagtgtg gcagctttcc ctgtggctgc cgggtgccaca tgccctgtccc 60
acagtgtggc cgtggtgaca gcttcagccg ccctcaccgg gtccaccttc tcagccctgc 120
agatccctgcc ctacacactg gcctccctct accaccggga gaagcagggtg ttccctgccca 180
aataccgagg ggacactgga ggtgctagca gtgaggacag cctgatgacc agcttcctgc 240
caggccctaa gcctggagct ccctcccta atggacacgt ggggtgctgga ggcagtggcc 300
tgctcccacc tccaccgcg ctctgcgggg cctctgcctg tgatgtctcc gtacgtgtgg 360
tggtgggtga gccaccgan gccagggtgg ttccgggccc gggcatctgc ctggacctgc 420
ccatccctgga tagtgcttcc tgctgtccca ngtggcccca tccctgttta tgggctccat 480
tgtccagctc agccagtctg tcaactgccta tatggtgtct gccgcaggcc tgggtctggt 540
cccatttact ttgctacaca ggtantattt gacaagaacg anttggccaa atactcagcg 600
ttaaaaaatt ccagcaacat tgggggtgga aggcctgcct cactgggtcc aactccccgc 660
tcctgttaac cccatggggc tgccggcttg gccgccaatt tctgttgctg ccaaantnat 720
gtggtctctc gctgccacct gttgctggct gaagtgcnta cngcncanct nggggggtng 780
ggngttccc 789

<210> 11
<211> 772
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(772)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 11
ccccccctac ccaaataatta gacaccaaca cagaaaagct agcaatggat tcccttctac 60
tttgttaaat aaataagtta aatattttaa tgccctgtgtc tctgtgatgg caacagaagg 120
accaacaggc cacatccctga taaaaggtaa gaggggggtg gatcagcaaa aagacagtgc 180
tgtgggctga ggggacctgg ttcttgtgtg ttgcccctca ggactcttcc cctacaaata 240
actttcataat gttcaaatcc catggaggag tgtttcatcc tagaaactcc catgcaagag 300
ctacattaaa cgaagctgca ggttaagggg cttanagatg ggaaaccagg tgactgagtt 360
tattcagctc ccaaaaaccc ttctctaggt gtgtctcaac taggaggcta gctgttaacc 420
ctgagcctgg gtaatccacc tgcagagtcc ccgcattcca gtgcatggaa cccttctggc 480
ctccctgtat aagtcagac tgaaaccccc ttggaaggnc tccagtcagg cagccctana 540
aactggggaa aaaagaaaag gacgccccan ccccagctg tgcanctacg cacctcaaca 600
gcacagggtg gcagcaaaaa aaccacttta ctttggcaca aacaaaaact nggggggggca 660
accccgccac cccnangggg gttaacagga ancngggnaa cntggaacct aattnaggca 720
ggccnccac ccnaatntt gctgggaaat ttttctccc ctaaattntt tc 772

<210> 12
<211> 751
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(751)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 12
 gcccgaattc cagctgccac accacccaag gtgactgcat tagttcggat gtcatacaaa 60
 agctgattga agcaaccctc tactttttgg tcgtgagcct tttgcttggg gcaggtttca 120
 ttggctgtgt tgggtgacgtt gtcattgcaa cagaatgggg gaaaggcact gttctctttg 180
 aagtanggtg agtcctcaaa atccgtatag ttggtgaagc cacagcactt gagccctttc 240
 atggtgggtg tccacacttg agtgaagtct tcctgggaac cataatcttt cttgatggca 300
 ggcactacca gcaacgtcag ggaagtgtc agccattgtg gtgtacacca aggcgaccac 360
 agcagctgcn acctcagcaa tgaagatgan gaggangatg aagaagaacg tcncgagggc 420
 acacttgctc tcagtcttan caccatanca gcccntgaaa accaananca aagaccacna 480
 cnccggctgc gatgaagaaa tnaccccnog ttgacaaact tgcatggcac tggganccac 540
 agtggcccna aaaatcttca aaaaggatgc cccatcnatt gaccccccaa atgcccactg 600
 ccaacagggg ctgccccacn cncnnaacga tgancnatt gnacaagatc tncntggtct 660
 tnatnaacnt gaacctgcn tngtggctcc tgttcaggnc cnnngcctga cttctnaann 720
 aangaactcn gaagncccca cngganannc g 751

<210> 13
 <211> 729
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(729)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 13
 gagccaggcg tccctctgcc tgcccactca gtggcaacac ccgggagctg ttttgcctt 60
 tgtggancct cagcagtncc ctctttcaga actcantgcc aaganccctg aacaggagcc 120
 accatgcagt gcttcagctt cattaagacc atgatgatcc tcttcaattt gctcatcttt 180
 ctgtgtggtg cagccctgtt ggcagtgggc atctgggtgt caatcgatgg ggcacccctt 240
 ctgaagatct tcgggccact gtcgtccagt gccatgcagt ttgtcaacgt gggctacttc 300
 ctcatcgagc cggcggttgt ggtcttagct ctagggttcc tgggctgcta tgggtgctaag 360
 actgagagca agtgtgccct cgtgacgttc ttcttcatcc tctctctcat cttcattgct 420
 gaggttgcaa tgctgtggtc gccttggtgt acaccacaat ggctgagcac ttctgacgt 480
 tgctggtaat gcctgccatc aanaaaagat tatgggttcc cagggaanact tcaactcaagt 540
 gttggaacac caccatgaaa gggctcaagt gctgtggctt cnnccaacta tacggatttt 600
 gaagantcac ctacttcaaa gaaaanagtg cctttccccc atttctgttg caattgacaa 660
 acgtccccaa cacagccaat tgaaaacctg caccacaacc aaanggggtcc ccaaccanaa 720
 attnaaggg 729

<210> 14
 <211> 816
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(816)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 14
 tgcctcttcc caaagttgtt cttgttgcca taacaaccac cataggtaaa gcgggagcag 60
 tgttcgctga aggggttgta gtaccagcgc gggatgctct ccttgacagag tctgtgtct 120
 ggcagggtcca cgcagtgcc tttgtcactg gggaaatgga tgcgctggag ctgctcaaaag 180
 ccaactcgtg atttttcaca ggcagcctcg tccgacgcgt cggggcagtt gggggtgtct 240
 tcacactcca ggaaactgtc natgcagcag ccattgctgc agcggaaactg ggtgggctga 300
 cangtgccag agcacactgg atggcgctt tccatgnnan gggccctgng ggaaagtccc 360
 tganccccc anctgcctct caaangcccc accttgaca ccccgacagg ctagaatgga 420
 atcttcttcc cgaaggtag ttnttcttgt tgcccaancc anccccntaa acaaaactctt 480
 gcanatctgc tccngggggg tcntantacc ancgtgggaa aagaacccca ggcnegcgaac 540
 caancttggt tggatncgaa gcnataatct nctnttctgc ttggtggaca gcaccantna 600

ctgtinnanct	ttagnccntg	gtcctcntgg	gttgnncttg	aacctaatcn	ccnntcaact	660
gggacaaggt	aantngccnt	cctttnaatt	cccnancntn	ccccctgggt	tggggttttn	720
cnctctccta	ccccagaaan	ncctgtttcc	cccccaacta	ggggccnaaa	ccnnttnttc	780
cacaacctn	ccccaccac	gggttcngnt	ggttng			816

<210> 15
 <211> 783
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(783)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 15						
ccaaggcctg	ggcaggcata	nacttgaagg	tacaacccca	ggaacccctg	gtgctgaagg	60
atgtggaaaa	cacagattgg	cgcctactgc	ggggtgacac	ggatgtcagg	gtagagagga	120
aagacccaaa	ccaggtggaa	ctgtggggac	tcaaggaang	cacctacctg	ttccagctga	180
cagtgactag	ctcagaccac	ccagaggaca	cggccaacgt	cacagtcaact	gtgctgtcca	240
ccaagcagac	agaagactac	tgctcgcac	ccaacaangt	gggtcgtgc	cggggctctt	300
tcccacgctg	gtactatgac	cccacggagc	agatctgcaa	gagtttcgtt	tatggaggct	360
gcttgggcaa	caagaacaac	taccttcggg	aagaagagt	cattctancc	tgtcnggggtg	420
tgcaagggtg	gcctttgana	ngcanctctg	gggtcangc	gactttcccc	caggggccct	480
ccatggaaag	gcgcatcca	ntgttctctg	gcacctgtca	gcccacccag	ttccgtgca	540
ncaatggctg	ctgcatcnac	antttcctng	aattgtgaca	acacccccca	ntgcccccaa	600
ccctcccaac	aaagcttccc	tgtnaaaaaa	tacnccantt	ggcttttnac	aaacncccg	660
cnctcctntt	ttccccnntn	aacaaagggc	nctngcnttt	gaactgccc	aaccnggaa	720
tctnccnngg	aaaaantncc	ccccctgggt	cctnnaancc	cctccncaa	anctncccc	780
ccc						783

<210> 16
 <211> 801
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(801)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 16						
gccccaatc	cagctgccac	accaccacg	gtgactgcat	tagttcggat	gtcatacaaa	60
agctgattga	agcaaccctc	tacttttttg	tcgtgagcct	tttgcttgg	gcaggtttca	120
ttggctgtgt	tggtgacgtt	gtcattgcaa	cagaatgggg	gaaaggcact	gttctctttg	180
aagtaggggtg	agtcctcaaa	atccgtatag	ttggtgaagc	cacagcactt	gagccctttc	240
atggtgggtg	tccacacttg	agtgaagtct	tcctgggaac	cataatcttt	cttgatggca	300
ggcactacca	gcaacgtcag	gaagtgtca	gccattgtgg	tgtacacca	ggcgaccaca	360
gcagctgcaa	cctcagcaat	gaagatgagg	aggaggatga	agaagaacgt	cncgagggca	420
cacttgctct	cogtcttagc	accatagcag	cccangaaac	caagagcaaa	gaccacaacg	480
cnngctgcga	atgaaagaaa	ntaccacgt	tgacaaactg	catggccact	ggacgacagt	540
tggcccgaan	atcttcagaa	aagggatgcc	ccatcgattg	aacacccana	tgcccactgc	600
cnacagggtg	gcncncncn	gaaagaatga	gccattgaag	aaggatcntc	ntggctcttaa	660
tgaactgaaa	ccntgcattg	tgcccctgt	tcagggtctt	tggcagtga	ttctganaaa	720
aaggaacngc	ntnagcccc	ccaaangana	aaacaccccc	gggtgttgcc	ctgaattggc	780
ggccaaggan	ccctgccccn	g				801

<210> 17
 <211> 740
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(740)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 17
 gtgagagcca ggcgtccctc tgcttgccca ctcaagtggca acacccggga gctgttttgt 60
 cctttgtgga gcctcagcag ttccctcttt cagaactcac tgccaagagc cctgaacagg 120
 agccaccatg cagtgttcca gcttcattaa gaccatgatg atcctcttca atttgctcat 180
 ctttctgtgt ggtgcagccc tgttggcagt gggcatctgg gtgtcaatcg atggggcatc 240
 ctttctgaag atcttcgggc cactgtcgtc cagtgccatg cagtttgtca acgtgggcta 300
 ctctctcate gcagccggcg ttgtggtctt tgctcttggg ttcttgggct gctatgggtgc 360
 taagacggag agcaagtgtg ccctcgtgac gttcttcttc atcctcctcc tcatcttcat 420
 tgetgaagtt gcagctgctg ttgtgcgctt ggtgtacacc acaatggctg aaccattcct 480
 gacgttgctg gtantgcctg ccatcaanaa agattatggg ttcccaggaa aaattcactc 540
 aantntggaa caccnccatg aaaagggctc caatttctgn ttgcttcccc aactataccg 600
 gaattttgaa agantcnccc tacttccaaa aaaaaanant tgccttttnc cccnttctgt 660
 tgcaatgaaa acntcccaan acngccaatn aaaacctgcc cnnncaaaaa ggntcncaaa 720
 caaaaaaant nnaagggttn 740

<210> 18
 <211> 802
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(802)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 18
 ccgctggttg cgctgggtcca gngnagccac gaagcacgtc agcatacaca gcctcaatca 60
 caaggtcttc cagctgccgc acattacgca gggcaagagc ctccagcaac actgcatatg 120
 ggatacactt tacttttagca gccagggtga caactgagag gtgtcgaagc ttattcttct 180
 gagcctctgt tagtgagga agattccggg cttcagctaa gtatgcagcg tatgtcccat 240
 aagcaaacac tgtgagcagc cggaaggtag aggcaaagtc actctcagcc agctctctaa 300
 cattgggcat gtccagcagt tctccaaaaca cgtagacacc agnggcctcc agcacctgat 360
 ggatgagtgt ggccagcgct gcccccttgg ccgacttggc taggagcaga aattgctcct 420
 ggttctgccc tgtcaccttc acttccgcac tcatcactgc actgagtgtg ggggacttgg 480
 gctcaggatg tccagagacg ttggtccgcc ccctcnctta atgacaccgn ccanncaacc 540
 gtcggctccc gccgantgng ttctgctgnc ctgggtcagg gtctgctggc cinctacttgc 600
 aancttcgtc nggcccatgg aattcacnc accggaactn gtangatcca ctnttctat 660
 aaccgngcgc caccgcnntt ggaactccac tcttnttnc tttacttgag ggttaaggtc 720
 acccttnncg ttaccttggg ccaaaccntn contgtgtcg anatngtnaa tcnngncnaa 780
 tnccancnc atangaagcc ng 802

<210> 19
 <211> 731
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(731)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 19
 cnaagcttcc aggtnacggg ccgcnaancc tgaccnagg tancanaang cagnncgcgg 60
 gageccaccg tcacngngng gngtctttat nggagggggc ggagccacat cnetggacnt 120
 cntgacccca actcccnc ncncantgca gtgatgagt cagaactgaa ggtnacgtgg 180
 caggaaccaa gancaaannc tgctccntc caagtccgcn naggggggcg ggctggccac 240
 gcncatcnt cnagtgtgn aaagcccn cctgtctact tgtttggaga acngcnnga 300

catgccccagn	gttanataac	nggcngagag	tnantttgcc	tctcccttcc	ggctgcgcan	360
cgngtntgct	tagnggacat	aacctgacta	cttaactgaa	cccnngaatac	tnccnccccct	420
ccactaagct	cagaacaaaa	aacttcgaca	ccactcantt	gtcacctgnc	tgctcaagta	480
aagtgtaccc	catncccaat	gtntgctnga	ngctctgncc	tgcnttangt	tcggtcctgg	540
gaagacctat	caattnaagc	tatgtttctg	actgcctctt	gctccctgna	acaancnacc	600
cnncnntcca	aggggggggnc	ggcccccaat	ccccccaacc	ntnaattnan	tttancccn	660
ccccnggcc	cggcctttta	cnancntcnn	nnacngggna	aaacnnngc	tttncccaac	720
nnaatccncc	t					731

<210> 20
 <211> 754
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(754)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 20						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	taaaaacccc	ctccattnaa	tgnaaaccttc	cgaaattgtc	60
caacccccctc	ntccaaatnn	ccntttccgg	gnngggggttc	caaacccean	ttanntttgg	120
annttaaatt	aaatnttnt	tgngngnnna	ancnnaatgt	nangaaagtt	naaccanta	180
tnancttnaa	tnccctggaaa	ccngtngntt	ccaaaaatnt	ttaaccctta	antccctccg	240
aaatngttna	nggaaaaccc	aantttctnt	aaggttggtt	gaaggntnaa	tnaaaanccc	300
nnccaattgt	tttngccac	gcctgaatta	attggnttcc	gntgttttcc	nttaaaanaa	360
ggnnancccc	ggttantnaa	tcccccnnc	cccaattata	ccganttttt	ttngaattgg	420
gancccnccg	gaattaacgg	ggnnnttccc	tnttgggggg	cnggnncccc	ccccntcggg	480
ggttngggnc	aggcnnaat	tgtttaaggg	tccgaaaaat	ccctccnaga	aaaaaanctc	540
ccaggntgag	nntnggggtt	nncccccccc	canggccct	ctcgnaaggt	tggggtttgg	600
ggggcctggg	attttntttc	ccctntttcc	tcccccccc	ccnggganag	aggttngngt	660
tttgntcnn	ggccccnccn	aaganctttt	ccganttnan	ttaaatccnt	gcctnggcga	720
agtcenntgn	aggntaaan	ggccccctnn	cggg			754

<210> 21
 <211> 755
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(755)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 21						
atcancccat	gaccccnac	nnngggaccnc	tcanccggnc	nnncnaccnc	cggecnatca	60
nngtnagnnc	actncnttn	natcacnccc	cncnactac	gcccncnanc	cnaagcncta	120
nncanattnc	actganngcg	cgangtngan	ngagaaanct	nataccanag	ncaccanacn	180
ccagctgtcc	nanaangcct	nnnatacnng	nnnatccaat	ntgnancctc	cnaagtattn	240
nncnncanat	gattttctctn	anccgattac	ccntncccc	tanccctctc	cccccaacna	300
cgaaggcnct	ggncnnaagg	nngcgncc	ccgctagnic	cccncaagt	cncncccta	360
aactcanccn	nattacnccg	ttontgagta	tcaactcccc	aatctcacc	tactcaactc	420
aaaaanatch	gatacaaaat	aatncaagcc	tgnttatnac	actntgactg	ggtctctatt	480
ttagnngtc	ntnaancntc	ctaatacttc	cagctcncct	tncccaattt	ccnaanggct	540
ctttcngaca	gcatnttttg	gttcccnntt	gggttcttan	ngaattgcc	ttcntngaac	600
gggtctntct	tttcttccg	ttancctgg	ttcnccggc	cagttattat	ttcccntttt	660
aaattcntnc	cntttanttt	tggcnttcna	aacccccggc	cttgaaaacg	gccccctggt	720
aaaaggttgt	tttganaaaa	tttttgtttt	gttcc			755

<210> 22
 <211> 849
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(849)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 22

tttttttttt	tttttangtg	tngtcgtgca	ggtagaggct	tactacaant	gtgaanacgt	60
acgctnggan	taangcgacc	cganttctag	gannncnccct	aaaatcanac	tgtgaagatn	120
atcctgnnna	cggaanggtc	accggnggat	nntgctaggg	tgncnctcc	cannncnttn	180
cataactcng	nggccctgcc	caccaccttc	ggcgggccng	ngnccgggcc	cggttcattn	240
gnnttaaccn	cactnngcna	ncggtttccn	ncccnncng	accnngcgga	tccggggtnc	300
tctgtcttcc	cctgnagncn	anaaantggg	ccnccgnccc	ctttaccct	nnacaagcca	360
cngcctctta	ncnccngccc	cccctccant	nngggggact	gcnanngct	ccgttncctng	420
nnaccccnnn	gggtncctcg	gttgctcgant	cnaccgnang	ccanggatc	cnaaggaagg	480
tgcgttnttg	gccccctacc	tctcgtncgg	nncacccttc	ccgacnanga	nccgctccc	540
cncnccgnng	cctcncctcg	caacacccgc	ncctcctcngt	ncggnnnccc	ccccaccgc	600
nccctcncnc	ngnccgnancn	ctccnccncc	gtctcannca	ccaccccgcc	ccgccaggcc	660
ntcanccacn	ggngacnng	nagcncntc	gcncgcgcgn	gcgnccct	cgccncgaa	720
ctnctcngg	ccantnccgc	tcaanccnna	cnaaacgcgc	ctgcgcggcc	cgnagcgnc	780
ncctcncga	gtcctcccg	cttcnacc	angnttccn	cgaggacacn	nnaccccgcc	840
nncangcgg						849

<210> 23

<211> 872

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(872)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 23

gcgcaaaacta	tacttcgctc	gnactcgtgc	gcctcgtcnc	tcttttcctc	cgcaaccatg	60
tctgacnanc	ccgattnggc	ngatatcnan	aagntcganc	agtccaaact	gantaacaca	120
cacacnanc	aganaaatcc	nctgccttc	anagtanacn	attgaacnng	agaaccangc	180
nggcgaatcg	taatnaggcg	tgcgccgcca	atntgtcnc	gtttattntn	ccagctcnc	240
ctnccnacc	tacntcttcn	nagctgtcnn	acccctngtn	cgnaccccc	naggctcgga	300
tgggttttn	nntgaccgng	cnnccctcc	ccctcccat	nacganccnc	ccgcaccacc	360
nanngcncgc	nccecgntct	cttcgccnc	ctgtcctntn	cccctgtngc	ctggcncngn	420
accgcattga	ccctcgcenn	ctnccngaaa	ncgnanacgt	ccgggttggn	annancgctg	480
tgggnnngcg	tctgcncgc	gttccttcn	ncncttcca	ccatcttct	tacngggtct	540
ccnccgctc	tcnnnccnc	cctgggacgc	tntcctntgc	cccccttnac	tccccctt	600
cgncgtgncc	cgccccacc	ntcatttnca	nacgntcttc	acaannncct	ggntnnctcc	660
cnancngncn	gtcancnag	ggaaggngg	ggnnccnntg	nttgacgttg	ngngangtc	720
cgaanantcc	tencntcan	cncctaccct	cgggcgnnct	ctcngttnc	aacttancaa	780
ntctccccg	ngngcncnc	tcagcctcnc	ccncccnct	ctctgcantg	tncctcgtc	840
tnaccnntac	gantnttcgn	cncctcttt	cc			872

<210> 24

<211> 815

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(815)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 24

gcattgcaagc	ttgagtattc	tatagngtca	cctaaatanc	ttggcntaat	catgggtcnta	60
nctgncttcc	tgtgtcaaat	gtatacnaaa	tanatatgaa	tctnatntga	caaganngtg	120
tcntncatta	gtaacaantg	tnntgtccat	cctgtcngan	canattccca	tnnattncgn	180
cgcattcncl	gncantatn	taatngggaa	ntcnntnnn	ncaccnnca	ctatcntncc	240
gcncctgac	tggagagat	ggatnanttc	tnntntgacc	nacatgttca	tcttggattn	300
aananccccc	cgngnccac	cggttngnng	cnagccnntc	ccaagacctc	ctgtggaggt	360
aacctgcgtc	aganncatca	aaentgggaa	acccgcnncc	angtnnaagt	ngnnncanan	420
gatcccgtec	aggnttnacc	atcccttcnc	agcgccccct	ttngtgccct	anagnnagc	480
gtgtccnanc	cnetcaacat	ganacgcgcc	agnccanccg	caattnggca	caatgtcgnc	540
gaacccccct	gggggagnta	tncaaanccc	caggattgtc	cncncangaa	atcccnanc	600
cccnccttac	ccncttttgg	gacngtgacc	aantcccggg	gtncaggtcc	ggcngnctc	660
ccccaccggt	nncntggggg	gggtgaanct	cngnntcanc	cngncgaggn	ntcgnaagga	720
accggnccct	ggncgaanng	ancnntcnga	agnccnntc	cgtataaacc	cccctcncca	780
nccnacngnt	agntcccccc	cngggtnccg	aangg			815

<210> 25

<211> 775

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(775)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 25

ccgagatgtc	tcgctccgtg	gccttagctg	tgctcgcgtc	actctctctt	tctggcctgg	60
aggctatcca	gcgtactcca	aagattcagg	tttactcacg	tcattccagc	gagaatggaa	120
agtcacaaatt	cctgaattgc	tatgtgtctg	ggtttcatcc	atccgacatt	gaanttgact	180
tactgaagaa	tgganagaga	attgaaaaag	tggagcattc	agacttgtct	ttcagcaagg	240
actggctctt	ctatctcntg	tactacactg	aattcacccc	cactgaaaaa	gatgagtatg	300
cctgcctgtg	gaaccatgtg	actttgtcac	agcccaagat	agttaatgtg	gatcgagaca	360
tgtgaagcagn	cnncatggaa	gtttgaagat	gccgcatttg	gattggatga	attccaaatt	420
ctgcttgctt	gcnttttaaa	antgatatgc	ntatacaccc	taccctttat	gncccccatt	480
tgtaggggtt	acatnantgt	tcnctnngga	catgatcttc	ctttataant	ccnccnttcg	540
aattgccgtg	cncccngttn	ngaattgttc	cnaaaccacg	gttggtctcc	ccaggtcncc	600
tcttacggaa	gggcctgggc	cnccttncaa	ggttggggga	accnaaaatt	tcncttntgc	660
cncccncca	cnntcttgng	nncncanttt	ggaacccttc	cnattcccct	tggcctcnna	720
nccttnncta	anaaaacttn	aaancgtngc	naaanntttn	acttcccccc	ttacc	775

<210> 26

<211> 820

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(820)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 26

anattantac	agtgtaatct	tttcccagag	gtgtgtanag	ggaacggggc	ctagaggcat	60
cccnaagata	ncttatanca	acagtgtctt	gaccaagagc	tgctgggcac	atttctgtca	120
gaaaagggtg	cgttcccat	cactctcct	ctcccatagc	catcccagag	gggtgagtag	180
ccatcangcc	tctcggtggg	gggagtcang	gaaacaacan	accacagagc	anacagacca	240
ntgatgacca	tgggcgggag	cgagcctctt	ccctgnaccg	gggtggcana	nganagccta	300
nctgaggggt	cacactataa	acgttaacga	ccnagatnan	cacctgcttc	aagtgcaccc	360
ttcctacctg	acnacagng	accnnaaact	gcngcctggg	gacagcnctg	ggancagcta	420
acnagacact	cacctgcccc	cccatggccg	tnccctccct	tggtcctgnc	aagggaagct	480
ccctgttggg	attncggggg	naccaaaggga	ccccctcct	ccanctgtga	aggaaaaann	540
gatggaattt	tncccttcgg	gccnntcccc	tcttcttcta	cacgccccct	nntactcntc	600
tccctctntt	ntcctgncnc	acttttnacc	ccnnnatttc	ccttnattga	tcggannctn	660

ganattccac tnnccctnc cntcnatcng naanacnaaa nactntctna ccnnggggat 720
 gggnnccctcg ntcacccctct ctttttctct accnccnntt ctttgccctct ccttngatca
 780tccaacntc, gntggccntn cccccccnnn tccctttncc
 820

<210> 27
 <211> 818
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien
 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(818)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 27
 tctgggtgat ggcctcttcc tccctcaggga cctctgactg ctctgggcca aagaatctct 60
 tgtttcttct ccgagcccca ggcagcggtg attcagccct gcccaacctg attctgatga 120
 ctgaggatgc tgtgacggac ccaaggggca aatagggtcc cagggtccag ggaggggcgc 180
 ctgctgagca ctccgcccc tcacctgcc cagccctgc catgagctct gggctgggtc 240
 tccgcctcca gggttctgct cttccangca ngccancaa tggcgctggg ccacactggc 300
 ttcttctgc cccntccctg gctctganc tctgtcttcc tgtctgtgc angcncctg 360
 gatctcagtt tccctcctc anngaactct gttctgann tcttcantta actntgantt 420
 tatnaccnan tggnetgtnc tgtcnnactt taatgggcn gaccggctaa tccctccctc 480
 nctcccttcc anttcnnna accncttnc cntctctcc ccntancccg ccngggaanc 540
 ctcccttgcc ctnaccang gccnnnaccg cccntnctn ggggggcng gtnctnctc 600
 ctgntnccccc cnetcncnt tncctcgtcc cnnncnccn nngcanntc nngtcccn 660
 tnnctcttcn ngntcgnaa ngntcncntn tnnnnngn ngtntntcn tccctctcnc 720
 cnnntgnang tnntnnnnn ncnngncccc nnnncnnnn nggnntnnn tctnccnccg 780
 cccncccccc ngnattaagg cctcnnctc ccggccnc 818

<210> 28
 <211> 731
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien
 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(731)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 28
 aggaagggcg gagggatatt gtangggatt gagggatagg agnataangg gggaggtgtg 60
 tcccaacatg anggtgnngt tctcttttga angagggttg ngtttttann ccnggtgggt 120
 gattnaaccc cattgtatgg agnnaaaggn ttttagggat ttttcggctc ttatcagtat 180
 ntanattcct gtnaatcgga aaatnatntt tcnnccnggaa aatnttgctc ccatccgnaa 240
 attnctcccg ggtagtcat nttngggggn cngccangtt tcccaggctg ctanaatcgt 300
 actaaagntt naagtgggan tncaaatgaa aacctnnac agagnatccn tacccgactg 360
 tnnnttnct tcgccctntg actctgcng agccaatac ccnngnngnat gtcncccn 420
 nnnngcncnc tgaaannnnc tcngggctnn gancatcang gggtttcgca tcaaaagcnn 480
 cgttttncat naaggcactt tngcctcatc caaccnctng cctcnncca tttngccgtc 540
 nggttncct acgtntntg cncctnnntn ganattttnc ccgcctnggg naancctcct 600
 gnaatgggta gggnetntc ttttnaccnn gnggtntact aatcnnctnc acgntnctt 660
 tctcnacccc ccccttttt caatcccanc ggcnatggg gtctccccnn cgangggggg 720
 nnnccannc c 731

<210> 29
 <211> 822
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien
 <220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(822)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 29
 actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggggncc ttctatgant antnttagat 60
 cgctcanacc tcacancctc ccnacnangc ctataangaa nannaataga nctgtncnt 120
 atntntacnc tcatanncct cnnnaccacac tccctcttaa cccntactgt gcctatngcn 180
 tnnctantct ntgcgcctn cnanccaccn gtgggcnac cncnngnatt ctcnatctcc 240
 tcnccatntn gcctananta ngtncatacc ctatacctac nccaatgcta nnnctaancn 300
 tccatnantt annntaacta ccactgacnt ngactttcnc atnanctcct aatttgaatc 360
 tactctgact cccaengcct annnattagc ancntcccc nacnatntct caaccaaacc 420
 ntcaacaacc tatctantctg ttcnccaacc nttncctccg atccccnnac aacccccctc 480
 ccaaataccc nccacctgac ncctaaccn caccatcccg gcaagccnan ggnccatttan 540
 ccactggaat cacnatngga naaaaaaac ccnaactctc tancncnnat ctccctaana 600
 aatnctcctn naatttactn ncantnccat caancccaen tgaaacnnaa cccctgtttt 660
 tanatccctt ctttcgaaaa ccnacccttt annncccaac ctttngggcc ccccnctnc 720
 ccnaatgaag gncncccaat cnangaaacg nccntgaaaa ancnaaggcna anannntccg 780
 canatcctat cccttanttn ggggnccctt nccngggcc cc 822

<210> 30
 <211> 787
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(787)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 30
 cggcgcgctg ctctggcaca tgccctcctga atggcatcaa aagtgatgga ctgcccattg 60
 ctagagaaga ccttctctcc tactgtcatt atggagccct gcagactgag ggctcccctt 120
 gtctgcagga tttgatgtct gaagtcgtgg agtgtggcct ggagctcctc atctacatna 180
 gctggaagcc ctggagggcc tctctcgcca gcctccccct tctctccacg ctctccangg 240
 acaccagggg ctccaggcag cccattattc ccagnangac atgggtgtttc tccacgcgga 300
 cccatggggc ctgnaaggcc aggggtctcct ttgacaccat ctctcccgtc ctgcctggca 360
 ggccgtggga tccactantt ctanaacggn cgccaccncg gtgggagctc cagcttttgt 420
 tccnttaat gaaggttaat tgcncgcttg gcgtaatcat nggtcanaac tntttcctgt 480
 gtgaaattgt ttntccctc ncnattccnc ncnacatacn aacccggaan cataaagtgt 540
 taaagcctgg gggtnccctn nngaataaac tnaactcaat taattgcgtt ggctcatggc 600
 ccgctttccn ttcnngaaaa ctgtentccc ctgcnttntt gaatcgcca ccccccnggg 660
 aaaagcggtt tgcnttttng ggggntcctt ccncttcccc cctcnctaan cctnccgct 720
 cggtcgttnc nggtngcggg gaangggnat nnnctccnc naagggggng agnnngntat 780
 ccccaaa 787

<210> 31
 <211> 799
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(799)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 31
 tttttttttt tttttttggc gatgctactg ttttaattgca ggaggtgggg gtgtgtgtac 60
 catgtaccag ggctattaga agcaagaagg aaggaggag ggagagcgc cctgctgagc 120
 aacaaaggac tccctgcagc ttctctgtct gtctcttggc gcaggcacat ggggaggcct 180
 cccgcagggt gggggccacc agtccagggt tgggagcact acanggggtg ggagtgggtg 240
 gtggctggtt cnaatggcct gncacanac cctacgattc ttgacacctg gatttcacca 300

ggggaccttc	tggttctcca	nggnaacttc	ntnnatctcn	aaagaacaca	actgtttctt	360
cngcanttct	ggctgttcat	ggaaagcaca	ggtgtccnat	ttnggctggg	acttggtaca	420
tatggttcg	gccacactct	cccntcnaa	aagtaattca	ccccccccc	ccntctnttg	480
cctgggccct	taantaccca	caccggaact	canttantta	ttcatcttng	gntgggcttg	540
ntnatcnccn	cctgaangcg	ccaagttgaa	aggccaagcc	gtncnccnctc	cccatagnan	600
nttttnnct	canctaattgc	ccccccnggc	aacnatccaa	tccccccccc	tggggggcccc	660
agcccanggc	ccccgncctcg	ggnnnccngn	cncgnantcc	ccaggntctc	ccantcngnc	720
ccnnngcncc	cccgcacgca	gaacanaagg	ntngagccnc	cgcannnnnn	nggtnnccnac	780
ctcgccccc	ccnncgng					799

<210> 32
 <211> 789
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc feature
 <222> (1)...(789)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 32						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	60
tttttncnag	ggcaggttta	ttgacaacct	cncgggacac	aancaggctg	gggacaggac	120
ggcaacaggc	tccggcgcg	gcgggcgcg	ccctacctgc	ggtaccaa	ntgcagcctc	180
cgctcccgt	tgatnttct	ctgcagctgc	aggatgcent	aaaacagggc	ctcgccentn	240
ggtgggcacc	ctgggatttn	aatttccacg	ggcacaatgc	ggtcgcancc	cctcaccacc	300
nattaggaat	agtggtnnta	cccncncccg	ttggcncact	ccccntggaa	accacttntc	360
gcggtctcgg	catctggtct	taaaccttgc	aaacnctggg	gccctctttt	tggttantnt	420
nccngccaca	atcatnactc	agactggcnc	gggctggccc	caaaaaan	ccccaaaacc	480
ggncatgtc	ttnnccgggt	tgtcgcnatn	tncatcacct	cccgggcnc	ncaggncaac	540
ccaaaagttc	ttngggcccn	caaaaaanct	ccggggggnc	ccagtttcaa	caaagtcac	600
ccccttggcc	cccaaatcct	ccccccgntt	nctgggtttg	ggaacccacg	cctctnnctt	660
tggngggcaa	gntggntccc	ccttcggggc	cccgggtggc	ccnctcttaa	ngaaaacncc	720
ntcctnnnca	ccatccccc	nngnnacgnc	tancaangna	tccctttttt	tanaaacggg	780
ccccccnccg						789

<210> 33
 <211> 793
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc feature
 <222> (1)...(793)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 33						
gacagaacat	ggttgatggt	ggagcacctt	tctatacgac	ttacaggaca	gcagatgggg	60
aattcatggc	tggttgagca	atanaacccc	agttctacga	gctgctgatc	aaaggacttg	120
gactaaagtc	tgatgaactt	cccaatcaga	tgagcatgga	tgattggcca	gaaatgaana	180
agaagtttgc	agatgtattt	gcaaagaaga	cgaaggcaga	gtggtgtcaa	atctttgacg	240
gcacagatgc	ctgtgtgact	ccggttctga	cttttgagga	ggttggtcat	catgatcaca	300
acaangaacg	gggctcgttt	atcaccantg	aggagcagga	cgtgagcccc	cgccctgcac	360
ctctgctgtt	aaacacccca	gccatccctt	ctttcaaaag	ggatccacta	cttctagagc	420
ggncgccacc	gcggtggagc	tccagctttt	gttcccttta	gtgagggtta	attgcgcgct	480
tggcgtaatc	atggtcatan	ctgtttcctg	tgtgaaattg	ttatccgctc	acaattccac	540
acaacatacg	anccggaagc	atnaaatttt	aaagcctggg	ggtngcctaa	tgantgaact	600
nactcacatt	aattggcttt	gcgctcactg	cccgttttcc	agtcgggaaa	acctgtcctt	660
gccagctgcc	nttaatgaat	cnggccaccc	cccggggaaa	aggcngtttg	cttnttgggg	720
cgcncttccc	gctttctcgc	ttcctgaant	ccttccccc	ggtctttcgc	cttgccggcna	780
acggtatcna	cct					793

<210> 34
 <211> 756
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(756)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 34
 gccgcgaccg gcatgtacga gcaactcaag ggcgagtggg accgtaaaag ccccaatctt 60
 ancaagtgcg gggaanagct gggtcgactc aagctagttc ttctggagct caacttcttg 120
 ccaaccacag ggaccaagct gaccaaacag cagctaattc tggcccgtga catactggag 180
 atcgggggccc aatggagcat cctacgcaan gacatcccct ccttcgagcg ctacatggcc 240
 cagctcaaatt gctactactt tgattacaan gagcagctcc ccgagtcagc ctatatgcac 300
 cagctcttgg gcctcaacct cctcttcttg ctgtcccaga accgggtggc tgantnccac 360
 acgganttgg ancggtgcc tgcccanga catacanacc aatgtctaca tcnaccacca 420
 gtgtccttga gcaatactga tgganggcag ctaccncaaa gtnttcctgg ccnagggtaa 480
 catccccgcg cgagagctac accttcttca ttgacatcct gctcgacact atcaggggatg 540
 aaaatcgcn ggttgctcca gaaaggctnc aanaanatcc ttttcnctga aggcccccgg 600
 atnncntagt nctagaatcg gcccgccatc gcggtgganc ctccaacctt tcgttnccct 660
 ttactgaggg ttntattgccg cccttgccgt tatcatggtc acnccngttn cctgtgttga 720
 aattnttaac ccccacaat tccacgcna cattn 756

<210> 35
 <211> 834
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(834)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 35
 ggggatctct anatcnacct gnatgcatgg ttgtcgggtg ggctcgtgtc gatgaanatg 60
 aacaggatct tgcccttgaa gctctcggtc gctgtnttta agttgctcag tctgccgtca 120
 tagtcagaca cncctctggg caaaaaacan caggatntga gtcttgattt cacctccaat 180
 aatcttcnng gctgtctgct cgggtgaactc gatgacnang ggcagctggg tgtgtntgat 240
 aaantccanc angttctcct tgggtacctc cccttcaaag ttgttccggc cttcatcaa 300
 cttctnnaan angannancc canctttgtc gagctggnat ttgganaaca cgtcactggt 360
 ggaaactgat cccaaatggt atgtcatcca tcgcctctgc tgccctgcaa aaacttgctt 420
 ggcncaaatc cgactcccn tccttgaaag aagccnatca cacccccctc cctggactcc 480
 nncaangact ctncgcctnc ccnctcnng cagggttggg ggcanncgg gcccntgcgc 540
 ttcttcagcc agttcacnat nttcatcagc ccctctgcca gctgtntat tccttggggg 600
 ggaanccgtc tctcccttcc tgaannaact ttgaccgtng gaatagccgc gcntcnccnt 660
 acntnctggg ccgggttcaa antccctcnc ttgncnntcn cctcgggcca ttctggattt 720
 nccnaacttt ttcttcccc cncnccnccg ngtttgntt tttcatnngg ccccaactct 780
 gctnttggcc antccctggg ggcnctntan cncnccctnt ggtcccntng ggcc 834

<210> 36
 <211> 814
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(814)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 36

cgngcgcgttt	ccngccgcgc	cccgtttcca	tgacnaaggc	tcccttcang	ttaaatacnn	60
cctagnaaac	attaatgggt	tgctctacta	atacatcata	cnaaccagta	agcctgcca	120
naacgccaac	tcaggccatt	cctaccaaag	gaagaaaggc	tggtctctcc	acccctgta	180
ggaaaggcct	gccttgtaag	acaccacaat	ncggctgaat	ctnaagtctt	gtgttttact	240
aatggaaaaa	aaaaataaac	aanagggttt	gttctcatgg	ctgcccaccg	cagcctggca	300
ctaaaacanc	ccagcgctca	cttctgcttg	ganaaatatt	ctttgctctt	ttggacatca	360
ggcttgatgg	tatcactgcc	acntttccac	ccagctgggc	ncctttcccc	catntttgtc	420
antganctgg	aaggcctgaa	ncttagtctc	caaaagtctc	ngcccacaag	accggccacc	480
aggggagntc	ntttncagtg	gatctgccaa	anantaccn	tatcatcnnt	gaataaaaag	540
gcccctgaac	ganatgcttc	cancancctt	taagacccat	aatcctngaa	ccatgggtgc	600
cttcgggtct	gatecnaaag	gaatgttcc	gggtcccant	ccctcctttg	ttntttacgt	660
tgtnttgac	cctngctngn	atnaccnaan	tganatcccc	ngaagcacc	tnccctggc	720
atttganttt	cntaaattct	ctgccctacn	nctgaaagca	cnattccctn	ggcnccnaan	780
gngaaactca	agaaggtctn	ngaaaaacca	cncn			814

<210> 37
 <211> 760
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(760)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 37						
gcatgctgct	cttctcaaaa	gttgttcttg	ttgccataac	aaccaccata	ggtaaagcgg	60
gcgcagtgtt	cgtggaagg	gtttagtagt	cagcgcgga	tgctctcctt	gcagagtcct	120
gtgtctggca	gggtccacgca	atgccctttg	tcactgggga	aatggatgcg	ctggagctcg	180
tcnaanccac	tcgtgtattt	ttcacangca	gcctcctccg	aagcntccgg	gcagttgggg	240
gtgtcgtcac	actccactaa	actgtcgatn	cancagccca	ttgctgcagc	ggaactgggt	300
gggctgacag	gtgccagaac	acactggatn	ggcctttcca	tggaaggggc	tgggggaaat	360
cncctnanc	caaatgcct	ctcaaaggcc	accttgaca	ccccgacagg	ctagaaatgc	420
actcttcttc	ccaaaggtag	ttgttcttgt	tgcccaagca	ncctccanca	aaccaaanc	480
ttgcaaaatc	tgctccgtgg	gggtcatnnn	taccanggtt	ggggaaanaa	acccggcngn	540
ganccncctt	gtttgaatgc	naaggnaata	atcctcctgt	cttgcttggg	tggaanagca	600
caattgaact	gttaacnttg	ggccnggttc	cncnnggtg	gtctgaaact	aatcaccgtc	660
actggaaaaa	ggtangtgcc	ttccttgaat	tcccaaantt	cccctngntt	tgggtntttt	720
ctcctctncc	ctaaaaatcg	tnttcccccc	cctanggcg			760

<210> 38
 <211> 724
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(724)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 38						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttaaaaa	ccccctccat	tgaatgaaaa	60
cttcnnaaat	tgtccaaccc	cctcnnccaa	atnnccattt	ccgggggggg	gttccaaacc	120
caaatataat	ttgganttta	aattaaatnt	tnattngggg	aanaanccaa	atgtnaagaa	180
aatttaaccc	attatnaact	taaatnctn	gaaaccntg	gnttccaaaa	atttttaacc	240
cttaaattcc	tccgaaattg	ntaanggaaa	accaaattcn	cctaaggctn	tttgaagggt	300
ngatttaaac	ccccttnant	tnttttnacc	cnnngctnaa	ntatttngnt	tccggtgttt	360
tctntntaan	cntnggtaac	tcccgnata	gaannnccct	aanccaatta	aaccgaattt	420
tttttgaatt	ggaaattccn	ngggaattna	ccggggtttt	tcccntttgg	gggccatncc	480
ccncttttgc	gggtttgggn	ntaggttgaa	tttttnnang	ncccaaaaaa	ncccccaana	540
aaaaaactcc	caagnnttaa	ttngaantnc	ccccttccca	ggccttttgg	gaaaggnggg	600
ttnttggggg	ccngggantt	cnttcccccn	ttncncccc	cccccnnggt	aaanggttat	660

ngnntttggt ttttgggcc cttnanggac cttccggatn gaaattaaat ccccgggncg 720
gccg 724

<210> 39
<211> 751
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(751)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 39
tttttttttt tttttctttg ctcacattta atttttattt tgattttttt taatgctgca 60
caacacaata tttatttcat ttgtttcttt tatttcattt tatttgtttg ctgctgctgt 120
tttattttatt tttactgaaa gtgagaggga acttttgggg ccttttttcc tttttctgta 180
ggcgcctta agcttttctaa atttggaaca tctaagcaag ctgaanggaa aaggggggtt 240
cgcaaaatca ctccgggggaa nggaaagggt gctttgttaa tcatgcccta tgggtgggtga 300
ttaactgctt gtacaattac ntttcacttt taatt'aattg tgctnaangc ttt'aattana 360
cttgggggtt cctcctccan accaaccctc ctgacaaaaa gtgccngccc tcaaatnatg 420
tcccggcnnt cnttgaaaca cacngcngaa ngttctcatt ntcccnnc caggtnaaaa 480
tgaagggtta ccatntttta cncacctcc acntggcnnn gcctgaatcc tcnaaaan 540
cctcaan 600
caccctcnga annctntnnc naacnaaatt ccgaaaatat tccnntcnc tcaattcccc 660
cnnagactnt cctcnnn 720
nnnnncctc cncnngtcn naatcnccan c 751

<210> 40
<211> 753
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(753)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 40
gtggtatttt ctgtaagatc aggtgttcct cctcgtagg ttttagaggaa acaccctcat 60
agatgaaaac ccccccgaga cagcagcact gcaactgcc aagcagccgg gtaggagggg 120
cgccctatgc acagctgggc ccttgagaca gcagggttc gatgtcaggc tcgatgtcaa 180
tggtctggaa gggcggtg tactgctga ggggcacacc gtcagggcc accaggaact 240
tctcaaagt ccaggcaacn tcgttgcgac acaccggaga ccagggtatn agcttgggt 300
cggtcataan cgcgggtggc tcgtcgtgg gagctggcag ggcctcccgc aggaaggcna 360
ataaaagggt cgcctccgca ccgttcant cgcacttctc naanaccatg angttgggt 420
cnaaccacc accannccg acttccttga nggaattccc aaatctctc gntcttgggc 480
ttctnctgat gccctantg gttgccnng atgccancc nccccancc ccgggtcct 540
aaanaccn cctcctctt tcatctgggt tntntcccc ggaccttgg tctctcaag 600
gganccata tctcnaccn tactcaccnt nccccccnt gnnaccanc cttctanngn 660
ttccncccg nctctggc cntcaaanan gcttnacna cctgggtctg cttcccccc 720
tncctatct gnaccnccn tttgtctcan tnt 753

<210> 41
<211> 341
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 41
actatatcca tcacaacaga catgcttcat cccatagact tcttgacata gcttcaaag 60
agtgaacca tcttgattt atatacatat atgttctcag tattttggga gcctttccac 120
ttctttaaac cttgttcatt atgaacactg aaaataggaa tttgtgaaga gttaaaaag 180

18

tatagcttgt	ttacgtagta	agtttttgaa	gtctacattc	aatccagaca	cttagttgag	240
tgttaaactg	tgatttttta	aaaatatcat	ttgagaatat	tctttcagag	gtattttcat	300
ttttactttt	tgattaattg	tgttttatat	attagggtag	t		341

<210> 42
 <211> 101
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 42						
acttactgaa	tttagttctg	tgctcttcct	tatttagtgt	tgtatcataa	atactttgat	60
gtttcaaaca	ttctaaataa	ataattttca	gtggcttcac	a		101

<210> 43
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 43						
acatctttgt	tacagtctaa	gatgtgttct	taaatcacca	ttccttctctg	gtcctcaccc	60
tccagggtgg	tctcacactg	taattagagc	tattgaggag	tctttacagc	aaattaagat	120
tcagatgcct	tgctaagtct	agagttctag	agttatgttt	cagaaagtct	aagaaaccca	180
cctcttgaga	ggtcagtaaa	gaggacttaa	tatttcatat	ctacaaaatg	accacaggat	240
tggatacaga	acgagagtta	tcctggataa	ctcagagctg	agtacctgcc	cgggggccgc	300
tcgaa						305

<210> 44
 <211> 852
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(852)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 44						
acataaatat	cagagaaaag	tagtctttga	aatattttacg	tccaggagtt	ctttgtttct	60
gattatttgg	tgtgtgtttt	ggtttgtgtc	caaagtattg	gcagcttcag	ttttcatttt	120
ctctccatcc	tcgggcattc	ttcccaaatt	tatataccag	tcttcgtcca	tccacacgct	180
ccagaatttc	tctttttag	taatatctca	tagctcggtc	gagcttttca	taggtcatgc	240
tgctgttgtt	cttcttttta	ccccatagct	gagccactgc	ctctgatttc	aagaacctga	300
agacgccctc	agatcgggtc	tcccatttta	ttaatcctgg	gttcttgtct	gggttcaaga	360
ggatgtcgcg	gatgaattcc	cataagttag	tccctctcgg	gttgtgtctt	ttggtgtggc	420
acttggcagg	ggggtcttgc	tcctttttca	tatcaggtga	ctctgcaaca	ggaaggtgac	480
tggtggttgt	catggagatc	tgagcccggc	agaaagtttt	gctgtccaac	aaatctactg	540
tgctaccata	gttgggtgtca	tataaatagt	tctngtcttt	ccagggtgtc	atgatggaag	600
gctcagtttg	ttcagtcctg	acaatgacat	tgtgtgtgga	ctggaacagg	tcactactgc	660
actggccgtt	ccacttcaga	tgctgcaagt	tgctgtagag	gagntgccc	gccgtccctg	720
ccgcccgggt	gaactcctgc	aaactcatgc	tgcaaagggt	ctcgccgttg	atgtcgaact	780
cntggaaaag	gatacaattg	gcattccagct	ggttggtgtc	caggagggtga	tggagccact	840
cccacacctg	gt					852

<210> 45
 <211> 234
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 45						
acaacagacc	cttgctcgct	aacgacctca	tgtcatcaa	gttgacgaa	tccgtgtccg	60
agtctgacac	catccggagc	atcagcattg	cttcgcagtg	ccctaccgcg	gggaactctt	120
gcctcgtttc	tggtgggggt	ctgctggcga	acggcagaat	gcctaccgtg	ctgcagtgcg	180

tgaacgtgtc ggtggtgtct gaggaggtct gcagtaagct ctatgacccg ctgt 234

<210> 46
<211> 590
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(590)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 46
actttttatt taaatgttta taaggcagat ctatgagaat gatagaaaac atggtgtgta 60
atttgatagc aatatttttg agattacaga gttttagtaa ttaccaatta cacagttaaa 120
aagaagataa tatattccaa gcanatacaa aatatctaata gaaagatcaa ggcaggaaaa 180
tgantataac taattgacaa tggaaaatca attttaatgt gaattgcaca ttatccttta 240
aaagcttttca aaanaaanaa ttattgcagt ctanttaatt caaacagtgt taaatgggtat 300
caggataaan aactgaaggg canaaagaat taattttcac ttcatgtaac ncaccanant 360
ttacaatggc ttaaatgcan ggaaaaagca gtggaagtag ggaagtantc aaggtctttc 420
tggtctctaa tctgccttac tctttgggtg tggctttgat cctctggaga cagctgccag 480
ggctcctgtt atatccacaa tcccagcagc aagatgaagg gatgaaaaag gacacatgct 540
gccttccttt gaggaagactt catctcactg gccaacactc agtcacatgt 590

<210> 47
<211> 774
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(774)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 47
acaagggggc ataatgaagg agtgggggana gatttttaag aaggaaaaaa aacgaggccc 60
tgaacagaat ttctcctgnac aacgggggctt caaaataatt ttcttgggga ggttcaagac 120
gcttcactgc ttgaaactta aatggatgtg ggacanaatt ttctgtaatg accctgaggg 180
cattacagac gggactcttg gaggaaggat aaacagaaaag gggacaaaag ctaatcccaa 240
aacatcaaag aaaggaaggt ggcgtcatac ctcccagcct acacagttct ccagggtctt 300
cctcatccct ggaggacgac agtggaggaa caactgacca tgtccccagg ctctgtgtg 360
ctggctcctg gtcttcagcc cccagctctg gaagcccacc ctctgctgat cctgctggc 420
ccacactcct tgaacacaca tcccaggtt atattcctgg acatggctga acctcctatt 480
cctacttccg agatgccttg ctccctgcag cctgtcaaaa tcccactcac cctccaaacc 540
acggcatggg aagcctttct gacttgcctg attactccag catcttggaa caatccctga 600
ttccccactc cttagaggca agataggggtg gttaagagta gggctggacc acttggagcc 660
aggtctgttg cttcaaattt tggtcattt acgagctatg ggaccttggg caagtnatct 720
tcacttctat gggcntcatt ttgttctacc tgcaaaatgg gggataataa tagt 774

<210> 48
<211> 124
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(124)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 48
canaaattga aattttataa aaaggcattt ttctcttata tccataaaat gatataattt 60
ttgcaantat anaaatgtgt cataaattat aatgttcctt aattacagct caacgcaact 120

tggt 124

<210> 49
 <211> 147
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(147)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 49
 gccgatgcta ctatatttatt gcaggaggtg ggggtgtttt tattattctc tcaacagctt 60
 tgtggctaca ggtggtgtct gactgcatna aaaanttttt tacgggtgat tgcaaaaatt 120
 ttagggcacc catatcccaa gcantgt 147

<210> 50
 <211> 107
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 50
 acattaaatt aataaaaagga ctgttgggggt tctgctaaaa cacatggctt gatattattgc 60
 atggttttgag gttaggagga gttaggcata tgttttggga gaggggt 107

<210> 51
 <211> 204
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 51
 gtcctaggaa gtctagggga cacacgactc tggggtcacg gggccgacac acttgcacgg 60
 cggaaggaa aggcagagaa gtgacaccgt cagggggaaa tgacagaaag gaaaatcaag 120
 gccttgcaag gtcagaaaagg ggactcaggg ctccaccac agccctgcc cacttggcca 180
 cctccctttt gggaccagca atgt 204

<210> 52
 <211> 491
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(491)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 52
 acaaagataa catttatctt ataacaaaaa tttgatagtt ttaaagggtta gtattgtgta 60
 ggggtattttc caaaagacta aagagataac tcaggtaaaa agttagaaat gtataaaaaca 120
 ccatcagaca ggttttttaa aaacaacata ttacaaaatt agacaatcat ccttaaaaaa 180
 aaaacttctt gtatcaattt cttttgttca aaatgactga cttaantatt tttaaattatt 240
 tcanaaacac ttctcaaaaa attttcaana tggtagcttt canatgtnc ctcagtccca 300
 atgttgctca gataaataaa tctcgtgaga acttaccacc caccacaagc tttctggggc 360
 atgcaacagt gtcttttctt tnccttttct tttttttttt ttacaggcac agaaactcat 420
 caattttatt tggataacaa aggtgtctcca aattatattg aaaaataaat ccaagttaat 480
 atcactcttg t 491

<210> 53
 <211> 484
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(484)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 53
 acataattta gcagggctaa ttaccataag atgctattta ttaanaggtn tatgatctga 60
 gtattaacag ttgctgaagt ttggtatttt tatgcagcat tttctttttg ctttgataac 120
 actacagaac ccttaaggac actgaaaatt agtaagtaaa gttcagaaac attagctgct 180
 caatcaaadc tctacataac actatagtaa ttaaaacggt aaaaaaaagt gttgaaatct 240
 gcactagtat anaccgctcc tgtcaggata anactgcttt ggaacagaaa gggaaaaanc 300
 agcttttgant ttctttgtgc tgatangagg aaaggctgaa ttaccttggt gcctctccct 360
 aatgattggc aggtcnggta aatnccaaaa catattccaa ctcaacactt cttttccncg 420
 tancttgant ctgtgtattc caggancagg cggatggaat gggccagccc ncggatgttc 480
 cant 484

<210> 54
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 54
 actaaacctc gtgcttgtga actccataca gaaaacggtg ccattccctga acacggctgg 60
 ccactgggta tactgtgtgac aaccgcaaca aaaaaaacac aaatccttgg cactggctag 120
 tctatgtcct ctcaagtgcc tttttgtttg t 151

<210> 55
 <211> 91
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 55
 acctggcttg tctccgggtg gttcccggcg cccccacgg tccccagaac ggacactttc 60
 gccctccagt ggatactcga gccaaagtgg t 91

<210> 56
 <211> 133
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 56
 ggcggatgtg cggttggtat atacaaatat gtcattttat gtaagggact tgagtatact 60
 tggatttttg gtatctgtgg gttgggggga cgggccagga accaataccc catggatacc 120
 aagggacaac tgt 133

<210> 57
 <211> 147
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(147)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 57
 actctggaga acctgagccg ctgctccgcc tctgggatga ggtgatgcan gcngtggcgc 60
 gactgggagc tgagcccttc cctttgcgcc tgccctcagag gattgttgcc gacntgcana 120
 tctcantggg ctggtatncat gcagggt 147

<210> 58

<211> 198
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(198)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 58
 acagggatat aggtttnaag ttattgtnat tgtaaaatac attgaatttt ctgtatactc 60
 tgattacata cattttatcct ttaaaaaaga tgtaaatcct aatttttatg ccatctatta 120
 attaccaat gagttacctt gtaaatgaga agtcatgata gcactgaatt ttaactagtt 180
 ttgacttcta agtttggt 198

<210> 59
 <211> 330
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 59
 acaacaaatg gggtgtgagg aagtcttatac agcaaaactg gtgatggcta ctgaaaagat 60
 ccattgaaaa ttatcattaa tgattttaaa tgacaagtta tcaaaaactc actcaatttt 120
 cacctgtgct agcttgctaa aatgggagtt aactctagag caaatatagt atcttctgaa 180
 tacagtcaat aaatgacaaa gccagggcct acaggtggtt tccagacttt ccagaccag 240
 cagaaggaat ctattttatc acatggatct ccgtctgtgc tcaaaatacc taatgatatt 300
 tttcgtcttt attggacttc tttgaagagt 330

<210> 60
 <211> 175
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 60
 accgtgggtg ccttctacat tcttgacggc tcttccacca acatctggtt ctacttcggc 60
 gtcgtgggct ccttctctt cctctcctc cagctgggtg tgcctatcga ctttgcgac 120
 tcttggaacc agcgggtggct gggcaaggcc gaggagtgcg attcccgtgc ctggt 175

<210> 61
 <211> 154
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 61
 accccacttt tcttctgtg agcagtctgg acttctcact gctacatgat gaggggtgagt 60
 gggtgttgct cttcaacagt atcttccct ttcgggatct gctgagccgg acagcagtgc 120
 tggactgcac agccccggg ctccacattg ctgt 154

<210> 62
 <211> 30
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 62
 cgctcgagcc ctatagttag tcgtattaga 30

<210> 63
 <211> 89
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 63

acaagtcatt tcagcaccct ttgctcttca aaactgacca tcttttatat ttaatgcttc 60
ctgtatgaat aaaaatggtt atgtcaagt 89

<210> 64
<211> 97
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 64
accggagtaa ctgagtcggg acgctgaatc tgaatccacc aataaataaa ggttctgcag 60
aatcagtgca tccaggattg gtccttggat ctggggg 97

<210> 65
<211> 377
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(377)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 65
acaacaanaa ntcccttctt taggccactg atggaaacct ggaaccccct tttgatggca 60
gcatggcgct ctaggccttg acacagcggc tggggtttgg gctntcccaa accgcacacc 120
ccaaccctgg tctaccacaca nttctggcta tgggctgtct ctgccactga acatcagggt 180
tcggtcataa natgaaatcc caanggggac agaggtcagt agaggaagct caatgagaaa 240
ggtgctgttt gctcagccag aaaacagctg cctggcattc gccgctgaac tatgaaccg 300
tgggggtgaa ctacccccc gaggaatcat gcctgggcga tgcaanggtg ccaacaggag 360
gggcgggagg agcatgt 377

<210> 66
<211> 305
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 66
acgcctttcc ctcagaattc agggaagaga ctgtcgctg ccttccctccg ttgttgctg 60
agaaccctg tgccccttcc caccatatcc accctcgctc catctttgaa ctcaaacacg 120
aggaaactaac tgcaccctgg tctctctccc agtccccagt tcacctcca tccctcacct 180
tctccactc taagggatat caacactgcc cagcacaggg gccctgaatt tatgtggtt 240
ttatatattt ttaataaga tgcactttat gtcattttt aataaagtct gaagaattac 300
tggtt 305

<210> 67
<211> 385
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 67
actacacaca ctccacttgc ccttggtgaga cactttgtcc cagcacttta ggaatgctga 60
ggtcggacca gccacatctc atgtgcaaga ttgccagca gacatcagggt ctgagagttc 120
cccttttaaa aaaggggact tgcttaaaaa agaagtctag ccacgattgt gtagagcagc 180
tgtgctgtgc tggagattca cttttgagag agttctctc tgagacctga tctttagagg 240
ctgggcagtc ttgcacatga gatggggctg gtctgatctc agcactcctt agtctgcttg 300
cctctcccag ggcccagcc tggccacacc tgcttacagg gcactctcag atgcccatat 360
catagtttct gtgctagtgg accgt 385

<210> 68
<211> 73
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 68
 acttaaccag atatattttt accccagatg gggatattct ttgtaaaaaa tgaaaaataaa 60
 gtttttttaa tgg 73

<210> 69
 <211> 536
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(536)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 69
 actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggggctc tcaccctcct ctctgcagc 60
 tccagctttg tgctctgcct ctgaggagac catggcccag catctgagta ccctgctgct 120
 cctgctggcc accctagctg tggccctggc ctggagcccc aaggaggagg ataggataat 180
 cccgggtggc atctataacg cagacctcaa tgatgagtgg gtacagcgtg cccttcactt 240
 cgccatcagc gagtataaca aggccaccaa agatgactac tacagacgtc cgctgcgggt 300
 actaagagcc aggaacaga ccgttggggg ggtgaattac ttcttcgacg tagagggtggg 360
 ccgaaccata tgtaccaagt ccagcccaa ctgggacacc tgtgccttcc atgaacagcc 420
 agaactgcag aagaaacagt tgtgctcttt cgagatctac gaagttccct ggggagaaca 480
 gaangtcctt gggtgaaatc caggtgtcaa gaaatcctan ggatctgttg ccaggc 536

<210> 70
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 70
 atgacccta acaggggccc tctcagccct cctaattgacc tccggcctag ccatgtgatt 60
 tcaattccac tcataacgc tctcataact aggcctacta accaaccacac taaccatata 120
 ccaatgatgg cgcgatgtaa cacgagaaaag cacataccaa ggccaccaca caccacctgt 180
 ccaaaaaggc cttcgatacg ggataatcct atttattacc tcagaagtgtt ttttcttcgc 240
 agggattttt ctgagccttt taccactcca gcctagcccc taccocccaa ctaggagggc 300
 actggccccc aacaggcctc accccgctaa atcccctaga agtcccactc ctaaacacat 360
 ccgtattact cgcctcagga gtatcaatca cctgagctca ccatagtcta atagaaaaca 420
 accgaaacca aattattcaa agcactgctt attacaattt tactgggtct ctatttt 477

<210> 71
 <211> 533
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(533)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 71
 agagctatag gtacagtgtg atctcagctt tgcaaacaca ttttctacat agatagtact 60
 aggtattaat agatatgtaa agaaagaaat cacaccatta ataattgtaa gattgggttta 120
 tgtgatttta gtgggtatttt tggcaccctt atatattgtt tccaaacttt cagcagtgt 180
 attattttcca taacttaaaa agtgagtttg aaaaagaaaa tctccagcaa gcatctcatt 240
 taaataaagg tttgtcatct ttaaaaatac agcaatatgt gactttttta aaaagctgtc 300
 aaataggtgt gaccctacta ataattatta gaaatacatt taaaaacatc gagtacctca 360
 agtcagtttg ccttgaaaaa tatcaaatat aactcttaga gaaatgtaca taaaagaatg 420
 cttcgtaatt ttggagtang aggttccctc ctcaattttg tattttttaa aagtacatgg 480
 taaaaaaaaa aattcacacac agtatataag gctgtaaaat gaagaattct gcc 533

<210> 72

<211> 511
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(511)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 72
 tattacggaa aaacacacca cataattcaa ctancaaaga anaactgcttc agggcgtgta 60
 aaatgaaagg cttccaggca gttatctgat taaagaacac taaaagaggg acaaggctaa 120
 aagccgcagg atgtctacac tatancaggc gctatttggg ttggctggag gagctgtgga 180
 aaacatggan agattggtgc tgganacgc cgtggctatt cctcattgtt attacanagt 240
 gaggttctct gtgtgcccac tggtttgaaa accgttctnc aataatgata gaatagtaca 300
 cacatgagaa ctgaaatggc ccaaaccag aaagaaagcc caactagatc ctcagaanac 360
 gcttctaggg acaataaccg atgaagaaaa gatggcctcc ttgtgcccc gtctgttatg 420
 atttctctcc attgcagcna naaaccggtt ctcttaagca aacncagggtg atgatggcna 480
 aaatacaccc cctcttgaag naccnggagg a 511

<210> 73
 <211> 499
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(499)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 73
 cagtgccagc actggtgccg gtaccagtag caataacagt gccagtgccg gtgccagcac 60
 cagtgggtggc ttcagtgtcg gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctacattttg ggctcttcgc 120
 tggccttggg ggagctgggt ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta 180
 caagtgagat tttagatatt gttaatcctg ccagctcttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac 240
 ctcagaaacc tactcaacac agcactctag gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttagaca 300
 ctctgcatta aatctatttg ccatttctga aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaggg cggccgctcg 360
 antctagagg gcccgtttaa acccgctgat cagcctcgac tgtgccttct anttgccagc 420
 catctgttgt ttgcccctcc cccgntgcct tccttgacct tggaaagtgc cactcccat 480
 gtcctttcct aantaaaat 499

<210> 74
 <211> 537
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(537)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 74
 tttcatagga gaacacactg aggagatact tgaagaattt ggattcagcc gcgaagagat 60
 ttatcagctt aactcagata aaatcattga aagtaataag gtaaaagcta gtctctaact 120
 tccaggccca cggtcaagt gaatttgaat actgcattta cagtgtagag taacacataa 180
 cattgtatgc atggaaacat ggaggaacag tattacagtg tcctaccact ctaatcaaga 240
 aaagaattac agactctgat tctacagtga tgattgaatt ctaaaaatgg taatcattag 300
 ggcttttgat ttataanaact ttgggtactt atactaaatt atggtagtta tactgccttc 360
 cagtttgcct gatataattg ttgatattaa gattcttgac ttatatattg aatgggttct 420
 actgaaaaan gaatgatata ttcttgaaga catcgatata catttattta cactcttgat 480
 tctacaatgt agaaaatgaa ggaaatgccc caaattgtat ggtgataaaa gtcccg 537

<210> 75
 <211> 467
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(467)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 75
 caaanacaat tgttcaaaag atgcaaatga tacactactg ctgcagctca caaacacctc 60
 tgcatattac acgtacacct ccctgctcct caagtagtgt ggtctatatt gccatcatca 120
 cctgctgtct gcttagaaga acggctttct gctgcaangg agagaaatca taacagacgg 180
 tggcacaagg aggccatctt ttctcatcgc gttattgtcc ctagaagcgt cttctgagga 240
 tctagtggg ctttctttct gggtttgggc catttcantt ctcatgtgtg tactattcta 300
 tcattattgt ataacgggtt tcaaaccngt gggcaacncag agaacctcac tctgtaataa 360
 caatgaggaa tagccacggg gatctocagc accaaatctc tccatgttnt tccagagctc 420
 ctccagccaa cccaaatagc cgctgctatn gtgtagaaca tccctgn 467

<210> 76
 <211> 400
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(400)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 76
 aagctgacag cattcggggc gagatgtctc gctccgtggc cttagctgtg ctgcgcgtac 60
 tctctctttc tggcctggag gctatccagc gtactccaaa gattcagggt tactcagctc 120
 atccagcaga gaatggaaag tcaaatttcc tgaattgcta tgtgtctggg tttcatccat 180
 ccgacattga agttgactta ctgaagaatg gagagagaat tgaaaaagt gagcattcag 240
 acttgtcttt cagcaaggac tggctctttct atctcttgta ctacactgaa ttcaacccca 300
 ctgaaaaaga tgagtatgcc tgccgtgtga accatgtgac tttgtcacag cccaagatng 360
 ttnagtggga tcganacatg taagcagcan catgggagggt 400

<210> 77
 <211> 248
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 77
 ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagcccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct 60
 ccagctgccc cggcggggga tgcgaggctc ggagcaccct tgcccggctg tgattgctgc 120
 caggcactgt tcacttcagc ttttctgtcc ctttgcctcc ggcaagcgt tctgctgaaa 180
 gttcatatct ggagcctgat gtcttaacga ataaaggctc catgctccac ccgaaaaaaa 240
 aaaaaaaa 248

<210> 78
 <211> 201
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 78
 actagtcag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccac cacaatggct acctttaaca 60
 tcacccagac ccgcacctgc ccgtgccccac cgctgctgct aacgacagta tgatgcttac 120
 tctgctactc ggaaactatt tttatgtaat taatgtatgc tttcttgttt ataaatgcct 180
 gatttaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a 201

<210> 79
 <211> 552
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(552)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 79
tccttttgggt aggtttttga gacaacccta gacctaaact gtgtcacaga cttctgaatg      60
tttaggcagt gctagtaatt tcctcgtaat gattctgtta ttactttcct attctttatt      120
cctctttctt ctgaagatta atgaagttga aaattgaggt ggataaatac aaaaaggtag      180
tgtgatagta taagtatcta agtgcagatg aaagtgtgtt atatatatcc attcaaaatt      240
atgcaagtta gtaattactc aggggttaact aaattacttt aatatgctgt tgaacctact      300
ctgttccttg gctagaaaaa attataaaaca ggactttgtt agtttgggaa gccaaattga      360
taatattcta tgttctaaaa gttgggctat acataaanta tnaagaaata tggaaatttta      420
ttccaggaa tatgggggttc atttatgaat antaccggg anagaagttt tgantnaaac      480
cngttttggt taatacgta atatgtcctn aatnaacaag gcntgactta tttccaaaaa      540
aaaaaaaaaa aa                                     552
  
```

<210> 80
 <211> 476
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(476)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 80
acagggattt gagatgctaa ggccccagag atcgtttgat ccaaccctct tattttcaga      60
ggggaaaatg gggcctagaa gttacagagc atctagctgg tgcgctggca cccctggcct      120
cacacagact cccgagtagc tgggactaca ggcacacagt cactgaagca ggccctgttt      180
gcaattcacg ttgccacctc caacttaaac attcttcata tgtgatgtcc ttagtcacta      240
agggttaaact ttcccaccca gaaaaggcaa cttagataaa atcttagagt actttcatac      300
tcttctaagt cctcttccag cctcactttg agtccctcctt ggggggttgat aggaantntc      360
tcttggtttt ctcaataaaa tctctatcca tctcatgttt aatttggtac gcntaaaaat      420
gctgaaaaaa ttaaaatggt ctggtttcnc tttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa      476
  
```

<210> 81
 <211> 232
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(232)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 81
tttttttttg tatgcctnctn ctgtgnggtt attgttgctg ccaccctgga ggagcccagt      60
ttcttctgta tctttctttt ctgggggatc ttcttggtc tggccctcca tcccagcct      120
ctcatcccca tcttgacttt ttgctagggt tggaggcgct ttcttggtag cccctcagag      180
actcagtcag cggaataaag tcctaggggt ggggggtgtg gcaagccggc ct                232
  
```

<210> 82
 <211> 383
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(383)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 82
 aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactggtgcc 60
 agtaccagta ccaataacat gccagtgcc gtgccagcac cagtgggtggc ttcagtgtg 120
 gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctcttcgc tggccttggg ggagctgggt 180
 ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta caagtgagat tttagatatt 240
 gttaatcctg ccagtctttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac ctcagaaacc tactcaacac 300
 agcactctng gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca ctctgcatta aatctatttg 360
 ccatttcaaa aaaaaaaaaaaa aaa 383

<210> 83
 <211> 494
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(494)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 83
 accgaattgg gaccgtggc ttataagcga tcatgtcttc cagtattacc tcaacgagca 60
 gggagatcga gtctatacgc tgaagaaatt tgaccgatg ggacaacaga cctgctcagc 120
 ccatacctgct cgggttctccc cagatgacaa atactctcga caccgaatca ccatcaagaa 180
 acgcttcaag gtgctcatga cccagcaacc gcgccctgtc ctctgagggg ccttaaactg 240
 atgtcttttc tgccacctgt taccctcgg agactccgta accaaactct tcggactgtg 300
 agccctgatg cctttttgcc agccatactc tttggcntcc agtctctcgt ggcgattgat 360
 tatgcttggt tgaggcaatc atggtggcat caccatnaa gggaaacacat ttgantttt 420
 tttcncatat tttaaattac naccagaata nttcagaata aatgaattga aaaactctta 480
 aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 494

<210> 84
 <211> 380
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(380)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 84
 gctggtagcc tatggcgtgg ccacggangg gctcctgagg cacgggacag tgacttccca 60
 agtatcctgc gccgcgtctt ctaccgtccc tacctgcaga tcttcgggca gattccccag 120
 gaggacatgg acgtggccct catggagcac agcaactgct cgtcggagcc cggcttcttg 180
 gcacaccctc ctggggccca ggccggccacc tgcgtctccc agtatgccaa ctggctgggtg 240
 gtgctgtccc tcgtcatctt cctgctcgtg gccaacatcc tgctgggtcac ttgctcattg 300
 ccatgttcag ttacacattc ggcaaagtac agggcaacag cnatctctac tgggaaggcc 360
 agcgtnccg cctcatccg 380

<210> 85
 <211> 481
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(481)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 85

gagtttagctc	ctccacaacc	ttgatgaggt	cgtctgcagt	ggcctctcgc	ttcataccgc	60
tnccatcgctc	atactgtagg	tttgccacca	cctcctgcat	cttggggcgg	ctaatatcca	120
ggaaactctc	aatcaagtca	ccgtcnatna	aacctgtggc	tggttctgtc	ttccgctcgg	180
tgtgaaagga	tctccagaag	gagtgctcga	tcttccccac	acttttgatg	actttattga	240
gtcgattctg	catgtccagc	aggaggttgt	accagctctc	tgacagttag	gtcaccagcc	300
ctatcatgcc	nttgaacgtg	ccgaagaaca	ccgagccttg	tgtggggggg	gnagtctcac	360
ccagattctg	cattaccaga	nagccgtggc	aaaaganatt	gacaactcgc	ccaggnggaa	420
aaagaacacc	tcttggaagt	gctngccgct	cctcgtccnt	tgggtggngc	gcntnccttt	480
t						481

<210> 86

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(472)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 86

aacatcttcc	tgtataatgc	tgtgtaatat	cgatccgatn	ttgtctgctg	agaattcatt	60
acttggaaaa	gcaacttnaa	gcctggacac	tggtattaaa	attcacaata	tgcaacactt	120
taaacagtgt	gtcaatctgc	tcccttactt	tgatcatcac	agtctgggaa	taagggtagt	180
ccctattcac	acctgttaaa	agggcgctaa	gcatttttga	ttcaacatct	ttttttttga	240
cacaagtccg	aaaaaagcaa	aagtaaacag	ttnttaattt	gttagccaat	tcactttctt	300
catgggacag	agccatttga	tttaaaaagc	aaattgcata	atattgagct	ttgggagctg	360
atatntgagc	ggaagantag	cctttctact	tcaccagaca	caactccttt	catattggga	420
tgttnacnaa	agttatgtct	cttacagatg	ggatgctttt	gtggcaattc	tg	472

<210> 87

<211> 413

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(413)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 87

agaaaccagt	atctctnaaa	acaacctctc	ataccttggt	gacctaat	tgtgtgcgtg	60
tgtgtgtgcg	cgcatattat	atagacaggc	acatcttttt	tacttttgta	aaagcttatg	120
cctcttttgg	atctatatct	gtgaaagt	taatgatctg	ccataatgtc	ttggggacct	180
ttgtcttctg	tgtaaatggt	actagagaaa	acacctatnt	tatgagtcaa	tctagttngt	240
tttattcgac	atgaaggaaa	tttccagatn	acaacactna	caaactctcc	cttgactagg	300
ggggacaaa	aaaagcnaaa	ctgaacatna	gaaacaattn	cctgggtgaga	aattncataa	360
acagaaattg	ggtngtatat	tgaananng	catcattnaa	acgttttttt	ttt	413

<210> 88

<211> 448

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(448)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 88
cgcagcgggt cctctctatc tagctccagc ctctcgccg ccccaactccc cgcgtcccgc      60
gtcctagccn accatggccg gggccctgcg cgcccgcgtg ctctgtctgg ccatcctggc      120
cgtggccctg gccgtgagcc ccgcggcccg ctccagtcce ggcaagccgc cgcgcctggg      180
gggaggccca tggaccccg cgtggaagaag aaggtgtgcg gcgtgcactg gactttgccc      240
tcggcnanta caacaaacc gcaacnactt ttacnagcn cgcgtgcag gttgtgccgc      300
cccaancaaa ttgttactng gggtaantaa ttcttggaag ttgaacctgg gccaaacnng      360
tttaccagaa ccnagccaat tngaacaatt ncccctccat aacagcccct tttaaaaagg      420
gaancantcc tgnctctttt caaatTTT      448

```

```

<210> 89
<211> 463
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(463)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 89
gaattttgtg cactggccac tgtgatggaa ccattgggcc aggatgcttt gagtttatca      60
gtagtgattc tgccaaagt ggtgttgtaa catgagtatg taaaatgtca aaaaattagc      120
agaggtctag gtctgcatat cagcagacag tttgtccgtg tattttgtag ccttgaagtt      180
ctcagtgaca agttnnttct gatgcgaagt tctnattcca gtgttttagt cctttgcac      240
tttnatgtn agacttgccct ctntnaaatt gcttttgtnt tctgcaggta ctatctgtgg      300
tttaacaaaa tagaannact tctctgcttn gaanatttga atatcttaca tctnaaaatn      360
aattctctcc ccatannaaa acccangccc ttgggganaat ttgaaaaang gntccttcnn      420
aattcnnana anttcagntn tcatacaaca naacngganc ccc      463

```

```

<210> 90
<211> 400
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(400)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 90
agggattgaa ggtctnttnt actgtcggac tgttcancca ccaactctac aagttgctgt      60
cttccactca ctgtctgtaa gcntnttaac ccagactgta tcttcataaa tagaacaat      120
tcttcaccag tcacatcttc taggaccttt ttggattcag ttagtataag ctcttcact      180
tcctttgtta agacttcac tggtaaagtc ttaagtttg tagaaaggaa ttttaattgct      240
cgttctctaa caatgtcctc tccttgaagt atttggtgta acaaccacc tnaagtcct      300
ttgtgcatcc attttaaata tacttaatag ggcatggtn cactaggtta aattctgcaa      360
gagtcactct tctgcaaaag ttgcgttagt atatctgcca      400

```

```

<210> 91
<211> 480
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(480)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 91
gagctcggat ccaataatct ttgtctgagg gcagcacaca tatncagtgc catggnaact      60

```



```

ggctctacccc acatgggagc agcatgccgt agntatataa ggtcattccc tgagtcagac      120
atgcctctttt gactaccgtg tgccagtgtt ggtgattctc acacacctcc ncccgtcttt      180
tgtggaaaaa ctggcacttg nctggaacta gcaagacatc acttacaaat tcaccacga      240
gacacttgaa aggtgtaaca aagcgactct tgcatgtgtt tttgtccctc cggcaccagt      300
tgtcaatact aacccgctgg tttgcctcca tcacatttgt gatctgtagc tctggataca      360
tctcctgaca gtactgaaga acttcttctt ttgtttcaaa agcaactctt ggtgcctgtt      420
ngatcagggtt cccatttccc agtccgaatg ttcacatggc atatnttact tcccacaaaa      480

```

```

<210> 92
<211> 477
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(477)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 92
atacagccca natcccacca cgaagatgcg cttgttgact gagaacctga tgcggtcact      60
ggtcccgtcg tagccccagc gactctccac ctgctggaag cggttgatgc tgcactcctt      120
cccacgcagg cagcagcggg gccggtcaat gaactccact cgtggcttgg ggttgacggg      180
taantgcagg aagaggctga ccacctcgcg gtccaccagg atgcccgact gtgcgggacc      240
tgacgcgaaa ctccctgatg gtcatgagcg ggaagcgaat gangcccagg gccttgccca      300
gaaccttccg cctgttctct ggcgtcacct gcagctgctg ccgctnacac tcggcctcgg      360
accagcggac aaacggcggt gaacagccgc acctcacgga tgcccantgt gtgcgcgtcc      420
aggaacggcn ccagcgtgtc cagggtcaatg tcggtgaanc ctccgcgggt aatggcg      477

```

```

<210> 93
<211> 377
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(377)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 93
gaacggctgg accttgctc gcattgtgct gctggcagga ataccttggc aagcagctcc      60
agtccgagca gcccagacc gctgccgccc gaagctaagc ctgcctctgg ccttcccctc      120
cgctcaatg cagaaccant agtgggagca ctgtgttttag agttaagagt gaacactgtt      180
tgattttact tgggaatttc ctctgttata tagcttttcc caatgctaatt ttccaaacaa      240
caacaacaaa ataacatgtt tgctgttna gttgtataaa agtangtgat tctgtatnta      300
aagaaaatat tactgttaca tatactgctt gcaanttctg tatttattgg tnctctggaa      360
ataaatatat tattaata

```

```

<210> 94
<211> 495
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(495)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 94
ccctttgagg ggttagggc cagttcccag tggaagaaac aggccaggag aantgcgtgc      60
cgagctgang cagatttccc acagtgaccc cagagccctg ggctatagtc tctgaccctt      120
ccaaggaaag accaccttct ggggacatgg gctggagggc aggacctaga ggcaccaagg      180
gaaggcccca ttccggggct gttccccgag gaggaaggga aggggctctg tgtgcccccc      240

```

```

acgaggaana ggccctgant cctgggatca nacacccctt cacgtgtatc cccacacaaa 300
tgcaagctca ccaaggtccc ctctcagtc cttccctaca ccctgaacgg ncactggccc 360
acacccaccc agancancca cccgccatgg ggaatgtnc t caaggaatcg cngggcaacg 420
tggaactcng tcccnnaagg gggcagaatc tccaatagan gganngaacc cttgctnana 480
aaaaaaaaana aaaaaa 495

```

```

<210> 95
<211> 472
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(472)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 95
ggttacttgg tttcattgcc accacttagt ggatgtcatt tagaaccatt ttgtctgctc 60
cctctggaag ccttgccgag agcggacttt gtaattgttg gagaataact gctgaatttt 120
tagctgtttt gagtgtattc gcaccactgc accacaactc aatatgaaaa ctatttnact 180
tatttattat cttgtgaaaa gtatacaatg aaaaattttgt tcatactgta tttatcaagt 240
atgatgaaaa gcaatagata tatattcttt tattatgttn aattatgatt gccattatta 300
atcggcaaaa tgtggagtgt atgttctttt cacagtaata tatgcctttt gtaacttcac 360
ttggttattt tattgtaaat gaattacaaa attcttaatt taagaaaatg gtangttata 420
tttanttcan taatttcttt ccttgtttac gttaattttg aaaagaatgc at 472

```

```

<210> 96
<211> 476
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(476)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 96
ctgaagcatt tcttcaaact tntctacttt tgtcattgat acctgtagta agttgacaat 60
gtggtgaaat ttcaaaatta tatgtaactt ctactagtgt tactttctcc cccaagtctt 120
ttttaactca tgattttttac acacacaatc cagaacttat tatatagcct ctaagtcttt 180
attcttcaca gtagatgatg aaagagtcct ccagtgtcct gngcanaatg ttctagntat 240
agctggatac atacngtggg agttctataa actcatacct cagtgggact naacccaaat 300
tgtgttagtc tcaattccta ccacactgag ggagcctccc aaatcactat attcttatct 360
gcagggtact ctccagaaaa acngacaggg caggcttgca tgaaaaagtn acatctgcgt 420
tacaaagtct atcttctctca nangtctgtt aaggaacaat ttaatcttct agcttt 476

```

```

<210> 97
<211> 479
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(479)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 97
actctttcta atgctgatat gatcttgagt ataagaatgc atatgtcact agaatggata 60
aaataatgct gcaaaactta tgttcttatg caaaatggaa cgctaatagaa acacagctta 120
caatcgcaaa tcaaaactca caagtgtctc tctgttgtag atttagtgta ataagactta 180
gattgtgctc cttcggatat gattgtttct canatcttgg gcaatnttcc ttagtcaaat 240
caggctacta gaattctgtt attggatatn tgagagcatg aaatttttaa naatacactt 300

```

gtgattatna	aattaatcac	aaatttcact	tatacctgct	atcagcagct	agaaaaacat	360
ntnnntttta	natcaaagta	ttttgtgttt	ggaantgtnn	aaatgaaatc	tgaatgtggg	420
ttnatctta	ttttttcccn	gacnactant	tnctttttta	gggnctattc	tgancctac	479

```
<210> 98
<211> 461
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

<400> 98							
agtgacttgt	cctccaacaa	aacccttga	tcaagtttgt	ggcactgaca	atcagaccta		60
tgtactttcc	tgtctcttat	tcgctactaa	atgcagactg	gagggggaca	aaaaggggca		120
tcaactccag	ctggattatt	ttggagctcg	caaatctatt	cctactttga	cggactttga		180
agtgattcag	tttctcttac	ggatgagaga	ctggctcaag	aataatcctca	tcgagcttta		240
tgaagccact	ctgaacacgc	tggttatcta	gatgagaaca	gagaaataaa	gtcagaaaat		300
ttacctggag	aaaagaggct	ttggctgggg	accatcccat	tgaacctttct	cttaaggact		360
ttaagaaaaa	ctaccacatg	ttgtgtatcc	tgtgcgcggc	cgtttatgaa	ctgaccaccc		420
tttgaataaa	tcttgacgct	cctgagaactg	ctctctgcg	a			461

```
<210> 99
<211> 171
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

<400> 99						
gtggcgcgcg	gcaggtgttt	cctcgtagcg	cagggccccc	tcccttcccc	aggcgtcctt	60
cggcgctctt	gcgggcccga	ggaggagcgg	ctggcggttg	gggggagtgt	gacccacctt	120
cggtagaaaa	agccttctct	agcgatctga	gaggcggtgc	ttgggggtac	c	171

```
<210> 100
<211> 269
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

<400> 100							
cggccgcaag	tgcaactcca	gctggggccg	tgcggaacaa	gattctgcc	gcagttggct		60
cgactgcgac	gacggcgggc	gcgacagtc	caggtgcagc	gcgggcgcct	ggggtcttgc		120
aaggctgagc	tgacgccgca	gaggtcgtgt	cacgtccac	gacctgacg	ccgtcgggga		180
cagcggaac	agagcccggt	gaagcgggag	gcctcgggga	gccctcggg	aagggcggcc		240
cgagagatac	gcaggtgcag	tgggcgcc					269

```
<210> 101
<211> 405
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

<400> 101						
tttttttttt	ttttggaatc	tactgcgagc	acagcaggtc	agcaacaagt	ttattttgca	60
gctagcaagg	taacagggta	gggcatgggt	acatgttcag	gtcaacttcc	ttgtcgtgg	120
ttgattgggt	tgtctttatg	ggggcggggt	ggggtagggg	aaacgaagca	aataacatgg	180
agtgggtgca	ccctccctgt	agaacctggt	tacaaagctt	ggggcagttc	acctgggtctg	240
tgacctgcat	ttttctgaca	tcaatgttat	tagaagtcag	gatatctttt	agagagtcca	300
ctgttctgga	gggagattag	ggtttctttg	caaatccaac	aaaatccact	gaaaaagttg	360
gatgatcagt	acgaataccg	aggcatattc	tcatatcggt	ggcca		405

```
<210> 102
<211> 470
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
```

```

<400> 102
tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt      60

```

ggcacttaat	ccatttttat	ttcaaaatgt	ctacaaatth	aatcccatta	tacggtatth	120
tcaaaatcta	aattattcaa	attagccaaa	tccttaccaa	ataataccca	aaaatcaaaa	180
atatacttct	ttcagcaaac	ttgttacata	aattaaaaaa	atatatacgg	ctggtgtttt	240
caaagtacaa	ttatcttaac	actgcaaaac	ttttaaggaa	ctaaaataaa	aaaaaacact	300
ccgcaaaggt	taaaagggaac	aacaaattct	tttacaacac	cattataaaa	atcatatctc	360
aaatcttagg	ggaatatata	cttcacacgg	gatcttaact	tttactcact	ttgtttatth	420
ttttaaacca	ttgtttgggc	ccaacacaat	ggaatcccc	ctggactagt		470

<210> 103
 <211> 581
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 103						
tttttttttt	ttttttttga	ccccctctt	ataaaaaaca	agttaccatt	ttattttact	60
tacacatatt	tattttataa	ttgggtattag	atattcaaaa	ggcagctttt	aaaatcaaac	120
taaatggaaa	ctgccttaga	tacataattc	ttaggaatta	gcttaaaatc	tgcttaaagt	180
gaaaatcttc	tctagctctt	ttgactgtaa	atttttgact	cttgtaaaac	atccaaattc	240
atttttcttg	tctttaaaa	tatctaattc	ttccattttt	tccttattcc	aagtcaattt	300
gcttctctag	cctcatttcc	tagctcttat	ctactattag	taagtggctt	ttttcctaaa	360
agggaaaaca	ggaagagaaa	tggcacacaa	aacaaacatt	ttatattcat	atttctacct	420
acgttaataa	aatagcattt	tgtgaagcca	gctcaaaaga	aggcttagat	ccttttatgt	480
ccatttttagt	cactaaacga	tatcaaagt	ccagaatgca	aaagggttgt	gaacatttat	540
tcaaaagcta	atataagata	tttcacatac	tcattcttct	g		581

<210> 104
 <211> 578
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 104						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttctctt	cttttttttt	gaaatgagga	tcgagttttt	60
cactctctag	atagggcata	aagaaaactc	atctttccag	ctttaaaata	acaatcaaat	120
ctcttatgct	atatcatatt	ttaagttaaa	ctaattgagtc	actggcttat	cttctcctga	180
aggaaatctg	ttcattcttc	tcattcatat	agttatatca	agtactacct	tgcatattga	240
gagggtttttc	ttctctatth	acacatatat	ttccatgtga	atttgtatca	aacctttatt	300
ttcatgcaaa	ctagaaaata	atgtttcttt	tgcataagag	aagagaacaa	tatagcatta	360
caaaactgct	caaattgttt	gttaagttht	ccattataat	tagttggcag	gagctaatac	420
aaatcacatt	tacgacagca	ataataaaac	tgaagtacca	gttaaatatc	caaaaataatt	480
aaaggaacat	ttttagcctg	ggtataatta	gctaattcac	tttacaagca	tttattagaa	540
tgaattcaca	tgttattatt	cctagcccaa	cacaatgg			578

<210> 105
 <211> 538
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 105						
tttttttttt	tttttcagta	ataatcagaa	caatattttat	ttttatattt	aaaattcata	60
gaaaagtgcc	ttacatttta	taaaagttht	tttctcaaag	tgatcagagg	aattagatat	120
gtcttgaaca	ccaatattaa	tttgaggaaa	atacaccaaa	atacatthaag	taaatatttt	180
aagatcatag	agcttgtaag	tgaaaagata	aaatttgacc	tcagaaaactc	tgagcattaa	240
aaatccacta	ttagcaaata	aattactatg	gacttcttgc	tttaattttg	tgatgaatat	300
ggggtgtcac	tggtaaacca	acacattctg	aaggatacat	tacttagtga	tagattctta	360
tgtactttgc	taatacgtgg	atatgagttg	acaagtttct	ctttcttcaa	tcttttaagg	420
ggcgagaaat	gaggaagaaa	agaaaaggat	tacgcatact	gttctttcta	tggaaggatt	480
agatatgttt	cctttgccaa	tattaaaaaa	ataataatgt	ttactactag	tgaaacct	538

<210> 106
 <211> 473
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 106

tttttttttt	tttttttagtc	aagttttctat	ttttattata	attaaagtct	tggtcatttc	60
atttatttagc	tctgcaactt	acatatttta	attaaagaaa	cgtttttagac	aactgtacaa	120
tttataaatg	taaggtgcca	ttattgagta	atatattcct	ccaagagtgg	atgtgtccct	180
tctcccacca	actaatgaac	agcaacatta	gtttaatttt	attagtagat	atacactgct	240
gcaaacgcta	attctcttct	ccatcccat	gtgatattgt	gtatatgtgt	gagttggtag	300
aatgcatcac	aatctacaat	caacagcaag	atgaagctag	gctgggcttt	cggtgaaaat	360
agactgtgtc	tgtctgaatc	aaatgatctg	acctatcttc	ggtggcaaga	actcttcgaa	420
ccgcttcctc	aaaggcgctg	ccacatttgt	ggctctttgc	acttgtttca	aaa	473

<210> 107

<211> 1621

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 107

cgccatggca	ctgcagggca	tctcggtcat	ggagctgtcc	ggcctggccc	cgggcccgtt	60
ctgtgctatg	gtcctggctg	acttcggggc	gcgtgtggta	cgctgggacc	ggcccggctc	120
ccgctacgac	gtgagccgct	tgggcccggg	caagcgctcg	ctagtgtctg	acctgaagca	180
gccgcgggga	gccgcgctgc	tgcggcgctc	gtgcaagcgg	tcggatgtgc	tgctggagcc	240
cttcgcgcgc	ggtgtcatgg	agaaactcca	gctggggcca	gagattctgc	agcgggaaaa	300
tccaaggctt	atttatgccca	ggctgagtgg	atttgccag	tcaggaaact	tctgccggtt	360
agctggccac	gatatacaact	atttggtctt	gtcaggtgtt	ctctcaaaaa	ttggcagaag	420
tggtgagaat	ccgtatgcc	cgctgaatct	cctggctgac	tttctgtgtg	gtggccttat	480
gtgtgcactg	ggcattataa	tggctctttt	tgaccgcaca	cgcactgaca	agggtcaggt	540
cattgatgca	aatatgggtg	aaggaacagc	atatttaagt	tcttttctgt	ggaaaactca	600
gaaatcgagt	ctgtgggaag	cacctcgagg	acagaacatg	ttggatgggtg	gagcaccttt	660
ctatacgact	tacaggacag	cagatgggga	attcatggct	gttggagcaa	tagaacccca	720
gttctacgag	ctgctgatca	aaggacttgg	actaaagtct	gatgaacttc	ccaatcagat	780
gagcatggat	gattggccag	aaatgaagaa	gaagtttgca	gatgtatttg	caaagaagac	840
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<210> 108

<211> 382

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 108

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Gly	Pro	Phe	Cys	Ala	Met	Val	Leu	Ala	Asp	Phe	Gly	Ala	Arg	Val	Val
		20					25					30			
Arg	Val	Asp	Arg	Pro	Gly	Ser	Arg	Tyr	Asp	Val	Ser	Arg	Leu	Gly	Arg
	35					40					45				
Gly	Lys	Arg	Ser	Leu	Val	Leu	Asp	Leu	Lys	Gln	Pro	Arg	Gly	Ala	Ala
	50				55					60					
Val	Leu	Arg	Arg	Leu	Cys	Lys	Arg	Ser	Asp	Val	Leu	Leu	Glu	Pro	Phe
65				70				75						80	

Arg Arg Gly Val Met Glu Lys Leu Gln Leu Gly Pro Glu Ile Leu Gln
 85 90 95
 Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg Leu Ile Tyr Ala Arg Leu Ser Gly Phe Gly Gln
 100 105 110
 Ser Gly Ser Phe Cys Arg Leu Ala Gly His Asp Ile Asn Tyr Leu Ala
 115 120 125
 Leu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Asn Pro Tyr
 130 135 140
 Ala Pro Leu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asp Phe Ala Gly Gly Gly Leu Met Cys
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Leu Gly Ile Ile Met Ala Leu Phe Asp Arg Thr Arg Thr Asp Lys
 165 170 175
 Gly Gln Val Ile Asp Ala Asn Met Val Glu Gly Thr Ala Tyr Leu Ser
 180 185 190
 Ser Phe Leu Trp Lys Thr Gln Lys Ser Ser Leu Trp Glu Ala Pro Arg
 195 200 205
 Gly Gln Asn Met Leu Asp Gly Gly Ala Pro Phe Tyr Thr Thr Tyr Arg
 210 215 220
 Thr Ala Asp Gly Glu Phe Met Ala Val Gly Ala Ile Glu Pro Gln Phe
 225 230 235 240
 Tyr Glu Leu Leu Ile Lys Gly Leu Gly Leu Lys Ser Asp Glu Leu Pro
 245 250 255
 Asn Gln Met Ser Met Asp Asp Trp Pro Glu Met Lys Lys Lys Phe Ala
 260 265 270
 Asp Val Phe Ala Lys Lys Thr Lys Ala Glu Trp Cys Gln Ile Phe Asp
 275 280 285
 Gly Thr Asp Ala Cys Val Thr Pro Val Leu Thr Phe Glu Glu Val Val
 290 295 300
 His His Asp His Asn Lys Glu Arg Gly Ser Phe Ile Thr Ser Glu Glu
 305 310 315 320
 Gln Asp Val Ser Pro Arg Pro Ala Pro Leu Leu Leu Asn Thr Pro Ala
 325 330 335
 Ile Pro Ser Phe Lys Arg Asp Pro Phe Ile Gly Glu His Thr Glu Glu
 340 345 350
 Ile Leu Glu Glu Phe Gly Phe Ser Arg Glu Glu Ile Tyr Gln Leu Asn
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 Ser Asp Lys Ile Ile Glu Ser Asn Lys Val Lys Ala Ser Leu
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<210> 109
 <211> 1524
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 109
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<210> 110

<211> 3410

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 110

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tggcctggag	gtgtgttttg	ccgcaggcat	cacctatgtg	ccgcctctgc	tgctgggaagt	420
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aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaataa aaaaaaaaaa 3410

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<210> 111
 <211> 1289
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

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<400> 111
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ccatgcagtg cttcagcttc attaaagacca tgatgatcct cttcaatttg ctcatctttc 180
tgtgtgggtgc agccctgttg gcagtgggca tctgggtgtc aatcgatggg gcaccccttc 240
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gcttcaatca gcttttgtat gacatccgaa ctaatgcagt caccgtgggt ggtgtggcag 780
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<210> 112
 <211> 315
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

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<400> 112
Met Val Phe Thr Val Arg Leu Leu His Ile Phe Thr Val Asn Lys Gln
1      5      10      15
Leu Gly Pro Lys Ile Val Ile Val Ser Lys Met Met Lys Asp Val Phe
20     25     30
Phe Phe Leu Phe Phe Leu Gly Val Trp Leu Val Ala Tyr Gly Val Ala
35     40     45
Thr Glu Gly Leu Leu Arg Pro Arg Asp Ser Asp Phe Pro Ser Ile Leu
50     55     60
Arg Arg Val Phe Tyr Arg Pro Tyr Leu Gln Ile Phe Gly Gln Ile Pro
65     70     75     80
Gln Glu Asp Met Asp Val Ala Leu Met Glu His Ser Asn Cys Ser Ser
85     90     95
Glu Pro Gly Phe Trp Ala His Pro Pro Gly Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Cys
100    105    110
Val Ser Gln Tyr Ala Asn Trp Leu Val Val Leu Leu Leu Val Ile Phe

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      115              120              125
Leu Leu Val Ala Asn Ile Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Ile Ala Met Phe
  130              135              140
Ser Tyr Thr Phe Gly Lys Val Gln Gly Asn Ser Asp Leu Tyr Trp Lys
 145              150              155              160
Ala Gln Arg Tyr Arg Leu Ile Arg Glu Phe His Ser Arg Pro Ala Leu
      165              170              175
Ala Pro Pro Phe Ile Val Ile Ser His Leu Arg Leu Leu Leu Arg Gln
      180              185              190
Leu Cys Arg Arg Pro Arg Ser Pro Gln Pro Ser Ser Pro Ala Leu Glu
      195              200              205
His Phe Arg Val Tyr Leu Ser Lys Glu Ala Glu Arg Lys Leu Leu Thr
      210              215              220
Trp Glu Ser Val His Lys Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu Ala Arg Ala Arg Asp
 225              230              235              240
Lys Arg Glu Ser Asp Ser Glu Arg Leu Lys Arg Thr Ser Gln Lys Val
      245              250              255
Asp Leu Ala Leu Lys Gln Leu Gly His Ile Arg Glu Tyr Glu Gln Arg
      260              265              270
Leu Lys Val Leu Glu Arg Glu Val Gln Gln Cys Ser Arg Val Leu Gly
      275              280              285
Trp Val Ala Glu Ala Leu Ser Arg Ser Ala Leu Leu Pro Pro Gly Gly
      290              295              300
Pro Pro Pro Pro Asp Leu Pro Gly Ser Lys Asp
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<210> 113
<211> 553
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

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      <400> 113
Met Val Gln Arg Leu Trp Val Ser Arg Leu Leu Arg His Arg Lys Ala
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      20              25              30
Ala Ala Gly Ile Thr Tyr Val Pro Leu Leu Leu Glu Val Gly Val
      35              40              45
Glu Glu Lys Phe Met Thr Met Val Leu Gly Ile Gly Pro Val Leu Gly
      50              55              60
Leu Val Cys Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala Ser Asp His Trp Arg Gly
      65              70              75              80
Arg Tyr Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro Phe Ile Trp Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile
      85              90              95
Leu Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Ile Pro Arg Ala Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu
      100              105              110
Leu Cys Pro Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Glu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly
      115              120              125
Val Gly Leu Leu Asp Phe Cys Gly Gln Val Cys Phe Thr Pro Leu Glu
      130              135              140
Ala Leu Leu Ser Asp Leu Phe Arg Asp Pro Asp His Cys Arg Gln Ala
 145              150              155              160
Tyr Ser Val Tyr Ala Phe Met Ile Ser Leu Gly Gly Cys Leu Gly Tyr
      165              170              175
Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile Asp Trp Asp Thr Ser Ala Leu Ala Pro Tyr Leu
      180              185              190
Gly Thr Gln Glu Glu Cys Leu Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Leu Ile Phe Leu
      195              200              205
Thr Cys Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Leu Val Ala Glu Glu Ala Ala Leu Gly
      210              215              220
Pro Thr Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro His
 225              230              235              240

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Cys Cys Pro Cys Arg Ala Arg Leu Ala Phe Arg Asn Leu Gly Ala Leu
 245 250 255
 Leu Pro Arg Leu His Gln Leu Cys Cys Arg Met Pro Arg Thr Leu Arg
 260 265 270
 Arg Leu Phe Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Ser Trp Met Ala Leu Met Thr Phe
 275 280 285
 Thr Leu Phe Tyr Thr Asp Phe Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gln Gly Val
 290 295 300
 Pro Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly
 305 310 315 320
 Val Arg Met Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Cys Ala Ile Ser Leu
 325 330 335
 Val Phe Ser Leu Val Met Asp Arg Leu Val Gln Arg Phe Gly Thr Arg
 340 345 350
 Ala Val Tyr Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Phe Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Ala
 355 360 365
 Thr Cys Leu Ser His Ser Val Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Ala Leu
 370 375 380
 Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala Leu Gln Ile Leu Pro Tyr Thr Leu Ala
 385 390 395 400
 Ser Leu Tyr His Arg Glu Lys Gln Val Phe Leu Pro Lys Tyr Arg Gly
 405 410 415
 Asp Thr Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser Leu Met Thr Ser Phe Leu
 420 425 430
 Pro Gly Pro Lys Pro Gly Ala Pro Phe Pro Asn Gly His Val Gly Ala
 435 440 445
 Gly Gly Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro Pro Pro Pro Ala Leu Cys Gly Ala Ser
 450 455 460
 Ala Cys Asp Val Ser Val Arg Val Val Val Gly Glu Pro Thr Glu Ala
 465 470 475 480
 Arg Val Val Pro Gly Arg Gly Ile Cys Leu Asp Leu Ala Ile Leu Asp
 485 490 495
 Ser Ala Phe Leu Leu Ser Gln Val Ala Pro Ser Leu Phe Met Gly Ser
 500 505 510
 Ile Val Gln Leu Ser Gln Ser Val Thr Ala Tyr Met Val Ser Ala Ala
 515 520 525
 Gly Leu Gly Leu Val Ala Ile Tyr Phe Ala Thr Gln Val Val Phe Asp
 530 535 540
 Lys Ser Asp Leu Ala Lys Tyr Ser Ala
 545 550

<210> 114
 <211> 241
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 114
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 20 25 30
 Ser Ile Asp Gly Ala Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Phe Gly Pro Leu Ser Ser
 35 40 45
 Ser Ala Met Gln Phe Val Asn Val Gly Tyr Phe Leu Ile Ala Ala Gly
 50 55 60
 Val Val Val Phe Ala Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Cys Tyr Gly Ala Lys Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Ser Lys Cys Ala Leu Val Thr Phe Phe Phe Ile Leu Leu Leu Ile
 85 90 95
 Phe Ile Ala Glu Val Ala Ala Ala Val Val Ala Leu Val Tyr Thr Thr
 100 105 110
 Met Ala Glu His Phe Leu Thr Leu Leu Val Val Pro Ala Ile Lys Lys

115	120	125
Asp Tyr Gly Ser Gln Glu Asp Phe Thr Gln Val Trp Asn Thr Thr Met		
130	135	140
Lys Gly Leu Lys Cys Cys Gly Phe Thr Asn Tyr Thr Asp Phe Glu Asp		
145	150	155
Ser Pro Tyr Phe Lys Glu Asn Ser Ala Phe Pro Pro Phe Cys Cys Asn		
165	170	175
Asp Asn Val Thr Asn Thr Ala Asn Glu Thr Cys Thr Lys Gln Lys Ala		
180	185	190
His Asp Gln Lys Val Glu Gly Cys Phe Asn Gln Leu Leu Tyr Asp Ile		
195	200	205
Arg Thr Asn Ala Val Thr Val Gly Gly Val Ala Ala Gly Ile Gly Gly		
210	215	220
Leu Glu Leu Ala Ala Met Ile Val Ser Met Tyr Leu Tyr Cys Asn Leu		
225	230	235
Gln		240

<210> 115
 <211> 366
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 115
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 ttggtttgtg aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccatctctga 180
 actggtagaa aaacatctga agagctagtc ttcagcatc tgacaggaga attggatggt 240
 tctcagaacc atttcacca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg ttaataaat tagtttgggt 300
 tctctacatg cataacaaac cctgctccaa tctgtcacat aaaagtctgt gacttgaagt 360
 ttagtc 366

<210> 116
 <211> 282
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(282)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 116
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 agactttact attttcatat tttaagacac atgatttatc ctattttagt aacctgggtc 180
 atacgttaaa caaaggataa tgtgaacagc agagaggatt tgttggcaga aaatctatgt 240
 tcaatctnga actatctana tcacagacat ttctattcct tt 282

<210> 117
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(305)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 117
 acacatgtcg cttcactgcc ttcttagatg cttctgggtca acatanagga acagggacca 60
 tttttatcct ccctcctgaa acaattgcaa aataanacaa aatatatgaa acaattgcaa 120

aataaggcaa aatatatgaa acaacaggtc tcgagatatt ggaaatcagt caatgaagga	180
tactgatccc tgatcactgt cctaattgcag gatgtgggaa acagatgagg tcacctctgt	240
gactgccccca gcttactgcc tgtagagagt ttctangctg cagttcagac agggagaaat	300
tggt	305

<210> 118
 <211> 71
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(71)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 118	
accaaggtgt ntgaatctct gacgtgggga tctctgattc ccgcacaatc tgagtggaaa	60
aantcctggg t	71

<210> 119
 <211> 212
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(212)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 119	
actccggttg gtgtcagcag cacgtggcat tgaacatngc aatgtggagc ccaaaccaca	60
gaaaatgggg tgaaattggc caactttcta tnaacttatg ttggcaantt tgccaccaac	120
agtaagctgg cccttctaataaaaagaaaat tgaaagggtt ctcactaanc ggaattaant	180
aatggantca aganactccc aggcctcagc gt	212

<210> 120
 <211> 90
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(90)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 120	
actcgttgca natcaggggc cccccagagt caccgttgca ggagtccttc tgggtcttgcc	60
ctccgccggc gcagaacatg ctgggggtgt	90

<210> 121
 <211> 218
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(218)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 121	
tgtancgtga anacgacaga naggggtgtc aaaaatggag aanccttgaa gtcattttga	60
gaataagatt tgctaaaaga tttggggcta aaacatggtt attgggagac atttctgaag	120

atatncangt aaattangga atgaattcat ggttcttttg ggaattcctt tacgatngcc 180
agcatanact tcatgtgggg atancagcta cccttgta 218

<210> 122
<211> 171
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 122
taggggtgta tgcaactgta aggacaaaaa ttgagactca actggcttaa ccaataaagg 60
catttgtag ctcatggaac aggaagtcgg atgggtgggc atcttcagtg ctgcatgagt 120
caccaccccg gcggggtcac ctgtgccaca ggtccctgtt gacagtgcgg t 171

<210> 123
<211> 76
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(76)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 123
tgtagcgtga agacnacaga atggtgtgtg ctgtgctatc caggaacaca tttattatca 60
ttatcaanta ttgtgt 76

<210> 124
<211> 131
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 124
acctttcccc aaggccaatg tctgtgtgc taactggccg gctgcaggac agctgcaatt 60
caatgtgctg ggtcatatgg aggggaggag actctaaaat agccaatttt attctcttgg 120
ttaagatttg t 131

<210> 125
<211> 432
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 125
actttatcta ctggctatga aatagatggt ggaaaattgc gttaccaact ataccactgg 60
cttgaaaaag aggtgatagc tcttcagagg acttgtgact tttgctcaga tgctgaagaa 120
ctacagtctg catattggcag aaatgaagat gaatttggat taaatgagga tgctgaagat 180
ttgcctcacc aaacaaaagt gaaacaactg agagaaaatt ttcaggaaaa aagacagtgg 240
ctcttgaagt atcagtcact ttgagaatg tttcttagtt actgcatact tcatggatcc 300
catggtgggg gtcttgcac tgtaagaatg gaattgattt tgcttttgca agaattctcag 360
caggaaacat cagaaccact attttctagc cctctgtcag agcaaaccctc agtgcctctc 420
ctctttgctt gt 432

<210> 126
<211> 112
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 126
acacaacttg aatagtaaaa tagaaactga gctgaaattt ctaattcact ttctaaccat 60
agtaagaatg atatttcccc ccagggatca ccaaataattt ataaaaattt gt 112

<210> 127

<211> 54
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 127
 accacgaaac cacaacaag atggaagcat caatccactt gccaaagcaca gcag 54

<210> 128
 <211> 323
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 128
 acctcattag taattgtttt gttgtttcat ttttttctaa tgtctcccct ctaccagctc 60
 acctgagata acagaatgaa aatggaagga cagccagatt tctcctttgc tctctgtca 120
 ttctctctga agtctaggtt acccattttg gggacccatt ataggcaata aacacagtgc 180
 ccaaagcatt tggacagttt cttgtttgtg tttagaatgg ttttcctttt tcttagcctt 240
 ttcttgcaaa aggtcactc agtcccttgc ttgtcagtg gactgggctc cccagggcct 300
 aggtgcctt cttttccatg tcc 323

<210> 129
 <211> 192
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(192)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 129
 acatacatgt gtgtatatatt ttaaatatca cttttgtatc actctgactt tttagcatatc 60
 tgaaaacaca ctaacataat ttntgtgaac catgatcaga tacaacccaa atcattcatc 120
 tagcacattc atctgtgata naaagatagg tgagtttcat ttccttcacg ttggccaatg 180
 gataaacaaa gt 192

<210> 130
 <211> 362
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(362)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 130
 ccctttttta tggaaatgagt agactgtatg tttgaanatt tanccacaac ctctttgaca 60
 tataatgacg caacaaaaag gtgctgttta gtcctatggg tcagtttatg ccctgacaa 120
 gtttccattg tgtttttgccg atcttctggc taatcgtggg atcctccatg ttattagtaa 180
 ttctgtattc catttttgta acgcctggta gatgtaacct gctangaggc taactttata 240
 cttattttaa agctcttatt ttgtggtcat taaaatggca atttatgtgc agcactttat 300
 tgcagcagga agcacgtgtg gggtggtgtg aaagctcttt gctaattctta aaaagtaatg 360
 gg 362

<210> 131
 <211> 332
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(332)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 131

ctttttgaaa gatcgtgtcc actcctgtgg acatcttggt ttaatggagt ttcccatgca	60
gtangactgg tatggttgca gctgtccaga taaaaacatt tgaagagctc caaaatgaga	120
gttctcccag gttcgccctg ctgctccaag tctcagcagc agcctctttt aggaggcatc	180
ttctgaacta gattaaggca gcttgtaaat ctgatgtgat ttggttttatt atccaactaa	240
cttccatctg ttatcactgg agaaagccca gactcccan gacnggtacg gattgtgggc	300
atanaaggat tgggtgaagc tggcgttggt gt	332

<210> 132

<211> 322

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(322)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 132

acttttgcca tttgtatat ataaacaatc ttgggacatt ctctgaaaa ctaggtgtcc	60
agtggctaag agaactcgat ttcaagcaat tctgaaagga aaaccagcat gacacagaat	120
ctcaaatcc caaacagggg ctctgtggga aaaatgaggg aggaccttg tatctcgggt	180
tttagcaagt taaaatgaan atgacaggaa aggccttatt atcaacaaag agaagagttg	240
ggatgcttct aaaaaaaact ttggtagaga aaataggaat gctnaatcct agggaagcct	300
gtaacaatct acaattggtc ca	322

<210> 133

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 133

acaagccttc acaagtttaa ctaaattggg attaatcttt ctgtanttat ctgcataatt	60
cttgtttttc tttccatctg gctcctgggt tgacaatttg tggaaacaac tctattgcta	120
ctatttataaa aaaatcacaa atctttccct ttaagctatg ttnaattcaa actattcctg	180
ctattcctgt tttgtcaaag aaattatatt tttcaaaata tgtntatttg tttgatgggt	240
cccacgaaac actaataaaa accacagaga ccagcctg	278

<210> 134

<211> 121

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(121)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 134

gtttanaaaa cttgtttagc tccatagagg aaagaatggt aaactttgta ttttaaaaca	60
tgattctctg aggttaaact tgggtttcaa atgttatttt tacttgatt ttgcttttgg	120
t	121

<210> 135

<211> 350
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(350)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 135
 acttanaacc atgcctagca catcagaatc cctcaaagaa catcagtata atcctataacc 60
 atancaagtg gtgactgggt aagcgtgcga caaagggtcag ctggcacatt acttggtgac 120
 aaacttgata cttttgttct aagtaggaac tagtatacag tncctaggan tggtagtcca 180
 ggggtgcccc caactcctgc agccgctcct ctgtgccagn ccctgnaagg aactttcgct 240
 ccacctaact caagccctgg gccatgctac ctgcaattgg ctgaacaaac gtttgcgtgag 300
 ttccaagga tgcaaacgct ggtgctcaac tcctggggcg tcaactcagt 350

<210> 136
 <211> 399
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(399)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 136
 tgtaccgtga agacgacaga agttgcatgg cagggacagg gcagggccga ggccagggtt 60
 gctgtgattg tatccgaata ntctcgtga gaaaagataa tgagatgacg tgagcagcct 120
 gcagacttgt gtctgccttc aanaagccag acaggaaggc cctgcctgcc ttggctctga 180
 cctggcggcc agccagccag ccacaggtgg gcttcttctt tttgtggtga caacnccaag 240
 aaaactgcag aggccagggt tcaggtgtna gtgggtangt gaccataaaa caccaggtgc 300
 tcccaggaac ccgggcaaaag gccatcccca cctacagcca gcatgcccac tggcgtgatg 360
 ggtgcagang gatgaagcag ccagntgttc tgctgtggt 399

<210> 137
 <211> 165
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(165)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 137
 actggtgtgg tnggggggtga tgctggtggt anaagttgan gtgacttcan gatggtgtgt 60
 ggaggaagtg tgtgaacgta gggatgtaga ngttttggcc gtgctaaatg agcttcggga 120
 ttggctggtc ccactggtgg tcaactgtcat tgggtggggt cctgt 165

<210> 138
 <211> 338
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(338)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 138

actcactgga	atgccacatt	cacaacagaa	tcagaggctc	gtgaaaacat	taatggctcc	60
ttaacttctc	cagtaagaat	cagggacttg	aaatggaaac	gttaacagcc	acatgcccaa	120
tgctgggcag	tctcccatgc	cttccacagt	gaaagggctt	gagaaaaatc	acatccaatg	180
tcatgtgttt	ccagccacac	caaaaggtgc	ttgggggtga	gggctggggg	catananggt	240
cangcctcag	gaagcctcaa	gttccattca	gctttgccac	tgtacattcc	ccatntttaa	300
aaaaactgat	gccttttttt	tttttttttg	taaaattc			338

<210> 139
 <211> 382
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 139						
gggaatcttg	gtttttggca	tctggtttgc	ctatagccga	ggccactttg	acagaacaaa	60
gaaagggact	tcgagtaaga	aggtgattta	cagccagcct	agtgcccgaa	gtgaaggaga	120
attcaaacag	acctcgatcat	tcctgggtgtg	agcctggctg	gctcaccgcc	tatcatctgc	180
atttgcttta	ctcaggtgct	accggactct	ggccctgat	gtctgtagtt	tcacaggatg	240
ccttatttgt	cttctacacc	ccacagggcc	ccctacttct	tcggatgtgt	ttttaataat	300
gtcagctatg	tgccccatcc	tccttcatgc	cctccctccc	tttctacca	ctgctgagtg	360
gcctggaact	tgtttaaagt	gt				382

<210> 140
 <211> 200
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(200)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 140						
accaaancctt	ctttctgttg	tgtnngattt	tactataggg	gttnngcttn	ttctaaanat	60
acttttctatt	taacancttt	tgtaagtgt	caggtgcac	tttgctccat	anaattattg	120
ttttcacatt	tcaacttgta	tggtttgtc	tcttanagca	ttggtgaaat	cacatatttt	180
atattcagca	taaaggagaa					200

<210> 141
 <211> 335
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(335)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 141						
actttatttt	caaaacactc	atatgttgca	aaaaacacat	agaaaaataa	agtttggttg	60
gggtgctgac	taaacttcaa	gtcacagact	tttatgtgac	agattggagc	agggtttgtt	120
atgcatgtag	agaacccaaa	ctaattttatt	aaacaggata	gaaacaggct	gtctgggtga	180
aatggttctg	agaaccatcc	aattcacctg	tcagatgctg	atanactagc	tcttcagatg	240
tttttctacc	agttcagaga	tnggttaatg	actantcca	atggggaaaa	agcaagatgg	300
attcacaac	caagtaattt	taaacaaaga	cactt			335

<210> 142
 <211> 459
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 142

accagggttaa tattgccaca tatatccttt ccaattgcgg gctaaacaga cgtgtattta	60
gggttggtta aagacaaccc agcttaatat caagagaaat tgtgacctt catggagtat	120
ctgatggaga aaacactgag ttttgacaaa tcttatttta ttcagatagc agtctgatca	180
cacatgggtcc aacaacactc aaataataaa tcaaatatna tcagatgtta aagattggtc	240
ttcaaacatc atagccaatg atgcccgcgt tgcctataat ctctccgaca taaaaccaca	300
tcaacacctc agtggccacc aaaccattca gcacagcttc cttaactgtg agctgtttga	360
agctaccagt ctgagcacta ttgactatnt ttttcangct ctgaatagct ctagggatct	420
cagcanggggt gggaggaacc agctcaacct tggcgtant	459

<210> 143

<211> 140

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 143

acatttcctt ccaccaagtc aggactcctg gcttctgtgg gagttcttat cacctgaggg	60
aaatccaaac agtctctcct agaaaggaat agtgcacca accccacca tctccctgag	120
accatccgac ttcctgtgt	140

<210> 144

<211> 164

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(164)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 144

acttcagtaa caacatacaa taacaacatt aagtgtatat tgccatcttt gtcattttct	60
atctatacca ctctcccttc tgaaaacaan aatcactanc caatcactta taaaaatttg	120
aggcaattaa tccatatttg ttttcaataa ggaaaaaag atgt	164

<210> 145

<211> 303

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(303)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 145

acgtagacca tccaactttg tatttgtaat ggcaaacatc cagnagcaat tcctaaacaa	60
actggagggt atttataccc aattatccca ttcattaaca tgccctcctc ctcaggctat	120
gcaggacagc tatcataagt cggccagggc atccagatac taccatttgt ataaacttca	180
gtaggggagt ccatccaagt gacagggtcta atcaaaggag gaaatggaac ataagcccag	240
tagtaaaatn ttgcttagct gaaacagcca caaaagactt accgccgtgg tgattaccat	300
caa	303

<210> 146

<211> 327

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(327)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 146
 actgcagctc aattagaagt ggtctctgac tttcatcanc ttctccctgg gctccatgac 60
 actggcctgg agtgactcat tgctctgggt gggtgagaga gtccttttgc caacaggcct 120
 ccaagtcagg gctgggattt gtttcctttc cacattctag caacaatatg ctggccactt 180
 cctgaacagg gaggtgga ggagccagca tggaacaagc tgccactttc taaagtagcc 240
 agacttgccc ctgggcctgt cacacctact gatgaccttc tgtgctgca ggatggaatg 300
 taggggtgag ctgtgtgact ctatggt 327

<210> 147
 <211> 173
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(173)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 147
 acattgtttt tttagataa agcattgana gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60
 actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120
 atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gtt 173

<210> 148
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(477)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 148
 acaaccactt tatctcatcg aatttttaac ccaaactcac tcaactgtgcc tttctatcct 60
 atgggatata ttatttgatg ctccatttca tcacacatat atgaataata cactcactact 120
 gccctactac ctgctgcaat aatcacattc ccttcctgtc ctgaccctga agccattggg 180
 gtggtcctag tggccatcag tccangcctg caccttgagc ccttgagctc cattgctcac 240
 nccanccac ctcaccgacc ccattcctctt acacagctac ctcttgctc tctaacccca 300
 tagattatnt ccaaattcag tcaattaagt tactattaac actctaccg acatgtccag 360
 caccactggt aagccttctc cagccaacac acacacacac acacncacac acacacatat 420
 ccaggcacag gctacctcat cttcacaatc acccctttaa ttaccatgct atggtggt 477

<210> 149
 <211> 207
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 149
 acagttgtat tataatatca agaaataaac ttgcaatgag agcattttaag agggaagaac 60
 taacgtatth tagagagcca aggaaggtht ctgtggggag tgggatgtaa ggtggggcct 120
 gatgataaat aagagtcagc caggttaagt ggtggtgtgg tatgggcaca gtgaagaaca 180
 tttcaggcag agggaacagc agtgaaa 207

<210> 150
 <211> 111
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(111)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 150
 accttgatgt cattgctgct ctgatggaaa cccaactatc taatttagct aaaacatggg 60
 cacttaaatg tggtcagtgt ttggacttgt taactantgg catctttggg t 111

<210> 151
 <211> 196
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 151
 agcgcgagcag gtcattatga acattccaga tacctatcat tactcgatgc tgttgataac 60
 agcaagatgg ctttgaactc agggtcacca ccagctattg gaccttacta tgaaaaccat 120
 ggataccaac cggaaaaccc ctatcccga cagcccactg tggccccac tgtctacgag 180
 gtgcatccgg ctgagt 196

<210> 152
 <211> 132
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 152
 acagcacttt cacatgtaag aaggagaaaa ttctaaatg taggagaaag ataacagaac 60
 cttccctttt tcatctagtgt gtggaaacct gatgctttat gttgacagga atagaaccag 120
 gagggagttt gt 132

<210> 153
 <211> 285
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(285)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 153
 acaanacca nganaggcca ctggccgtgg tgtcatggcc tccaaacatg aaagtgtcag 60
 cttctgctct tatgtcctca tctgacaact ctttaccatt tttatcctcg ctgagcagga 120
 gcacatcaat aaagtccaaa gtcttggaact tggccttggc ttggaggaag tcatcaacac 180
 cctggctagt gaggggtgagg cgccgtcctt ggatgacggc atctgtgaag tctgacacca 240
 gtctgcaggc cctgtggaag cgccgtccac acggagtnag gaatt. 285

<210> 154
 <211> 333
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 154
 accacagtcc tgttggggcca gggcttcatg accctttctg tgaaaagcca tattatcacc 60
 accccaaatt tttccttaaa tatctttaac tgaaggggtc agcctcttga ctgcaaagac 120
 cctaagccgg ttacacagct aactcccact ggccctgatt tgtgaaattg ctgctgcctg 180
 attggcacag gagtgcgaagg tgttcagctc cctcctccg tggaaacgaga ctctgatttg 240
 agtttcacaa attctcgggc cactctgtca ttgctcctct gaaataaaat ccggagaatg 300
 gtcaggcctg tctcatccat atggatcttc cgg 333

<210> 155

51 ;

<211> 308
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(308)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 155
 actggaata ataaaaccca catcacagtg ttgtgtcaaa gatcatcagg gcatggatgg 60
 gaaagtgtctt tgggaactgt aaagtgccta acacatgata gatgattttt gttataatat 120
 ttgaatcacg gtgcatacaa actctcctgc ctgctcctcc tgggccccag cccagcccc 180
 atcacagctc actgctctgt tcatccaggc ccagcatgta gtggctgatt cttcttggct 240
 gcttttagcc tccanaagtt tctctgaagc caaccaaacc tctangtgta aggcatgctg 300
 gcctctggt 308

<210> 156
 <211> 295
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 156
 accttgctcg gtgcttgga catattagga actcaaaata tgagatgata acagtgccta 60
 ttattgatta ctgagagaac tgttagacat ttagttgaag attttctaca caggaaactga 120
 gaataggaga ttatgttttg cctcatatt ctctcctatc ctcttgcct cattctatgt 180
 ctaatatatt ctcaatcaaa taaggtttagc ataatacagga aatcgaccaa ataccaatat 240
 aaaaccagat gtctatcctt aagattttca aatagaaaac aaattaacag actat 295

<210> 157
 <211> 126
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 157
 acaagtttaa atagtgtctg cactgtgcat gtgctgaaat gtgaaatcca ccacatttct 60
 gaagagcaaa acaaattctg tcatgtaatc tctatcttgg gtcgtgggta tatctgtccc 120
 cttagt 126

<210> 158
 <211> 442
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(442)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 158
 acccactggt cttggaacaa cccatcctta atacgatgat ttttctgtcg tgtgaaaatg 60
 aanccagcag gctgccccta gtcagtcctt ccttccagag aaaaagagat ttgagaaagt 120
 gctgggtaa ttcaccatta atttctctcc ccaaactctc tgagtcttcc cttaatattt 180
 ctggtgggtc tgaccaaaagc aggtcatggt ttgttgagca tttgggatcc cagtgaagta 240
 natgtttgta gccttgcata ctttagccctt cccacgcaca aacggagtgg cagagtgggtg 300
 ccaaccctgt tttcccagtc cacgtagaca gattcacagt gcggaattct ggaagctgga 360
 nacagacggg ctctttgcag agccgggact ctgagangga catgagggcc tctgcctctg 420
 tgttcattct ctgatgtcct gt 442

<210> 159
 <211> 498
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(498)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 159

acttccaggt aacgttgttg tttccgttga gctgaactg atgggtgacg ttgtaggttc	60
tccaacaaga actgaggttg cagagcgggt aggggaagagt gctgttccag ttgcacctgg	120
gctgctgtgg actgttgttg attcctcact acggcccaag gttgtggaac tggcanaaaag	180
gtgtgttgtt gganttgagc tcgggcggct gtggtaggtt gtgggtctt caacaggggc	240
tgctgtgttg ccgggangtg aangtgttgt gtcacttgag cttggccagc tctggaaaagt	300
antanattct tctgaaggc cagcgttgt ggagctggca ngggtcantg ttgtgtgtaa	360
cgaaccagt ctgctgtggg tgggtgtana tctccacaa agcctgaagt tatggtgtcn	420
tcaggtaana atgtgtttc agtgtccctg ggngctgtg gaaggttga nattgtcacc	480
aagggaataa gctgtggt	498

<210> 160

<211> 380

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(380)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 160

acctgcatcc agcttccctg caaaactcac aaggagacat caacctctag acagggaaac	60
agcttcagga tacttccagg agacagagcc accagcagca aaacaaatat tcccatgcct	120
ggagcatggc atagaggaag ctganaaatg tgggtctga ggaagccatt tgagtctggc	180
cactagacat ctcacagcc acttgtgtga agagatgcc catgaccca gatgcctctc	240
ccacccttac ctccatctca cacacttgag ctttccactc tgtataatc taacatcctg	300
gagaaaaatg gcagtttgac cgaacctgtt cacaacggtg gaggtgatt tctaacgaaa	360
cttgtagaat gaagcctgga	380

<210> 161

<211> 114

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 161

actccacatc cctctgagc aggcggttgt cgttcaaggt gtatttggcc ttgcctgtca	60
cactgtccac tggcccctta tccacttggt gcttaatccc tcgaaagagc atgt	114

<210> 162

<211> 177

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 162

actttctgaa tcgaatcaaa tgatacttag tgtagtttta atatcctcat atatatcaaa	60
gttttactac tctgataatt ttgtaaaacca ggtaaccaga acatccagtc atacagcttt	120
tggtgatata taacttgga ataaccagt ctggtgatac ataaaactac tcactgt	177

<210> 163

<211> 137

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(137)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 163
 catttataca gacagggcgtg aagacattca cgacaaaaac gcgaaattct atcccgtgac 60
 canagaaggc agctacggct actcctacat cctggcgtgg gtggccttcg cctgcacctt 120
 catcagcggc atgatgt 137

<210> 164
 <211> 469
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(469)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 164
 cttatcacaa tgaatgttct cctgggcagc gttgtgatct ttgccacctt cgtgacttta 60
 tgcaatgcat catgctatct catacctaat gagggagttc caggagattc aaccaggaaa 120
 tgcatggatc tcaaaggaaa caaacaccca ataaactcgg agtggcagac tgacaactgt 180
 gagacatgca cttgctacga aacagaaatt tcatgttgca cccttgtttc tacacctgtg 240
 ggttatgaca aagacaactg ccaaagaatc ttcaagaagg aggactgcaa gtatatcgtg 300
 gtggagaaga aggacccaaa aaagacctgt tctgtcagt aatggataat ctaatgtgct 360
 tctagtaggc acagggctcc caggccaggc ctcatctctc tctggcctct aatagtcatt 420
 gattgtgtag ccatgcctat cagtaaaaag atntttgagc aaacacttt 469

<210> 165
 <211> 195
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(195)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 165
 acagtttttt atanatatcg acattgccgg cacttgtgtt cagtttcata aagctgggtg 60
 atccgctgtc atccactatt ccttggttag agtaaaaatt attcttatag cccatgtccc 120
 tgcaggccgc ccgccgtag ttctcgttcc agtcgtcttg gcacacaggg tgccaggact 180
 tcctctgaga tgagt 195

<210> 166
 <211> 383
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(383)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 166
 acatcttagt agtgtggcac atcagggggc catcagggtc acagtcactc atagcctcgc 60
 cgaggtcggg gtccacacca ccggtgtagg tgtgctcaat cttgggcttg gcgcccacct 120
 ttggagaagg gatagtgtgc acacacatgt ccacaaagcc tgtgaactcg ccaaagaatt 180
 tttgcagacc agcctgagca aggggcggat gttcagcttc agtcctcct tcgtcagggtg 240
 gatgccaaac tcgtctangg tccgtgggaa gctgggtgtc acntcaccta caacctgggc 300
 gangatctta taaagaggct ccnagataaa ctccacgaaa cttctctggg agctgctagt 360

nggggccttt ttggtgaact ttc

383

<210> 167

<211> 247

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(247)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 167

acagagccag accttggcca taaatgaanc agagattaag actaaacccc aagtcganat	60
tgagagcagaa actggagcaa gaagtgggcc tggggctgaa gtagagacca aggccactgc	120
tatanccata cacagagcca actctcaggc caaggcnatg gttggggcag anccagagac	180
tcaatctgan tccaaagtgg tggctggaac actggtcatg acanaggcag tgactctgac	240
tgangtc	247

<210> 168

<211> 273

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(273)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 168

acttctaagt tttctagaag tggaaggatt gtantcatcc tgaaaatggg tttacttcaa	60
aatccctcan ccttgttctt cactactgtc tatactgana gtgtcatggt tccacaaagg	120
gctgacacct gagcctgnat tttcactcat ccctgagaag ccctttccag tagggtgggc	180
aattcccaac ttccttgcca caagcttccc aggcctttctc ccctggaaaa ctccagcttg	240
agtcccagat acactcatgg gctgccctgg gca	273

<210> 169

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(431)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 169

acagccttgg cttccccaaa ctccacagtc tcaagtgcaga aagatcatct tccagcagtc	60
agctcagacc aggggtcaaag gatgtgacat caacagtttc tggtttcaga acaggttcta	120
ctactgtcaa atgaccccc atacttcctc aaaggctgtg gtaagttttg cacaggtgag	180
ggcagcagaa aggggttant tactgatgga caccatcttc tctgtatact ccacactgac	240
cttgccatgg gcaaaggccc ctaccacaaa aacaatagga tcactgctgg gcaccagctc	300
acgcacatca ctgacaaccg ggatggaaaa agaantgcc aactttcatac atccaactgg	360
aaagtgatct gatactggat tcttaattac cttcaaaagc ttctgggggc catcagctgc	420
tcgaacactg a	431

<210> 170

<211> 266

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(266)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 170
 acctgtgggc tgggctgtta tgcctgtgcc ggctgtgaa agggagtcca gaggtggagc 60
 tcaaggagct ctgcaggcat tttgccaanc ctctccanag canagggagc aacctacact 120
 ccccgctaga aagacaccag attggagtcc tgggaggggg agttgggggtg ggcatttgat 180
 gtatacttgt cacctgaatg aangagccag agaggaanga gacgaanatg anattggcct 240
 tcaaagctag gggctctggca ggtgga 266

<210> 171
 <211> 1248
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(1248)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 171
 ggcagccaaa tcataaacgg cgaggactgc agcccgcact cgagccctg gcaggcggca 60
 ctggtcatgg aaaacgaatt gttctgctcg ggcgctctgg tgcattccga gtgggtgctg 120
 tcagccgcac actgtttcca gaagtgaagt cagagctcct acaccatcgg gctgggcctg 180
 cacagtcttg aggccgacca agagccaggg agccagatgg tggaggccag cctctccgta 240
 cggcaccag agtacaacag acccttgctc gctaacgacc tcatgctcat caagttggac 300
 gaatccgtgt ccgagtctga caccatccgg agcatcagca ttgcttcgca gtgccctacc 360
 gcggggaact cttgcctcgt ttctggctgg ggtctgctgg cgaacggcag aatgcctacc 420
 gtgctgcagt gcgtgaacgt gtccgtgggtg tctgaggagg tctgcagtaa gctctatgac 480
 ccgctgtacc accccagcat gttctgcgcc ggccggagggc aagaccagaa ggactcctgc 540
 aacgggtgact ctgggggggcc cctgatctgc aacgggtact tgcagggcct tgtgtctttc 600
 ggaaaagccc cgtgtggcca agttggcgtg ccagggtgct acaccaacct ctgcaaattc 660
 actgagtggga tagagaaaac cgtccaggcc agttaactct ggggactggg aacccatgaa 720
 attgaccccc aaatacatcc tgcggaagga attcaggaat atctgttccc agccctcct 780
 ccctcaggcc caggagtcca ggccccagc ccctcctccc tcaaaaccaag ggtacagatc 840
 cccagccctt cctccctcag acccaggagt ccagaccccc cagccctcct tccctcagac 900
 ccaggagtcc agccctcct ccctcagacc caggagtcca gacccccag ccctcctcc 960
 ctcagaccca ggggtccagg cccccaaccc ctctcctc agactcagag gtccaagccc 1020
 ccaaccntc attccccaga cccagaggtc cagggtccag cccctctc ctcagaccca 1080
 gcggtccaat gccacctaga ctntccctgt acacagtgcc cccttggtgc acgttgaccc 1140
 aaccttacca gttggttttt catTTTTngt ccctttcccc tagatccaga aataaagttt 1200
 aagagaagng caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1248

<210> 172
 <211> 159
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> VARIANT
 <222> (1)...(159)
 <223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 172
 Met Val Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser
 20 25 30
 Glu Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr
 35 40 45
 Ala Gly Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly

50	55	60
Arg Met Pro Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu		
65	70	75
Glu Val Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe		
	85	90
Cys Ala Gly Gly Gly Gln Xaa Gln Xaa Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser		
	100	105
Gly Gly Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe		
	115	120
Gly Lys Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn		
	130	135
Leu Cys Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser		
145	150	155

<210> 173

<211> 1265

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1265)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 173

ggcagcccg	actgcagcc	ctggcaggcg	gcactggtca	tggaaaacga	attgttctgc	60
tcgggcgctc	tggtgcatcc	gcagtgggtg	ctgtcagccg	cacactgttt	ccagaactcc	120
tacaccatcg	ggctgggcct	gcacagtctt	gaggccgacc	aagagccagg	gagccagatg	180
gtggaggcca	gcctctccgt	acggcaccca	gagtacaaca	gacccttgct	cgctaacgac	240
ctcatgctca	tcaagttgga	cgaatccgtg	tccgagtctg	acaccatccg	gagcatcagc	300
attgcttcgc	agtgccttac	cgcggggaac	tcttgccctg	tttctggctg	gggtctgctg	360
gcgaacggtg	agctcacggg	tgtgtgtctg	ccctcttcaa	ggaggtcctc	tgcccagtcg	420
cgggggctga	cccagagctc	tgctgccag	gcagaatgcc	taccgtgctg	cagtgcgtga	480
acgtgtcggg	ggtgtctgag	gaggtctgca	gtaagctcta	tgaccgctg	taccaccca	540
gcatgttctg	cggcgcgga	gggcaagacc	agaaggactc	ctgcaacggg	gactctgggg	600
ggccctgat	ctgcaacggg	tacttgccag	gccttggtgc	tttcggaaaa	gccccgtgtg	660
gccaaagtgg	cgtgccagg	gtctacacca	acctctgcaa	attcactgag	tggatagaga	720
aaaccgtcca	ggccagttaa	ctctggggac	tggaaccca	tgaattgac	ccccaaatac	780
atcctgcgga	aggaattcag	gaatatctgt	tcccagcccc	tcctccctca	ggcccaggag	840
tccaggcccc	cagccccctc	tccctcaaac	caagggtaca	gatccccagc	ccctcctccc	900
tcagacccag	gagtcagac	ccccagccc	ctcctccctc	agaccagga	gtccagcccc	960
tcctccntca	gacccaggag	tccagacccc	ccagccctc	ctccctcaga	cccagggtt	1020
gaggccccca	acccctcctc	cttcagagtc	agaggctcaa	gcccccaacc	cctcggtccc	1080
cagacccaga	ggtnnaggtc	ccagccctc	ttcctcaga	cccagnggtc	caatgccacc	1140
tagattttcc	ctgnacacag	tgcccccttg	tggnggttg	acccaacctt	accagttggt	1200
ttttcatttt	tngtcccttt	cccctagatc	cagaaataaa	gtttaagaga	ngngcaaaaa	1260
aaaaa						1265

<210> 174

<211> 1459

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 174

ggtcagccgc	acactgtttc	cagaagttag	tgtagagctc	ctacaccatc	gggctggggc	60
tgacagctct	tgaggccgac	caagagccag	ggagccagat	ggtggaggcc	agcctctccg	120
tacggcacc	agagtacaac	agacccttg	tcgtaacga	cctcatgctc	atcaagttgg	180

acgaatccgt	gtccgagtct	gacaccatcc	ggagcatcag	cattgcttcg	cagtgccta	240
ccgcgggaa	ctcttgctc	gtttctggct	ggggtctgct	ggcgaacggt	gagctcacgg	300
gtgtgtgtct	gccctcttca	aggaggtcct	ctgcccagtc	gcgggggctg	acccagagct	360
ctgctgcca	ggcagaatgc	ctaccgtgct	gcagtgcgtg	aacgtgtcgg	tggtgtctga	420
ngaggtctgc	antaagctct	atgacccgct	gtaccacccc	ancatgttct	gcgccggcgg	480
agggcaagac	cagaaggact	cctgcaacgt	gagagagggg	aaaggggagg	gcaggcgact	540
caggggaagg	tggagaagg	ggagacagag	acacacaggg	ccgcatggcg	agatgcagag	600
atggagagac	acacagggag	acagtgacaa	ctagagagag	aaactgagag	aaacagagaa	660
ataaacacag	gaataaagag	aagcaaagga	agagagaaac	agaaacagac	atggggaggc	720
agaaacacac	acacatagaa	atgcagttga	ccttccaaca	gcattggggcc	tgaggcggt	780
gacctccacc	caatagaaaa	tectcttata	acttttgact	ccccaaaaac	ctgactagaa	840
atagcctact	gttgacgggg	agccttacca	ataacataaa	tagtcgattt	atgcatacgt	900
ttttgcat	ctgatatac	ctttgttga	attttttgat	atttctaagc	tacacagttc	960
gtctgtgaat	ttttttaaat	tgttgcaact	ctcctaaaat	ttttctgatg	tgtttattga	1020
aaaaatccaa	gtataagtgg	acttgtgcat	tcaaaccagg	gttgttcaag	ggtcaactgt	1080
gtacccagag	ggaacagtg	acacagattc	atagaggtga	aaacgaaga	gaaacaggaa	1140
aatcaagac	tctacaaaga	ggctgggcag	ggtggctcat	gcctgtaatc	ccagcacttt	1200
gggagggcag	gcaggcagat	cacttgaggt	aaggagttca	agaccagcct	ggccaaaatg	1260
gtgaaatcct	gtctgtacta	aaaatacaaa	agttagctgg	atatggtggc	aggcgctgt	1320
aatcccagct	acttgggagg	ctgagggcag	agaattgctt	gaatatggga	ggcagaggtt	1380
gaagtgagtt	gagatcacac	cactatactc	cagctggggc	aacagagtaa	gactctgtct	1440
caaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaa					1459

<210> 175
 <211> 1167
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc feature
 <222> (1)...(1167)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 175						
gcgcagccct	ggcagggcggc	actgggtcatg	gaaaacgaat	tggtctgctc	gggcgtcctg	60
gtgcatccgc	agtgggtgct	gtcagccgca	cactgtttcc	agaactccta	caccatccgg	120
ctgggcctgc	acagtcttga	ggccgaccaa	gagccaggga	gccagatggt	ggaggccagc	180
ctctccgtac	ggcaccaga	gtacaacaga	ctcttgctcg	ctaacgacct	catgctcacc	240
aagttggacg	aatccgtgtc	cgagtctgac	accatccgga	gcatacagcat	tgcttcgcag	300
tgccctaccg	cggggaactc	ttgcctcgtn	tctggctggg	gtctgctggc	gaacggcaga	360
atgcctaccg	tgctgcaactg	cgtgaacgtg	tgggtgggtg	ctgaggangt	ctgcagtaag	420
ctctatgacc	cgtgtacca	ccccagcatg	ttctgcgcgg	gcggagggca	agaccagaag	480
gactcctgca	acggtgactc	tgggggggccc	ctgatctgca	acgggtactt	gcagggcctt	540
gtgtctttcg	gaaaagcccc	gtgtggccaa	cttggcgtgc	caggtgtcta	caccaacctc	600
tgcaaatcca	ctgagtggat	agagaaaacc	gtccagncca	gttaactctg	gggactggga	660
acccatgaaa	ttgaccccca	aatacatcct	gcggaangaa	ttcaggaata	tctgttccca	720
gccccctctc	cctcaggccc	aggagtccag	gccccagcc	cctcctccct	caaaccaagg	780
gtacagatcc	ccagcccctc	ctccctcaga	cccaggagtc	cagaccccc	agcccctcnt	840
cntcagacc	caggagtcca	gccccctctc	cntcagagc	aggagtccag	acccccagc	900
ccntctccg	tcagaccag	gggtgcaggc	ccccaacccc	tcntccntca	gagtcagagg	960
tccaagcccc	caacccctcg	ttccccagac	ccagaggtnc	aggteccagc	ccctcctccc	1020
tcagaccag	cgggtccaatg	ccacctagan	tnccctgta	cacagtgcc	ccttgtggca	1080
ngttgaccca	accttaccag	ttggtttttc	attttttgtc	cctttccct	agatccagaa	1140
ataaagtnta	agagaagcgc	aaaaaaa				1167

<210> 176
 <211> 205
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(205)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 176

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Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1      5      10      15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
      20      25      30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
      35      40      45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu
      50      55      60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
65      70      75      80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
      85      90      95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met
      100      105      110
Pro Thr Val Leu His Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Xaa Val
      115      120      125
Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala
      130      135      140
Gly Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly
145      150      155      160
Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys
      165      170      175
Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Leu Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys
      180      185      190
Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Xaa Ser
      195      200      205

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<210> 177

<211> 1119

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 177

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gcgcactcgc agccctggca ggccggcactg gtcattggaaa acgaattggt ctgctcgggc      60
gtcctggtgc atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccgcacact gtttccagaa ctctacacc      120
atcgggcttg gctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc cagggagcca gatggtggag      180
gccagcctct ccgtacggca cccagagtac aacagaccct tgctcgctaa cgacctcatg      240
ctcatcaagt tggacgaatc cgtgtccgag tctgacacca tccggagcat cagcattgct      300
tcgcagtgcc ctaccgcggg gaactcttgc ctctgttctg gctggggtct gctggcgaac      360
gatgctgtga ttgccatcca gtcccagact gtgggaggct gggagtgtga gaagctttcc      420
caaccctggc agggttgtac catttcggca acttccagtg caaggacgtc ctgctgcac      480
ctcactgggt gtcactact gtcactgca tcacccggaa cactgtgatc aactagccag      540
caccatagtt ctccgaagtc agactatcat gattactgtg ttgactgtgc tgtctattgt      600
actaaccatg ccgatgttta ggtgaaatta gcgtcacttg gcctcaacca tcttggtatc      660
cagttatcct cactgaattg agatttcctg cttcagtgtc agccattccc acataatttc      720
tgacctacag aggtgaggga tcatatagct cttcaaggat gctggtactc ccctcacaaa      780
ttcatttctc ctgttgtagt gaaagggtgc ccctctggag cctcccaggg tgggtgtgca      840
ggtcacaaat atgaatgtat gatcgtgttc ccattaccca aagcctttaa atccctcatg      900
ctcagttacac cagggcaggt ctagcatttc ttcatttagt gtatgctgtc cattcatgca      960
accacctcag gactcctgga ttctctgect agttgagctc ctgcatgctg cctccttggg      1020
gaggtgaggg agagggccca tggttcaatg ggatctgtgc agttgtaaca cattaggtgc      1080
ttaataaaca gaagctgtga tgttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa      1119

```

<210> 178

<211> 164

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220> .
 <221> VARIANT
 <222> (1)...(164)
 <223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 178
 Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1 5 10 15
 Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
 20 25 30
 Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
 35 40 45
 Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu
 50 55 60
 Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
 65 70 75 80
 Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
 85 90 95
 Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Ala Val
 100 105 110
 Ile Ala Ile Gln Ser Xaa Thr Val Gly Gly Trp Glu Cys Glu Lys Leu
 115 120 125
 Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Gly Cys Thr Ile Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Ala Arg
 130 135 140
 Thr Ser Cys Cys Ile Leu Thr Gly Cys Ser Leu Leu Leu Thr Ala Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Pro Gly Thr Leu

<210> 179
 <211> 250
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 179
 ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagcccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct 60
 ccagctgccc ccggccgggg gatgcgaggc tcggagcacc cttgcccggc tgtgattgct 120
 gccaggcact gttcatctca gcttttctgt ccctttgctc ccggcaagcg cttctgctga 180
 aagttcatat ctggagcctg atgtcttaac gaataaaggt cccatgctcc acccgaaaaa 240
 aaaaaaaaaa 250

<210> 180
 <211> 202
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 180
 actagtcag tgggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccac cacaatggct acctttaaca 60
 tcacccagac ccgcccctg ccggtgcccc acgctgctgc taacgacagt atgatgctta 120
 ctctgtact cggaactat ttttatgtaa ttaatgtatg ctttcttgtt tataaatgcc 180
 tgatttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa 202

<210> 181
 <211> 558
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(558)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 181
tccytttgkt naggtttkkk agacamccck agacctwaan ctgtgtcaca gacttcyngg      60
aatgttttagg cagtgttagt aatttcytcg taatgattct gttattactt tcctnattct      120
ttattcctct ttcttctgaa gattaatgaa gttgaaaatt gaggtggata aatacaaaaa      180
ggtagtggtga tagtataagt atctaagtgc agatgaaagt gtgttatata tatccattca      240
aaattatgca agttagtaat tactcagggt taactaaatt actttaatat gctgttgaac      300
ctactctgtt ccttggctag aaaaaattat aaacaggact ttgttagttt ggaagccaa      360
attgataata ttctatgttc taaaagttgg gctatacata aattattaag aaatatggaw      420
ttttattccc aggaatatgg kgttcatttt atgaatatta cscrggatag awgtwtgagt      480
aaaaycagtt ttggtwaata ygtwaatatg tcmtaaataa acaakgcttt gacttatttc      540
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaa

```

```

<210> 182
<211> 479
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(479)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 182
acagggwttk grggatgcta agscceerga rwtggtttga tccaaccctg gcttwttttc      60
agaggggaaa atggggccta gaagttacag mscatytagy tgggtgcgmg tgacccctgg      120
cstcacacag astcccgagt agctgggact acaggcacac agtcactgaa gcaggccctg      180
ttwgcaattc acgttgccac ctccaactta aacattcttc atatgtgatg tccttagtca      240
ctaaggttaa actttccac ccagaaaagg caacttagat aaaatcttag agtactttca      300
tactmttcta agtcctcttc cagcctcact kkgagtcctm cytgggggtt gataggaant      360
ntctcttggc ttctcctaata aartctctat ycatctcatg ttttaatttg tacgcataa      420
awtgstgata aaattaaaat gttctggtty mactttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa      479

```

```

<210> 183
<211> 384
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 183
aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactgggtgcc      60
agtaccagta ccaataacag tgccagtgcc agtgccagca ccagtgggtg cttcagtgtc      120
ggtgccagcc tgaccgccac tctcacattt gggctcttcg ctggccttgg tggagctgg      180
gccagcacca gtggcagctc tgggtgcctgt ggtttctcct acaagtgaga ttttagatat      240
tgtaaatcct gccagtcttt ctcttcaagc caggggtgcat cctcagaaac ctactcaaca      300
cagcactcta ggcagccact atcaatcaat tgaagttgac actctgcatt aratctattt      360
gccatttcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa

```

```

<210> 184
<211> 496
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(496)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 184
accgaattgg gaccgtggc ttataagcga tcatgtyynt ccrgtatcac ctcaacgagc      60
aggagatcg agtctatag ctgaagaaat ttgacccgat gggacaacag acctgtcag      120
cccactctgc tctgttctcc ccagatgaca aatactctsg acaccgaatc accatcaaga      180
aacgcttcaa ggtgctcatg acccagcaac cgcgcctgt cctctgaggg tcccttaaac      240
tgatgtcttt tctgccacct gttaccctc ggagactccg taaccaaact cttoggactg      300

```

tgagccctga	tgcctttttg	ccagccatac	tctttggcat	ccagtctctc	gtggcgattg	360
attatgcttg	tgtgaggcaa	tcatggtggc	atcacccata	aagggaacac	atttgacttt	420
tttttctcat	attttaaatt	actacmagaw	tattwmagaw	waaatgawtt	gaaaaactst	480
taaaaaaaaa	aaaaaa					496

<210> 185
 <211> 384
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 185						
gctggtagcc	tatggcgkcg	cccacggagg	ggctcctgag	gccacggrac	agtgacttcc	60
caagtatcyt	gcgcsgegtc	ttctaccgtc	cctacctgca	gatcttcggg	cagattcccc	120
aggaggacat	ggacgtggcc	ctcatggagc	acagcaactg	ytctcgggag	cccggttct	180
gggcacaccc	tcctggggcc	caggcgggca	cctgcgtctc	ccagtatgcc	aactggctgg	240
tggtgctgct	cctcgtcctc	ttcctgctcg	tgccaacat	cctgctggtc	aacttgctca	300
ttgccatgtt	cagttacaca	ttcggcaaag	tacagggcaa	cagcgatctc	tactgggaag	360
gcgcagcgtt	accgcctcat	cgcg				384

<210> 186
 <211> 577
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)... (577)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 186						
gagttagctc	ctccacaacc	ttgatgaggt	cgtctgcagt	ggcctctcgc	ttcataccgc	60
tnccatcgtc	atactgtagg	tttgccacca	cytcctggca	tcttggggcg	gcntaatatt	120
ccaggaaact	ctcaatcaag	tcaccgtcga	tgaaacctgt	gggctgggtc	tgtcttcgcg	180
tcggtgtgaa	aggatctccc	agaaggagtg	ctcgatcttc	cccacacttt	tgatgacttt	240
attgagtcga	ttctgcatgt	ccagcaggag	gttgtagcag	ctctctgaca	gtgaggtcac	300
cagccctatc	atgccgttga	mcgtgccgaa	garcaaccgag	ccttggtgtg	gggkkgaggt	360
ctcacccaga	ttctgcatta	ccagagagcc	gtggcaaaaag	acattgacaa	actcgcccag	420
gtggaaaaag	amcamctcct	ggargtgctn	gccgctcctc	gtcmgttggt	ggcagcgctw	480
tccttttgac	acacaaacaa	gttaaaggca	ttttcagccc	ccagaaantt	gtcatcatcc	540
aagatntcgc	acagcactna	tccagttggg	attaaat			577

<210> 187
 <211> 534
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)... (534)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 187						
aacatcttcc	tgttaaatgc	tgtgtaatat	cgatccgatn	ttgtctgstg	agaatyatw	60
actkggaaaa	gmaacattaa	agcctggaca	ctgggtattaa	aattcacaa	atgcaaacat	120
ttaaacagtg	tgtcaatctg	ctcccyynac	tttgatcatca	ccagtctggg	aakaagggtta	180
tgcctatttc	acacctgtta	aaagggcgct	aagcattttt	gattcaacat	cttttttttt	240
gacacaagtc	cgaaaaaagc	aaaagtaaac	agttatyaat	ttgtaggcca	attcactttc	300
ttcatgggac	agagccatyt	gatttaaaaa	gcaaattgca	taatattgag	cttygggagc	360
tgatatttga	gcggaagagt	agcctttcta	cttcaccaga	cacaactccc	ttcatatttg	420
ggatgttnac	naaagtwatg	tctctwacag	atgggatgct	tttgtaggcaa	ttctgtttctg	480
aggatctccc	agttttattta	ccacttgccac	aagaaggcgt	tttcttctc	aggc	534

<210> 188
 <211> 761
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(761)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 188
 agaaaccagt atctctnaaa acaacctctc ataccttggt gacctaatTT tgtgtgcgtg 60
 tgtgtgtgcg cgcataattat atagacaggc acatcttttt tactttttgta aaagcttatg 120
 cctcttttgg atctatatct gtgaaagttt taatgatctg ccataatgtc ttgggggacct 180
 ttgtcttctg tgtaaatggg actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagttngt 240
 tttatttcgac atgaaggaaa tttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc ctkgackarg 300
 ggggacaaaag aaaagcaaaa ctgamcataa raaacaatwa cctggtgaga arttgcataa 360
 acagaaatwr ggtagtatat tgaarnacag catcattaaa rmgtttwtktt wttctccctt 420
 gcaaaaaaca tgtacngact tcccgttgag taatgccaaag ttgttttttt tatnataaaa 480
 cttgcccttc attacatggt tnaaagtggg gtgggtgggccc aaaatattga aatgatggaa 540
 ctgactgata aagctgtaca aataagcagt gtgcctaaca agcaacacag taatgttgac 600
 atgcttaatt cacaaatgct aatttcatta taaatgtttg ctaaaatata ctttgaacta 660
 tttttctgtn ttcccagagc tgagatntta gattttatgt agtatnaagt gaaaaantac 720
 gaaaataata acattgaaga aaaananaaa aaanaaaaaa a 761

<210> 189
 <211> 482
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(482)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 189
 tttttttttt ttgtccgatn ctactatttt attgcaggan gtgggggtgt atgcaccgca 60
 caccgggggt atnagaagca agaagggaagg agggagggca cagccccttg ctgagcaaca 120
 aagcgccttg ctgccttctc tgtctgtctc ctgggtgcagg cacatgggga gaccttcccc 180
 aaggcagggg ccaccagtcg aggggtggga atacaggggg tgggangtgt gcataagaag 240
 tgataggcac agggccaccg gtacagaccg ctcggtcctt gacaggtnga tttcgaccag 300
 gtcattgtgc cctgcccagg cacagcgtan atctggaaaa gacagaatgc tttccttttc 360
 aaatttggct ngtcatngaa ngggcanttt tccaantng gctnggtcct ggtacncttg 420
 gttcggccca gctcncgtc caaaaantat tcaccnctt ccnaattgct tgcnggnccc 480
 cc 482

<210> 190
 <211> 471
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(471)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 190
 tttttttttt ttttaaaaca gtttttcaca acaaaattta ttagaagaat agtggttttg 60
 aaaactctcg catccagtga gaactaccat acaccacatt acagctngga atgtntcca 120
 aatgtctggg caaatgatac aatggaacca ttcaatctta cacatgcacg aaagaacaag 180
 cgcttttgac atacaatgca caaaaaaaa aggggggggg gaccacatgg attaaaattt 240
 taagtactca tcacatacat taagacacag ttctagtcca gtcnaaaatc agaactgcnt 300

tgaaaaattt	catgtatgca	atccaaccaa	agaacttnat	tggtgatcat	gantncteta	360
ctacatcnac	cttgcatt	gccaggaacn	aaaagttnaa	ancacncngt	acaaaaanaa	420
tctgtaattn	anttcaacct	ccgtacngaa	aaatnttntt	tatacactcc	c	471

<210> 191

<211> 402

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(402)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 191

gagggattga	aggctgttgc	tastgtcggm	ctgttcagcc	accaactcta	acaagttgct	60
gtcttccact	cactgtctgt	aagcttttta	accagacwg	tatcttcata	aatagaacaa	120
attcttcacc	agtcacatct	tctaggacct	ttttggattc	agttagtata	agctcttcca	180
cttcttttgt	taagacttca	tctggtaaag	tcttaagttt	tgtagaaagg	aattyaattg	240
ctcgttctct	aacaatgtcc	tctccttgaa	gtatttggct	gaacaaccca	cctaaaagtc	300
ctttgtgcat	ccattttaaa	tatacttaat	agggcattgk	tnactaggt	taaattctgc	360
aagagtcatc	tgtctgcaaa	agttgcgtta	gtatatctgc	ca		402

<210> 192

<211> 601

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(601)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 192

gagctcggat	ccaataatct	ttgtctgagg	gcagcacaca	tatncagtgc	catggnaact	60
ggtctacccc	acatgggagc	agcatgccgt	agntatataa	ggtcattccc	tgagtacagc	120
atgcytyttt	gaytacccgt	tgccaagtgc	tggtgattct	yaacacacyt	ccatcccgt	180
cttttgtgga	aaaactggca	cttktctgga	actagcarga	catcacttac	aaattcaccc	240
acgagacact	tgaaagggtg	aacaaagcga	ytcttgcat	gctttttgtc	cctccggcac	300
cagttgtcaa	tactaaccog	ctggtttgcc	tccatcacat	ttgtgatctg	tagctctgga	360
tacatctcct	gacagtactg	aagaacttct	tcttttggtt	caaaagcarg	tcttggtgcc	420
tgttggatca	ggttcccat	tcccagtcyg	aatgttcaca	tgcatatatt	wacttcccac	480
aaaacattgc	gatttgaggc	tcagcaacag	caaatcctgt	tccggcattg	gctgcaagag	540
cctcgatgta	gccggccagc	gccaaaggcag	gcgccgtgag	ccccaccagc	agcagaagca	600
g						601

<210> 193

<211> 608

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(608)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 193

atacagccca	natcccacca	cgaagatgcg	cttgttgact	gagaacctga	tgcggtcact	60
ggtcccgcgt	tagccccagc	gactctccac	ctgctggaag	cggttgatgc	tgactctytt	120
cccaacgcag	gcagmagcgg	gscgggtcaa	tgaactccay	tcgtggcttg	gggtkgacgg	180
tkaagtgcag	gaagaggctg	accacctcgc	ggtccaccag	gatgcccgac	tgtgcgggac	240
ctgcagcgaa	actcctcgat	ggtcatgagc	gggaagcgaa	tgaggcccag	ggccttgccc	300

```

agaaccttcc gcctgttctc tggcgtcacc tgcagctgct gccgctgaca ctgggcctcg    360
gaccagcgga caaacggcrt tgaacagccg cacctcacgg atgcccagtg tgtcgcgctc    420
caggammgsc accagcgtgt ccaggtcaat gtcggtgaag ccctccgagg gtrattggcgt    480
ctgcagtgtt tttgtcgatg ttctccaggg acaggtggc cagctgcggg tcatcgaaga    540
gtcgcgcctg cgtgagcagc atgaaggcgt tgtcggtcgt cagttcttct tcaggaactc    600
cacgcaat                                     608

```

```

<210> 194
<211> 392
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(392)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 194
gaacggctgg accttgccct gcattgtgct tgctggcagg gaataccttg gcaagcagyt    60
ccagtccgag cagccccaga ccgtgcgcgc ccgaagctaa gcctgcctct ggccctcccc    120
tccgcctcaa tgcagaacca gtatggggag cactgtgttt agagttaaga gtgaacactg    180
tttgatttta cttgggaatt tcctctgtta tatagctttt cccaatgcta atttccaaac    240
aacaacaaca aaataacatg tttgcctgtt aagtgtgata aaagtaggtg attctgtatt    300
taaagaaaaa attactgtta catatactgc ttgcaatttc tgtatttatt gktnctstgg    360
aaataaatat agttattaaa gttgtgcant cc                                     392

```

```

<210> 195
<211> 502
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(502)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 195
ccsttkgagg ggtkaggkyc cagttyccga gtggaagaaa caggccagga gaagtgcgtg    60
ccgagctgag gcagatgttc ccacagtgcac cccagagacc stgggstata gtytctgacc    120
cctcncaagg aaagaccacs ttctggggac atgggctgga gggcaggacc tagaggcacc    180
aagggaaggc cccattccgg ggstgttccc cgaggaggaa gggaaggggc tctgtgtgcc    240
ccccasgagg aagaggccct gagtcctggg atcagacacc ccttcacgtg tatccccaca    300
caaatgcaag ctcaccaagg tcccctctca gtccccttcc stacaccctg amcggccact    360
gscscacacc caccagagc acgccacccg ccatggggar tgtgctcaag gartcgcnng    420
gcarcgtgga catctngtcc cagaaggggg cagaatctcc aatagangga ctgarcmstt    480
gctnanaaaa aaaaanaaaa aa                                     502

```

```

<210> 196
<211> 665
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(665)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 196
ggttacttgg tttcattgcc accacttagt ggatgtcatt tagaaccatt ttgtctgctc    60
cctctggaag ccttgccgag agcggacttt gtaattgttg gagaataact gctgaatttt    120
wagctgtttk gagttgatts gcaccactgc acccacaact tcaatatgaa aacyawttga    180
actwatttat tatcttgtga aaagtataac aatgaaaatt ttgttcatac tgtattkate    240

```

```

aagtatgatg aaaagcaawa gatatatatt cttttattat gttaaattat gattgccatt 300
attaatcggc aaaatgtgga gtgtatgttc ttttcacagt aatatatgcc ttttgtaact 360
tcacttgggt attttattgt aaatgartta caaaattctt aatttaagar aatgggatgt 420
wataatttatt tcattaattt ctttcctkgt ttacgtwaat ttgaaaaga wtgcatgatt 480
tcttgacaga aatcgatctt gatgctgtgg aagtagtttg acccacatcc ctatgagttt 540
ttcttagaat gtataaagggt ttaggcccat cnaacttcaa agaaaaaat gaccacatac 600
tttgcaatca ggctgaaatg tggcatgctn ttctaattcc aactttataa actagcaaan 660
aagtg 665

```

```

<210> 197
<211> 492
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(492)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 197
tttntttttt ttttttttgc aggaaggatt ccattttattg tggatgcatt ttcacaatat 60
atgttttattg gagcgatcca ttatcagtga aaagtatcaa gtgtttataa natttttagg 120
aaggcagatt cacagaacat gctngtcngc ttgcagtttt acctcgtna gatnacagag 180
aattatagtc naaccagtaa acnaggaatt tacttttcaa aagattaaat ccaaactgaa 240
caaaattcta ccctgaaact tactccatcc aaatattgga ataanagtca gcagtgatac 300
attctcttct gaacttttaga ttttctagaa aaatatgtaa tagtgatcag gaagagctct 360
tgttcaaaaag tacaacnaag caatgttccc ttaccatagg ccttaattca aactttgatc 420
catttcactc ccatcacggg agtcaatgct acctgggaca cttgtatttt gtatcatnctg 480
ancntggctt aa 492

```

```

<210> 198
<211> 478
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(478)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 198
tttnttttgn atttcantct gtannaanta ttttcattat gtttattana aaaatatnaa 60
tgtntccacn acaaatcatn ttacntnagt aagaggccan ctacattgta caacatacac 120
tgagtatatt ttgaaaagga caagtttaaa gtanacncat attgccganc atancacatt 180
tatacatggc ttgattgata tttagcacag canaaactga gtgagttacc agaaanaaat 240
natatatgtc aatcngattt aagatacaaa acagatccta tggtagatan catontgtag 300
gagttgtggc tttatgttta ctgaaagtca atgcagttcc tgtacaaaga gatggccgta 360
agcattctag tacctctact ccatggttaa gaatcgtaca cttatgttta catatgtnta 420
gggtaagaat tgtgttaagt naanttatgg agagggtccan gagaaaaatt tgaatnaa 478

```

```

<210> 199
<211> 482
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(482)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 199
agtgacttgt cctccaacaa aacccttga tcaagtttgt ggcactgaca atcagacctta 60

```

tgctagtcc	tgtcatctat	tcgctactaa	atgcagactg	gaggggacca	aaaaggggca	120
tcaactccag	ctggattatt	ttggagcctg	caaattctatt	cctacttgta	cggactttga	180
agtgattcag	tttctcttac	ggatgagaga	ctggctcaag	aatatcctca	tgacgcttta	240
tgaagccnac	tctgaacacg	ctggttatct	nagatgagaa	ncagagaaat	aaagtcnaga	300
aaatttacct	ggangaaaag	aggctttngg	ctggggacca	tcccattgaa	ccttctctta	360
anggacttta	agaanaaaact	accacatgtn	tgtngtatcc	tggtgccngg	ccgtttantg	420
aacntngacn	ncacccttnt	ggaatanant	cttgacnngn	tcctgaactt	gctcctctgc	480
ga						482

<210> 200

<211> 270

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)... (270)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 200

cggccgcaag	tgcaactcca	gctggggccg	tgccgacgaa	gattctgcc	gcagttggtc	60
cgactgcgac	gacggcgccg	gcgacagtcg	caggtgcagc	gcgggcgcct	gggtcttgc	120
aaggctgagc	tgacgccgca	gaggtcggtg	cacgtccac	gaccttgacg	ccgtcgggga	180
cagccggaac	agagcccggg	gaangcggga	ggcctcgggg	agccctcggg	gaagggcgcc	240
ccgagagata	cgcaggtgca	ggtggccgcc				270

<210> 201

<211> 419

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)... (419)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 201

tttttttttt	ttttggaatc	tactgcgagc	acagcaggtc	agcaacaagt	ttatttttgc	60
gctagcaagg	taacagggtg	ggcatgggt	acatgttcag	gtcaacttcc	tttgtcgtgg	120
ttgattgggt	tgtctttatg	ggggcggggt	ggggtagggg	aaancgaagc	anaantaaca	180
tgagtggtgg	gcacctctcc	tgtagaacct	ggttacnaaa	gcttggggca	gttcacctgg	240
tctgtgaccg	tcatTTTTctt	gacatcaatg	ttattagaag	tcaggatata	ttttagagag	300
tccactgtnt	ctggaggggag	attagggttt	cttgccaana	tccaancaaa	atccacntga	360
aaaagtggga	tgatncangt	acngaatacc	ganggcatan	ttctcatant	cggtggcca	419

<210> 202

<211> 509

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)... (509)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 202

ttnttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	60
tggcacttaa	tccattttta	tttcaaaatg	tctacaaant	ttnaatncnc	cattatacng	120
gtnattttnc	aaaatctaaa	nnttattcaa	atntnagcca	aantccttac	ncaaatnaaa	180
tacnncaaaa	aatcaaaaat	atacntntct	ttcagcaaac	ttngttacat	aaattaaaaa	240
aatatatacg	gctgggtgtt	tcaaagtaca	attatcttaa	cactgcaaac	atnttttnaa	300
ggaactaaaa	taaaaaaaaa	cactnccgca	aagggttaaag	ggaacaacaa	attcntttta	360

caacancnnc	nattataaaa	atcatatctc	aaatcttagg	ggaatatata	cttcacacng	420
ggatcttaac	ttttactnca	ctttgtttat	ttttttanaa	ccattgtntt	gggcccaaca	480
caatggnaat	ncncncncnc	tggaactagt				509

<210> 203
 <211> 583
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(583)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 203						
tttttttttt	ttttttttga	ccccctctt	ataaaaaaca	agttaccatt	ttattttact	60
tacacatatt	tattttataa	ttggtattag	atattcaaaa	ggcagctttt	aaaatcaaac	120
taaatggaaa	ctgccttaga	tacataattc	ttaggaatta	gcttaaaaac	tgccctaaagt	180
gaaaatcttc	tctagctctt	ttgactgtaa	atttttgact	cttgtaaaac	atccaaattc	240
atttttcttg	tctttaaaat	tatctaattc	ttccattttt	tcctatttcc	aagtcaattt	300
gcttctctag	cctcatttcc	tagctcttat	ctactattag	taagtggctt	ttttcctaaa	360
agggaaaaca	ggaagagana	atggcacaca	aaacaaacat	tttatattca	tatttctacc	420
tacgttaata	aaatagcatt	ttgtgaagcc	agctcaaaaag	aaggcttaga	tccttttatg	480
tccatttttag	tcactaaacg	atatacnaag	tgccagaatg	caaaagggtt	gtgaacattt	540
attcaaaaagc	taatataaga	tatttcacat	actcatcttt	ctg		583

<210> 204
 <211> 589
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(589)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 204						
ttttttttnt	tttttttttt	tttttttctc	ttcttttttt	ttganaatga	ggatcgagtt	60
tttcaactctc	tagatagggc	atgaagaaaa	ctcatctttc	cagcttttaa	ataacaatca	120
aatctcttat	gctatatcat	attttaagtt	aaactaatga	gtcactggct	tatcttctcc	180
tgaaggaaat	ctgttcattc	ttctcattca	tatagttata	tcaagtacta	ccttgcatat	240
tgagagggtt	ttcttctcta	tttacacata	tatttccatg	tgaatttgta	tcaaaccctt	300
attttcatgc	aaactagaaa	ataatgtntt	cttttgcata	agagaagaga	acaatatnag	360
cattacaata	ctgctcaaat	tgtttggtta	gnntatccat	tataattagt	tnggcaggag	420
ctaatacaaa	tcacattttac	ngacnagcaa	taataaaact	gaagtaccag	ttaaatatcc	480
aaaataatta	aaggaacatt	tttagcctgg	gtataattag	ctaattcact	ttacaagcat	540
ttatttnagaa	tgaattcaca	tgttattatt	ccntagccca	acacaatgg		589

<210> 205
 <211> 545
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(545)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 205						
ttttnttttt	ttttttcagt	aataatcaga	acaatatatta	tttttatatt	taaaattcat	60
agaaaagtgc	cttacattta	ataaaagttt	gtttctcaaa	gtgatcagag	gaattagata	120
tngtcttgaa	caccaatatt	aatttgagga	aaatacacca	aaatacatta	agtaaattat	180

```

ttaagatcat agagcttgta agtgaaaaga taaaatttga cctcagaaac tctgagcatt    240
aaaaatccac tattagcaaa taaattacta tggacttctt gctttaattt tgtgatgaat    300
atgggggtgct actggtaaac caacacattc tgaaggatac attacttagt gatagattct    360
tatgtactttt gctanatnac gtggatatga gttgacaagt ttctctttct tcaatctttt    420
aaggggcongga ngaaatgagg aagaaaagaa aaggattacg catactgttc tttctatngg    480
aaggattaga tatgtttcct ttgccaatat taaaaaata ataatgttta ctactagtga    540
aacc                                          545

```

```

<210> 206
<211> 487
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(487)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 206
tttttttttt ttttttagtc aagtttctna tttttattat aattaaagtc ttggtcattt    60
catttattag ctctgcaact tacatattta aattaaagaa acgttnttag acaactgtna    120
caatttataa atgtaagggtg ccattattga gtanatatat tcctccaaga gtggatgtgt    180
cccttctccc accaactaat gaancagcaa cattagttaa attttattag tagatnatac    240
actgctgcaa acgctaattc tcttctccat ccccatgtng atattgtgta tatgtgtgag    300
ttggnagaa tgcatcanca atctnacaat caacagcaag atgaagctag gcntgggctt    360
tcgggtgaaaa tagactgtgt ctgtctgaat caaatgatct gacctatcct cgggtggcaag    420
aactcttcga accgcttcct caaaggcngc tgccacattt gtggentctn ttgcacttgt    480
ttcaaaa                                          487

```

```

<210> 207
<211> 332
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(332)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 207
tgaattggct aaaagactgc atttttanaa ctagcaactc ttatttcttt cctttaaaaa    60
tacatagcat taaatcccaa atcctattta aagacctgac agcttgagaa ggtcactact    120
gcatttatag gaccttctgg tggttctgct gttacntttg aantctgaca atccttgana    180
atcctttgcat gcagaggagg taaaaggat tggattttca cagaggaana acacagcgca    240
gaaatgaagg ggccaggctt actgagcttg tccactggag ggctcatggg tgggacatgg    300
aaaagaaggc agcctaggcc ctggggagcc ca                                          332

```

```

<210> 208
<211> 524
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(524)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 208
agggcggtgt gcgagggtgt ttactgtttt gtctcagtaa caataaatac aaaaagactg    60
gttgtgttcc ggcccatcc aaccacgaag ttgatttctc ttgtgtgcag agtgactgat    120
tttaaaggac atggagcttg tcacaatgtc acaatgtcac agtgtgaagg gcacactcac    180
tcccgcgtga ttcacattta gcaaccaaca atagctcatg agtcatact tgtaaatact    240

```

69

```

tttggcagaa tacttnttga aacttgacaga.tgataactaa gatccaagat atttcccaaa 300
gtaaatagaa gtgggtcata atattaatta cctgttccaca tcagcttcca ttacaagtc 360
atgagcccag acactgacat caaactaagc ccacttagac tcctcaccac cagtctgtcc 420
tgtcatcaga caggaggctg tcaccttgac caaattctca ccagtcaatc atctatccaa 480
aaaccattac ctgatccact tccggtaatg caccaccttg gtga 524

```

```

<210> 209
<211> 159
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 209
gggtgaggaa atccagagtt gccatggaga aaattccagt gtcagcattc ttgctccttg 60
tgccctctc ctacactctg gccagagata ccacagtcaa acctggagcc aaaaaggaca 120
caaaggactc tcgacccaaa ctgccccaga ccctctcca 159

```

```

<210> 210
<211> 256
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(256)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 210
actccctggc agacaaaggc agaggagaga gctctgttag ttctgtgttg ttgaactgcc 60
actgaatttc ttccacttg gactattaca tgccantga gggactaatg gaaaaacgta 120
tgaggagatt ttanccaatt tangtntgta aatggggaga ctggggcagg cgaggagat 180
ttgcagggtg naaatgggan ggctgggttg ttanatgaac agggacatag gaggtaggca 240
ccaggatgct aatca 256

```

```

<210> 211
<211> 264
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(264)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 211
acattgtttt tttagataa agcattgaga gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60
actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120
atattcaagc acatatgta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gttaaggaga 180
ggggagatac attcngaaa aggactgaaa gaaatactca agtnggaaaa cagaaaaaga 240
aaaaaggag caaatgagaa gcct 264

```

```

<210> 212
<211> 328
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(328)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 212
acccaaaaat ccaatgctga atatttggtc tcattattcc canattcttt gattgtcaaa 60

```

```

ggatttaatg ttgtctcagc ttgggcactt cagttaggac ctaaggatgc cagccggcag 120
gtttatatat gcagcaacaa tattcaagcg cgacaacagg ttattgaact tgcccggcag 180
ttnaatttca ttcccattga cttgggatcc ttatcatcag ccagagagat tgaaaattta 240
cccctacnac tctttactct ctgganaggg ccagtgggtg tagctataag cttggccaca 300
tttttttttc ctttattcct ttgtcaga 328

```

```

<210> 213
<211> 250
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(250)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 213
acttatgagc agagcgacat atccnagtgt agactgaata aaactgaatt ctctccagtt 60
taaagcattg ctcaactgaag ggatagaagt gactgccagg agggaaagta agccaaggct 120
cattatgcc aagganatat acattttcaat tctccaaact tcttcctcat tccaagagtt 180
ttcaatattt gcatgaacct gctgataanc catgttaana aacaaatatc tctctnacct 240
tctcatcggt 250

```

```

<210> 214
<211> 444
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(444)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 214
accagaatc caatgctgaa tatttggtt cattattccc agattctttg attgtcaaag 60
gatttaatgt tgtctcagct tgggcacttc agttaggacc taaggatgcc agccggcagg 120
tttatatatg cagcaacaat attcaagcgc gacaacaggc tattgaactt gcccgccagt 180
tgaatttcat tcccattgac ttgggatcct tatcatcagc canagagatt gaaaattttac 240
ccctacgact ctttactctc tggagagggc cagtgggtgt agctataagc ttggccacat 300
tttttttttc tttattcctt tgtcagagat gcgattcctc catatgctan aaaccaacag 360
agtgaacttt acaaaattcc tataganatt gtgaataaaa ccttacctat agttgccatt 420
actttgctct ccctaataata cctc 444

```

```

<210> 215
<211> 366
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(366)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 215
acttatgagc agagcgacat atccaagtgt anactgaata aaactgaatt ctctccagtt 60
taaagcattg ctcaactgaag ggatagaagt gactgccagg agggaaagta agccaaggct 120
cattatgcc aagganatat acattttcaat tctccaaact tcttcctcat tccaagagtt 180
ttcaatattt gcatgaacct gctgataagc catgttgaga aacaaatatc tctctgacct 240
tctcatcggt aagcagaggc tgtaggcaac atggaccata gcgaanaaaa aacttagtaa 300
tccaagctgt tttctacact gtaaccaggc ttccaaccaa ggtggaaatc tcctatactt 360
ggtgcc 366

```


<210> 216
 <211> 260
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(260)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 216
 ctgtataaac agaactccac tgcangaggg agggccgggc caggagaatc tccgcttgtc 60
 caagacaggg gcctaaggag ggtctccaca ctgctnntaa gggctnttnc atttttttat 120
 taataaaaag tnnaaaaggc ctcttctcaa cttttttccc ttnggctgga aaatttataa 180
 atcaaaaatt tcctnaagtt ntcaagctat catatatact ntatcctgaa aaagcaacat 240
 aattcttctt tccctccttt 260

<210> 217
 <211> 262
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(262)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 217
 acctacgtgg gtaagtttan aaatgttata atttcaggaa naggaacgca tataattgta 60
 tcttgcttat aattttctat tttaataagg aaatagcaaa ttgggggtggg gggaatgtag 120
 ggcatcttac agtttgagca aaatgcaatt aaatgtggaa ggacagcact gaaaaatttt 180
 atgaataatc tgtatgatta tatgtctcta gagtagattt ataattagcc acttacccta 240
 atatccttca tgcttgtaaa gt 262

<210> 218
 <211> 205
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(205)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 218
 accaagggtg tgcattaccg gaantggatc aangacacca tegtggccaa cccctgagca 60
 cccctatcaa ctcccttttg tagtaaaactt ggaaccttgg aaatgaccag gccaagactc 120
 aggcctcccc agttctactg acctttgtcc ttangtntna ngtccagggt tgctaggaaa 180
 anaaatcagc agacacaggt gtaaa 205

<210> 219
 <211> 114
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 219
 tactgttttg tctcagtaac aataaatata aaaagactgg ttgtgttccg gccccatcca 60
 accacgaagt tgatttctct tgtgtgcaga gtgactgatt ttaaaggaca tgga 114

<210> 220
 <211> 93
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 220

actagccagc acaaaaggca gggtagcctg aattgctttc tgctctttac atttctttta 60
aaataagcat ttagtgctca gtccctactg agt 93

<210> 221

<211> 167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 221

actangtgca ggtgcgacaca aatatttgtc gatattccct tcatcttggga ttocatgagg 60
tcttttgccc agcctgtggc tctactgtag taagtttctg ctgatgagga gccagnatgc 120
ccccactac cttccctgac gctccccana aatcacccaa cctctgt 167

<210> 222

<211> 351

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 222

agggcggtgt gcgaggggcg gtactgacct cattagtagg aggatgcatt ctggcacccc 60
gttcttcacc tgtcccccaa tccttaaaag gccatactgc ataaagtcaa caacagataa 120
atgtttgctg aattaaagga tggatgaaaa aaattaataa tgaatttttg cataatccaa 180
ttttctcttt tatatttcta gaagaagttt ctttgagcct attagatccc gggaatcttt 240
taggtgagca tgattagaga gcttgttaggt tgcttttaca tatatctggc atatttgagt 300
ctcgtatcaa aacaatagat tggtaaaggt ggtattattg tattgataag t 351

<210> 223

<211> 383

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(383)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 223

aaaacaaaaca aacaaaaaaa acaattcttc attcagaaaa attatcttag ggactgatat 60
tggttaattat ggtcaattta atwrtrttkt ggggcatttc cttacattgt cttgacaaga 120
ttaaaatgtc tgtgccaaaa ttttgtattt tatttgaga cttcttatca aaagtaatgc 180
tgccaaagga agtctaagga attagtagtg ttcccmtcac ttgtttggag tgtgctattc 240
taaaagattt tgatttcttg gaatgacaat tatattttta ctttgggtggg ggaaanagtt 300
ataggaccac agtcttcact tctgatactt gtaaattaat cttttattgc acttgttttg 360
accattaagc tatatgttta aaa 383

<210> 224

<211> 320

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 224

cccctgaagg cttcttggtta gaaaatagta cagttacaac caataggaac aacaaaaaga 60
aaaagtttgt gacattgtag tagggagtgt gtacccttta ctcccatca aaaaaaaaaat 120
ggatacatgg ttaaaggata raagggaat attttatcat atgttctaaa agagaaggaa 180

gagaaaatac	tacttttctc	aaatggaagc	ccttaaaggt	gctttgatac	tgaaggacac	240
aaatgtggcc	gtccatcctc	ctttaragtt	gcatgacttg	gacacggtaa	ctgttgacgt	300
tttaractcm	gcattgtgac					320

<210> 225
 <211> 1214
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 225						
gaggactgca	gcccgcactc	gcagccctgg	caggcggcac	tggtcatgga	aaacgaattg	60
ttctgctcgg	gcgtcctggg	gcatccgcag	tgggtgctgt	cagccgcaca	ctgtttccag	120
aactcctaca	ccatcgggct	gggcctgcac	agtcttgagg	ccgaccaaga	gccagggagc	180
cagatggtgg	agggcagcct	ctccgtacgg	caccagagt	acaacagacc	cttgctcgtc	240
aacgacctca	tgctcatcaa	gttgacgaa	tccgtgtccg	agtctgacac	catccggagc	300
atcagcattg	cttcgcagtg	ccctaccgcg	gggaactctt	gcctcgtttc	tggttggggt	360
ctgctggcga	acggcagaat	gcctaccgtg	ctgcagtgcg	tgaacgtgtc	ggtggtgtct	420
gaggaggtct	gcagtaagct	ctatgaccog	ctgtaccacc	ccagcatgtt	ctgcgcggcg	480
ggagggaag	accagaagga	ctcctgcaac	ggtgactctg	gggggcccct	gatctgcaac	540
gggtacttgc	agggccttgt	gtctttcgga	aaagccccgt	gtggccaagt	tggcgtgcca	600
ggtgtctaca	ccaacctctg	caaattcact	gagtggatag	agaaaaccgt	ccaggccagt	660
taactctggg	gactgggaac	ccatgaaatt	gacccccaaa	tacatcctgc	ggaaggaatt	720
caggaatatc	tgttcccagc	ccctcctccc	tcaggcccag	gagtccaggc	ccccagcccc	780
tcctccctca	aaaccaagggt	acagatcccc	agcccctcct	ccctcagacc	caggagtcca	840
gacccccag	cccctcctcc	ctcagacca	ggagtccagc	ccctcctccc	tcagaccag	900
gagtccagac	ccccagcccc	ctcctccctc	agaccagggg	gtccaggccc	ccaacccctc	960
ctccctcaga	ctcagaggtc	caagccccca	accctccttt	ccccagacc	agaggtccag	1020
gtcccagccc	ctcctccctc	agaccagcg	gtccaatgcc	acctagactc	tcctgtaca	1080
cagtgcctcc	ttgtggcag	ttgacccaac	cttaccagtt	ggtttttcat	tttttgcctc	1140
tttcccttag	atccagaaat	aaagtctaag	agaagcgcaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	1200
aaaaaaaaaa	aaaa					1214

<210> 226
 <211> 119
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 226						
accagtatg	tgcaggaga	cggaacccca	tgtgacagcc	cactccacca	gggttcccaa	60
agaacctggc	ccagtcataa	tcattcatcc	tgacagtggc	aataatcacg	ataaccagt	119

<210> 227
 <211> 818
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 227						
acaattcata	gggacgacca	atgaggacag	ggaatgaacc	cggctctccc	ccagccctga	60
tttttgctac	atatggggtc	ccttttcatt	ctttgcaaaa	acactgggtt	ttctgagaac	120
acggacgggt	cttagcaca	tttgtgaaat	ctgtgtaraa	cgggctttg	caggggagat	180
aattttcctc	ctctggagga	aaggtggtga	ttgacaggca	gggagacagt	gacaaggcta	240
gagaaagcca	cgctcgccct	tctctgaacc	aggatggaac	ggcagacccc	tgaaaacgaa	300
gcttgcctcc	ttccaatcag	ccacttctga	gaacccccat	ctaacttctc	actggaaaag	360
agggcctcct	caggagcagt	ccaagagttt	tcaaagataa	cgtgacaact	accatctaga	420
ggaaaagggtg	caccctcagc	agagaagccg	agagcttaac	tctggtcgtt	tccagagaca	480
acctgctggc	tgtcttggtg	tgcgcccagc	ctttgagagg	ccactacccc	atgaacttct	540
gccatccact	ggacatgaag	ctgaggacac	tgggcttcaa	cactgagttg	tcatgagagg	600
gacaggctct	gccctcaagc	cggctgaggg	cagcaaccac	tctcctcccc	tttctcacgc	660
aaagccattc	ccacaaatcc	agaccatacc	atgaagcaac	gagacccaaa	cagtttggct	720
caagaggata	tgaggactgt	ctcagcctgg	ctttgggctg	acaccatgca	cacacacaag	780
gtccacttct	aggttttcag	cctagatggg	agtcgtgt			818

<210> 228
 <211> 744
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 228
 actggagaca ctgttgaact tgatcaagac ccagaccacc ccaggtctcc ttcgtgggat 60
 gtcatgacgt ttgacatacc ttgggaacga gcctcctcct tggagatgg aagaccgtgt 120
 tcgtggccga cctggcctct cctggcctgt ttcttaagat gcggagtcac atttcaatgg 180
 taggaaaagt ggcttcgtaa aatagaagag cagtcactgt ggaactacca aatggcgaga 240
 tgctcgggtgc acattgggggt gctttgggat aaaagattta tgagccaact attctctggc 300
 accagattct aggccagttt gttccactga agcttttccc acagcagtcc acctctgcag 360
 gctggcagct gaatggcttg ccggtggctc tgtggcaaga tcacactgag atcgatgggt 420
 gagaaggcta ggatgcttgt ctagtgttct tagctgtcac gttggctcct tccaggttgg 480
 ccagacggtg ttggccactc ctttctaaaa cacaggcgcc ctcttggtga cagtgacctg 540
 ccgtgggtatg ccttggccca ttocagcagt ccaggttatg catttcaagt ttgggggttg 600
 ttcttttctg taatgttctt ctgtgttctc agctgtcttc atttctctgg ctaagcagca 660
 ttgggagatg tggaccagag atccactcct taagaaccag tggcgaaaga cactttcttt 720
 cttcactctg aagtagctgg tgggt 744

<210> 229
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 229
 cgagtctggg ttttgtctat aaagtttgat ccctcctttt ctcatccaaa tcatgtgaac 60
 cattacacat cgaaataaaa gaaaggtggc agacttgccc aacgccaggc tgacatgtgc 120
 tgcagggttg ttgtttttta attattattg ttagaaacgt caccacacgt cctgttaat 180
 ttgtatgtga cagccaactc tgagaaggtc ctatttttcc acctgcagag gatccagtct 240
 cactaggctc ctcttgccc tcacactgga gtctccgcca gtgtgggtgc ccactgacat 300

<210> 230
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 230
 cagcagaaca aatacaata tgaagagtgc aaagatctca taaaatctat gctgaggaat 60
 gagcgacagt tcaaggagga gaagcttgca gagcagctca agcaagctga ggagctcagg 120
 caatataaag tcctggttca cactcaggaa cgagagctga ccagttaag ggagaagttg 180
 cggaaggga gagatgcctc cctctcattg aatgagcatc tccaggccct cctcactccg 240
 gatgaaccgg acaagtccea ggggcaggac ctccaagaaa cagacctcgg ccgcgaccac 300
 g 301

<210> 231
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 231
 gcaagcacgc tggcaaatct ctgtcaggtc agctccagag aagccattag tcatttttagc 60
 caggaactcc aagtcacat ccttggcaac tggggacttg cgcaggttag ccttgaggat 120
 ggcaacacgg gacttctcat caggaagtgg gatgtagatg agctgatcaa gacggccagg 180
 tctgaggatg gcaggatcaa tgatgtcagg ccggttggtg ccgccaatga tgaacacatt 240
 tttttttgtg gacatgccat ccatttctgt caggatctgg ttgatgactc ggtcagcagc 300
 c 301

<210> 232
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 232
 agtaggtatt tcgtgagaag ttcaacacca aaactggaac atagttctcc ttcaagtgtt 60
 ggcgacagcg gggcttctctg attctggaat ataactttgt gtaaattaac agccacctat 120
 agaagagtcc atctgctgtg aaggagagac agagaactct gggttccgtc gtctgttcca 180
 cgtgctgtac caagtgtctg tgccagcctg ttacctgttc tctactgaaa tctggctaata 240
 gctcttctgt atcacttctg attctgacaa tcaatcaatc aatggcctag agcactgact 300
 g 301

<210> 233
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 233
 atgactgact tcccagtaag gctctctaag gggttaagtag gaggatccac aggatttgag 60
 atgctaaggc cccagagatc gtttgatcca accctcttat ttccagaggg gaaaatgggg 120
 cctagaagtt acagagcatc tagctgggtg gctggcacc cctggcctcac acagactccc 180
 gagtagctgg gactacaggc acacagtcac tgaagcaggc cctgttagca attctatgct 240
 tacaaattaa catgagatga gtagagactt tattgagaaa gcaagagaaa atcctatcaa 300
 c 301

<210> 234
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 234
 aggtcctaca catcgagact catccatgat tgatatgaat ttaaaaatta caagcaaaga 60
 ctttttattc atcatgatgc tttcttttctg ttcttctttt cgttttcttc tttttctttt 120
 tcaatttcag caacatactt ctcaatttct tcaggattta aaatcttgag ggattgatct 180
 cgctcatga cagcaagttc aatgtttttg ccacctgact gaaccacttc caggagtgcc 240
 ttgatcacca gcttaatggg cagatcatct gcttcaatgg ctctgctcagt atagttcttc 300
 t 301

<210> 235
 <211> 283
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 235
 tggggctgtg catcaggcgg gtttgagaaa tattcaattc tcagcagaag ccagaatttg 60
 aattccctca tcttttaggg aatcatttac caggtttgga gaggattcag acagctcagg 120
 tgctttcact aatgtctctg aacttctgtc cctctttgtt catggatagt ccaataaata 180
 atgttatctt tgaactgatg ctcataggag agaataaag aactctgagt gatatcaaca 240
 ttagggattc aaagaaatat tagatttaag ctcacactgg tca 283

<210> 236
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 236
 aggtcctcca ccaactgcct gaagcacggt taaaattggg aagaagtata gtgcagcata 60
 aatactttta aatcgatcag atttccctaa ccacatgca atcttcttca ccagaagagg 120
 tcggagcagc atcathtaata ccaagcagaa tgcgtaatag ataaatacaa tggatatatag 180
 tgggtagacg gcttcatgag tacagtgtac tgtggtatcg taatctggac ttgggttgta 240
 aagcatcgtg taccagtcat aaagcatcaa tactcgacat gaacgaatat aaagaacacc 300
 a 301

<210> 237
 <211> 301

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 237
cagtggtagt ggtgggtggac gtggcggttg tegtgggtgcc ttttttgggtg cccgtcacaa 60
actcaatttt tgttcgctcc tttttggcct tttccaattt gtccatctca attttctggg 120
ccttggctaa tgcctcatag taggagtcct cagaccagcc atggggatca aacatatcct 180
ttgggtagtt ggtgccaaagc tcgtcaatgg cacagaatgg atcagcttct cgtaaatcta 240
gggttccgaa attctttctt cctttggata atgtagtcca tatccattcc ctcctttatc 300
t 301

<210> 238
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 238
gggcaggttt tttttttttt ttttttgatg gtgcagaccc ttgctttatt tgtctgactt 60
gttcacagtt cagccccctg ctccagaaaac caacggggcca gctaaggaga ggaggaggca 120
ccttgagact tccggagtgc aggtctctcca gggttcccca gccatcaat cattttctgc 180
acccctgcc tgggaagcag ctccctgggg ggtgggaatg ggtgactaga agggatttca 240
gtgtgggacc cagggtctgt tcttcacagt aggaggtgga agggatgact aatttcttta 300
t 301

<210> 239
<211> 239
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 239
ataagcagct aggggaattct ttatttagta atgtcctaac ataaaagtcc acataactgc 60
ttctgtcaaa ccatgatact gagctttgtg acaaccagca aataactaag agaaggcaaa 120
cataatacct tagagatcaa gaaacattta cacagttcaa ctgtttaaaa atagctcaac 180
attcagccag tgagtagagt gtgaatgcc aacatacacag tatacaggtc cttcagga 239

<210> 240
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 240
ggtcctaagt aagcagcagc ttccacattt taacgcaggt ttacggtgat actgtccttt 60
gggatctgcc ctccagtggg accttttaag gaagaagtgg gcccaagcta agttccacat 120
gctgggtgag ccagatgact tctgttcctt ggtcactttc ttcaatgggg cgaatggggg 180
ctgccagggt tttaaaatca tgcttcatct tgaagcacac ggtcacttca ccctcctcac 240
gctgtgggtg tactttgatg aaaataccca ctttgttggc ctttctgaag ctataatgtc 300

<210> 241
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 241
gaggtctggt gctgaggtct ctgggctagg aagaggagtt ctgtggagct ggaagccaga 60
cctctttgga ggaaactcca gcagctatgt tgggtgtctt gagggaatgc aacaaggctg 120
ctcctccatg tattggaaaa ctgcaaaactg gactcaactg gaagggaagt ctgctgccag 180
tgtgaagaac cagcctgagg tgacagaac ggaagcaaac aggaacagcc agtcttttct 240
tcctcctcct gtcatacggg ctctctcaag catcctttgt tgtcaggggc ctaaaaggga 300
g 301

<210> 242
<211> 301

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 242						
ccgagggtcct	gggatgcaac	caatcactct	gtttcacgtg	actttttatca	ccatacaatt	60
tgtggcattt	cctcattttc	tacattgtag	aatcaagagt	gtaaaataaat	gtatatacgat	120
gtctttcaaga	atatatcatt	cctttttcac	tagaacccat	tcaaaatata	agtaagaagt	180
cttaatatca	acaaatatat	caagcaaact	ggaaggcaga	ataactacca	taatttagta	240
taagtaccba	aagttttata	aatcaaaagc	cctaagtata	accattttta	gaattcaatc	300
a						301

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<210> 243
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
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<400> 243						
aggtaagtcc	cagtttgaag	ctcaaaagat	ctggtatgag	cataggctca	tgcacgacat	60
ggtggcccaa	gctatgaaat	cagagggagg	cttcactctg	gcctgtaaaa	actatgatgg	120
tgacgtgcag	tgggactctg	tggcccaaag	gtatggctct	ctcggcatga	tgaccagcgt	180
gctggtttgt	ccagatggca	agacagtaga	agcagaggct	gccacggga	ctgtaacccg	240
tcactaccgc	atgttcaga	aaggacagga	gacgtccacc	aatcccattg	cttccatttt	300
t						301

```
<210> 244
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
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<400> 244						
gctggtttgc	aagaatgaaa	tgaatgattc	tacagctagg	acttaacctt	gaaatggaaa	60
gtcatgcaat	cccatattga	ggatctgtct	gtgcacatgc	ctctgtagag	agcagcattc	120
ccagggacct	tggaaacagt	tgacactgta	aggctgcttg	tccccaagac	acatcctaaa	180
aggtgttgta	atggtgaaaa	cgtcttcctt	ctttattgcc	cctctctatt	tatgtgaaca	240
actgtttgtc	ttttgtgtat	cttttttaaa	ctgtaaaagt	taattgtgaa	aatgaataatc	300

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<210> 245
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
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<400> 245						
gtctgagtat	ttaaaatgtt	attgaaatta	tccccaacca	atgttagaaa	agaaagaggt	60
tataacttta	gataaaaaat	gagggtgaatt	actatccatt	gaaatcatgc	tcttagaatt	120
aaggccagga	gatattgtca	ttaatgtara	cttcaggaca	ctagagtata	gcagccctat	180
gttttcaaag	agcagagatg	caattaaata	ttgttttagca	tcaaaaaggc	cactcaatac	240
agctaataaa	atgaaagacc	taattttctaa	agcaattcct	tataattttac	aaagtttttaa	300
g						301

```
<210> 246
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
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<400> 246							
ggtctgtcct	acaatgcctg	cttcttgaaa	gaagtcggca	ctttctagaa	tagctaaata		60
acctgggctt	attttaaaga	actatttgta	gctcagattg	gttttcttat	ggctaaataa		120
agtgtctctt	gtgaaaattt	aataaaaacag	ttaattcaaa	gccttgatat	atgttaccac		180
taacaatcat	actaaatata	ttttgaagta	caaagtttga	catgctctaa	agtgacaacc		240
caaatgtgtc	ttacaaaaca	cgttcctaac	aaggtatgct	ttacactacc	aatgcagaaa		300
c							301

<210> 247
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 247
 aggtcctttg gcagggctca tggatcagag ctcaaactgg agggaaaggc atttcgggta 60
 gcctaagagg gcgactggcg gcagcacaac caaggaaggc aaggttgttt cccccacgct 120
 gtgtcctgtg ttcaggtgcg acacacaatc ctcatgggaa caggatcacc catgcgctgc 180
 ccttgatgat caaggttggg gcttaagtgg attaaggag gcaagttctg gggtccttgc 240
 cttttcaaac catgaagtca ggctctgtat ccctcctttt cctaactgat attctaacta 300
 a 301

<210> 248
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 248
 aggtccttgg agatgccatt tcagccgaag gactcttctw ttcggaagta caccctcact 60
 attaggaaga ttcttagggg taatttttct gaggaaggag aactagccaa cttagaattt 120
 acaggaagaa agtggtttgg aagacagcca aagaaataaa agcagattaa attgtatcag 180
 gtacattcca gctgtttggc aactccataa aaacatttca gattttaatc ccgaatttag 240
 ctaatgagac tggatttttg ttttttatgt tgtgtgtcgc agagctaaaa actcagttcc 300
 c 301

<210> 249
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 249
 gtccagagga agcacctggg gctgaactag gcttgccctg ctgtgaactt gcacttggag 60
 ccctgacgct gctgttctcc ccgaaaaacc cgaccgacct ccgcgatctc cgtcccgcc 120
 ccaggagac acagcagtga ctgagagctg gtgcacact gtgctccct cctcaccgcc 180
 catcgtaatg aattattttg aaaattaatt ccaccatcct ttcagattct ggatggaaag 240
 actgaatctt tgactcagaa ttgtttgctg aaaagaatga tgtgactttc ttagtcattt 300
 a 301

<210> 250
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 250
 ggtctgtgac aaggacttgc aggctgtggg aggcaagtga cccttaacac tacacttctc 60
 cttatcttta ttggcttgat aaacataatt atttctaaca ctagcttatt tccagttgcc 120
 cataagcaca tcagtacttt tctctggctg gaatagtaaa ctaaagtatg gtacatctac 180
 ctaaaagact actatgtgga ataatacata ctaatgaagt attacatgat ttaaagacta 240
 caataaaacc aaacatgctt ataacattaa gaaaaacaat aaagatacat gattgaaacc 300
 a 301

<210> 251
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 251
 gccaggtcc tacatttggc ccagtttccc cctgcacct ctccagggcc cctgcctcat 60
 agacaacctc atagagcata ggagaactgg ttgcctggg gccaggggga ctgtctggat 120
 gccaggggtc ctcaaaaatg ccactgtcac tgccaggaaa tgcttctgag cagtacacct 180
 cattgggata aatgaaaagc ttcaagaaat cttcaggctc actctcttga aggcccgga 240

cctctggagg ggggcagtg aatcccagct ccaggacgga tcctgtcgaa aagatatcct 300
c 301

<210> 252
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 252
gcaaccaatc actctgtttc acgtgacttt tatcaccata caatttggtg catttctca 60
ttttctacat tgtagaatca agagtgtaaa taaatgtata tcgatgtott caagaatata 120
tcattccttt ttacttagga acccattcaa aatataagtc aagaatctta atatcaacaa 180
atatatcaag caaactggaa ggcagaataa ctaccataat ttagtataag tacccaaagt 240
tttataaatc aaaagcccta atgataacca tttttagaat tcaatcatca ctgtagaatc 300
a 301

<210> 253
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 253
ttccctaaga agatgttatt ttgttgggtt ttgttccccc tccatctcga ttctcgtacc 60
caactaaaaa aaaaaaataa agaaaaaatg tgctgcgttc tgaaaaataa ctcttagct 120
tgggtctgatt gttttcagac cttaaaatat aaacttggtt cacaagcttt aatccatgtg 180
gatttttttt cttagagaac cacaaaacat aaaaggagca agtcggactg aatacctgtt 240
tccatagtgc ccacagggtta ttctcacat tttctccata ggaaaatgct ttttcccaag 300
g 301

<210> 254
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 254
cgctgcgcct ttcccttggg ggaggggcaa ggccagaggg ggtccaagtg cagcacgagg 60
aacttgacca attcccttga agcgggtggg ttaaaccctg taaatgggaa caaaatcccc 120
ccaaatctct tcatcttacc ctggtggact cctgactgta gaattttttg gttgaaacaa 180
gaaaaaataa aagcttttga cttttcaagg ttgcttaaca ggtactgaaa gactggcctc 240
acttaaactg agccaggaaa agctgcagat ttattaatgg gtgtgttagt gtgcagtgcc 300
t 301

<210> 255
<211> 302
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 255
agcttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt ttcattaaaa aatagtgtct tttattataa 60
attactgaaa tggtttcttt ctgaatataa atataaatat gtgcaaagtt tgacttggat 120
tgggattttg ttgagttctt caagcatctc ctaataccct caagggcctg agtagggggg 180
aggaaaaagg actggagggt gaatctttat aaaaaacaag agtgattgag gcagattgta 240
aacattatta aaaaacaaga aacaaacaaa aaaatagaga aaaaaaccac cccaacacac 300
aa 302

<210> 256
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 256

gttcagaaaa	acattgaagg	tggcttccca	aagtctaact	agggatacce	cctctagcct	60
aggaccctcc	tccccacacc	tcaatccacc	aaaccatcca	taatgcaccc	agataggccc	120
acccccaaaa	gcctggacac	cttgagcaca	cagttatgac	caggacagac	tcatctctat	180
aggcaaatag	ctgctggcaa	actggcatta	cctggtttgt	ggggatgggg	gggcaagtgt	240
gtggcctctc	ggcctgggta	gcaagaacat	tcagggttagg	cctaagttan	tcgtgttagt	300
t						301

<210> 257

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 257

gttgtggagg	aactctggct	tgtcatttaa	gtcctactga	ttttcactat	ccctgaatt	60
tccccactta	tttttgtctt	tcaatctcgc	aggccttaga	agaggtctac	ctgcctccag	120
tcttacctag	tccagtctac	cccctggagt	tagaatggcc	atcctgaagt	gaaaagtaat	180
gtcacattac	tcccttcagt	gatttcttgt	agaagtgcc	atccctgaat	gccaccaaga	240
tcttaattct	cacatcttta	atcttatctc	tttgactcct	ctttacaccg	gagaaggctc	300
c						301

<210> 258

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 258

cagcagtagt	agatgccgta	tgccagcacg	cccagcactc	ccaggatcag	caccagcacc	60
aggggcccag	ccaccaggcg	cagaagcaag	ataaacagta	ggctcaagac	cagagccacc	120
cccaggggcaa	caagaatcca	ataccaggac	tgggcaaaat	cttcaaagat	cttaacactg	180
atgtctcggg	cattgaggct	gtcaataana	cgctgatccc	ctgctgtatg	gtgggtgtcat	240
tgggtgatccc	tgggagcgcc	ggtggagtaa	cgtttgtcca	tggaaagcag	cgcccacaac	300
t						301

<210> 259

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 259

tcatatatgc	aaacaaatgc	agactangcc	tcaggcagag	actaaaggac	atctcttggg	60
gtgtcctgaa	gtgatttgga	cccctgaggg	cagacaccta	agtaggaatc	ccagtgggaa	120
gcaaagccat	aaggaagccc	aggattcctt	gtgatcagga	agtggggccag	gaaggctctg	180
tccagctcac	atctcatctg	catgcagcac	ggaccggatg	cgcccactgg	gtcttggctt	240
ccctcccatc	ttctcaagca	gtgtccttgt	tgagccattt	gcaccccttg	ctccagggtg	300
c						301

<210> 260

<211> 301

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 260
 ttttttttct ccctaaggaa aaagaaggaa caagtctcat aaaaccaa at aagcaatgg 60
 aagggtgtctt aacttgaaaa agattaggag tcaactggttt acaagttata attgaatgaa 120
 agaactgtaa cagccacagt tggccatttc atgccaatgg cagcaaaaca caggattaac 180
 tagggcaaaa taaataagtg tgtggaagcc ctgataagtg cttataaac agactgattc 240
 actgagacat cagtacctgc ccggggggcc gctcgagccg aattctgcag atatccatca 300
 c 301

<210> 261
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 261
 aaatattcga gcaaactctg taactaatgt gtctccataa aaggctttga actcagtga 60
 tctgcttcca tccacgattc tagcaatgac ctctcggaca tcaaagctcc tcttaagggt 120
 agcaccaact attccataca attcatcagc aggaaataaa ggctcttcag aaggttcaat 180
 ggtgacatcc aatttcttct gataatttag attcctcaca accttcctag ttaagtgaag 240
 ggcattatga tcatccaaag ccagtggtc acttactcca gactttctgc aatgaagatc 300
 a 301

<210> 262
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 262
 gaggagagcc tggtacagca tttgtaagca cagaatactc caggagtatt tgtaattgtc 60
 tgtgagcttc ttgccgaag tctctcagaa atttaaaaag atgcaaatcc ctgagtcacc 120
 cctagacttc ctaaacacga tctctggggg ctggaacctg gcactctgca tttgtaatga 180
 gggtttctg gtgcacacct aattttgtgc atctttgcc taaatcctgg attagtgcc 240
 catcattacc cccacattat aatgggatag attcagagca gatactctcc agcaaagaat 300
 c 301

<210> 263
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 263
 ttttagcttgt ggtaaatgac tcacaaaact gattttaaaa tcaagttaat gtgaattttg 60
 aaaattacta cttaatccta attcacaata acaatggcat taaggtttga cttgagttgg 120
 ttcttagtat tatttatggg aaataggctc ttaccacttg caaataactg gccacatcat 180
 taatgactga cttccagta aggtctctta aggggtaagt angaggatcc acaggatttg 240
 agatgctaag gccccagaga tcgtttgatc caaccctctt attttcagag gggaaaatgg 300
 g 301

<210> 264
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 264
 aaagacgtta aaccactcta ctaccacttg tggaactctc aaagggtaaa tgacaaascc 60

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aatgaatgac tctaaaaaca atattttacat ttaatggttt gtagacaata aaaaaacaag 120
gtggatagat ctagaattgt aacatttttaa gaaaaccata scatttgaca gatgagaaag 180
ctcaattata gatgcaaagt tataactaaa ctactatagt agtaaagaaa tacatttcac 240
acccttcata taaattcact atcttggcct gaggcactcc ataaaatgta tcacgtgcat 300
a 301

```

<210> 265
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

```

<400> 265
tgcccaagtt atgtgtaagt gtatccgcac ccagaggtaa aactacactg tcatctttgt 60
cttcttgatga cgcagtattt cttctctggg gagaagccgg gaagtcttct cctggctcta 120
catattcttg gaagtctcta atcaactttt gttccatttg tttcatttct tcaggaggga 180
ttttcagttt gtcaacatgt tctctaacaa cacttgcca tttctgtaa gaatccaaag 240
cagtccaagg ctttgacatg tcaacaacca gcataactag agtatccttc agagatacgg 300
c 301

```

<210> 266
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

```

<400> 266
taccgtctgc ccttcctccc atccaggcca tctgcgaatc tacatgggtc ctcctattcg 60
acaccagatc actctttcct ctaccacag gcttgctatg agcaagagac acaacctcct 120
ctcttctgtg ttccagcttc ttttctgtt cttcccaccc ctttaagtct attcctgggg 180
atagagacac caatacccat aacctctctc ctaagcctcc ttataacca ggggtgcacag 240
cacagactcc tgacaactgg taaggccaat gaactgggag ctcacagctg gctgtgcctg 300
a 301

```

<210> 267
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

```

<400> 267
aaagagcaca ggccagctca gcctgccctg gccatctaga ctcagcctgg ctccatgggg 60
gttctcagtg ctgagtccat ccaggaaaag ctcacctaga ctttctgagg ctgaatcttc 120
atcctcacag gcagcttctg agagcctgat attcctagcc ttgatggtct ggagtaaagc 180
ctcattctga ttctctcct tcttttctt caagttggct ttcctcacat cctctgttc 240
aattcgcttc agcttgtctg ctttagccct cattccaga agcttcttct ctttggcatc 300
t 301

```

<210> 268
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

```

<400> 268
aatgtctcac tcaactactt cccagcctac cgtggcctaa ttctgggagt tttcttctta 60
gatcttggga gagctgggtc ttctaaggag aaggaggaag gacagatgta actttggatc 120
tcgaagagga agtctaattg aagtaattag tcaacgggtc ttgtttagac tcttggaata 180
tgctgggtgg ctcagtgagc ccttttggag aaagcaagta ttattcttaa ggagtaacca 240
cttcccattg ttctactttc taccatcatc aattgtatat tatgtattct ttggagaact 300
a 301

```

<210> 269
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 269
 taacaatata cactagctat ctttttaact gtccatcatt agcaccaatg aagattcaat 60
 aaaattacct ttattcacac atctcaaaac aattctgcaa attcttagtg aagtttaact 120
 atagtcacag accttaaata ttcacattgt tttctatgtc tactgaaaat aagttcacta 180
 cttttctgga tattctttac aaaatcttat taaaattcct ggtattatca cccccaatta 240
 tacagtagca caaccacctt atgtagtttt tacatgatag ctctgtagaa gtttcacatc 300
 t 301

<210> 270
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 270
 cattgaagag cttttgcgaa acatcagaac acaagtgcct ataaaattaa ttaagcctta 60
 cacaagaata catattcctt ttattttctaa ggagttaaac atagatgtag ctgatgtgga 120
 gagcttgctg gtgcagtgca tattggataa cactattcat ggccgaattg atcaagtcaa 180
 ccaactcctt gaactggatc atcagaagaa ggggtggcgca cgatatactg cactagataa 240
 tggaccaacc aactaaattc tctcaccagg ctgtatcagt aaactggcctt aacagaaaac 300
 a 301

<210> 271
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 271
 aaaaggttct cataagatta acaattttaa taaatatttg atagaacatt ctttctcatt 60
 tttatagctc atcttttagg ttgatattca gttcatgcct cccttgctgt tcttgatcca 120
 gaattgcaat cacttcatca gcctgtattc gctccaattc tctataaagt gggccaagg 180
 tgaaccacag agccacagca cacctctttc ccttggtgac tgccttcacc ccatganggt 240
 tctctctcc agatganaac tgatcatgcg cccacatttt gggttttata gaagcagtca 300
 c 301

<210> 272
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 272
 taaattgcta agccacagat aacaccaatc aaatggaaca aatcactgtc ttcaaattgc 60
 ttatcagaaa accaaatgag cctggaatct tcataatacc taaacatgcc gtatttagga 120
 tccaataatt ccctcatgat gagcaagaaa aattctttgc gcaccctcc tgcattccaca 180
 gcatcttctc caacaaatat aaccttgagt ggcttcttgt aatctatgtt ctttgttttc 240
 ctaaggactt ccattgcac tcctacaata ttttctctac gcaccactag aattaagcag 300
 g 301

<210> 273
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 273
 acatgtgtgt atgtgtatct ttgggaaaaan aanaagacat cttgtttayt atttttttgg 60
 agagangctg ggacatggat aatcacwtaa tttgctayta tyactttaat ctgactygaa 120
 gaaccgtcta aaaataaaat ttacatgtc dtatatctct tatagtatgc ttatttcacc 180
 ttytttctgt ccagagagag tatcagtgac ananatttma ggggtgaamac atgmattggg 240
 gggacttnty tttacngagm accctgcccg sgcgcctcg makcngantt ccgcsananc 300
 t 301

<210> 274
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 274
 cttatatact ctttctcaga ggcaaaagag gagatgggta atgtagacaa ttctttgagg 60
 aacagtaaatt gattattaga gagaangaat ggaccaagga gacagaaatt aacttgtaaa 120
 tgattctctt tggaatctga atgagatcaa gaggccagct ttagcttggtg gaaaagtcca 180
 tctaggtatg gttgcattct cgtcttcttt tctgcagtag ataatgaggt aaccgaaggc 240
 aattgtgctt cttttgataa gaagctttct tggtcatatc aggaaattcc aganaaaagtc 300
 c 301

<210> 275
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 275
 tcggtgtcag cagcacgtgg cattgaacat tgcaatgtgg agcccaaacc acagaaaatg 60
 ggggtgaaatt ggccaacttt ctattaactt atgttggtgcaa ttttgccacc aacagtaagc 120
 tggcccttct aataaaaagaa aattgaaagg tttctcacta aacggaatta agtagtggag 180
 tcaagagact cccaggcctc agcgtacctg cccgggcggc cgctcgaagc cgaattctgc 240
 agatatccat cacactggcg gncgctcgan catgcatcta gaaggncaa ttcgccctat 300
 a 301

<210> 276
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 276
 tgtacacata ctcaataaat aaatgactgc attgtggtat tattactata ctgattatat 60
 ttatcatgtg acttctaatt agaaaatgta tccaaaagca aaacagcaga tatacaaaat 120
 taaagagaca gaagatagac attaacagat aaggcaactt atacattgag aatccaaatc 180
 caatacattt aaacatttgg gaaatgaggg ggacaaatgg aagccagatc aaatttgtgt 240
 aaaactattc agtatgtttc ccttgcttca tgtctgagaa ggctctcctt caatggggat 300
 g 301

<210> 277
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 277
 tttgttgatg tcagtattttt attactttgcg ttatgagtgc tcacctggga aattctaaag 60
 atacagagga cttggaggaa gcagagcaac tgaatttaat ttaaaagaag gaaaacattg 120
 gaatcatggc actcctgata ctttcccaaa tcaacactct caatgcccca ccctcgtcct 180
 caccatagtg gggagactaa agtggccacg gatttgcctt anggtgtgcag tgcgttctga 240
 gttcnctgtc gattacatct gaccagtctc ctttttccga agtcntccg ttcaatcttg 300
 c 301

<210> 278
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 278
 taccactaca ctccagcctg ggcaacagag caagacctgt ctcaaagcat aaaatggaat 60
 aacatatcaa atgaaacagg gaaaatgaag ctgacaattt atggaagcca gggcttgtca 120
 cagtctctac tggtattatg cattacctgg gaatttatat aagcccttaa taataatgcc 180
 aatgaacatc tcatgtgtgc tcacaatgtt ctggcactat tataagtgtc tcacaggttt 240
 tatgtgttct tcgtaacttt atggantagg tactcggccg cgaacacgct aagccgaatt 300
 c 301

<210> 279
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 279
 aaagcaggaa tgacaaaagct tgcttttctg gtatgttcta ggtgtattgt gacttttact 60
 gttatattaa ttgccaatat aagtaaatat agattatata tgtatagtgt ttcacaaagc 120
 ttagaccttt accttcagc caccacacag tgcttgatat ttcagagtca gtcattggtt 180
 atacatgtgt agttccaaag cacataagct agaanaanaa atatttctag ggagcactac 240
 catctgtttt cacatgaaat gccacacaca tagaactcca acatcaattt cattgcacag 300
 a 301

<210> 280
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 280
 ggtactggag ttttctccc ctgtgaaaac gtaactactg ttgggagtga attgaggatg 60
 tagaaagggt gtggaaccaa attgtgggtc atggaaatag gagaatatgg ttctcactct 120
 tgagaaaaaa acctaaagatt agcccaggta gttgctgta acttcagttt ttctgcttg 180
 gtttgatata gtttaggggt ggggttagat taagatctaa attacatcag gacaaagaga 240
 cagactatta actccacagt taattaagga ggtatgttcc atgtttattt gttaaagcag 300
 t 301

<210> 281
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 281
 aggtacaaga aggggaatgg gaaagagctg ctgctgtggc attgttcaac ttggatattc 60
 gccgagcaat ccaaactctg aatgaagggg catcttctga aaaaggagat ctgaatctca 120
 atgtggtagc aatggcttta tcgggttata cggatgagaa gaactccctt tggagagaaa 180
 tgtgtagcac actgcgatta cagctaaata acccgatatt gtgtgtcatg tttgcatttc 240
 tgacaagtga aacaggatct tacgatggag ttttgtatga aaacaaagt gcagtacctc 300
 g 301

<210> 282
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 282
 cagggtactac agaattaaaa tactgacaag caagtagttt cttggcgtgc acgaattgca 60
 tccagaaccc aaaaattaaag aaattcaaaa agacattttg tgggcacctg ctagcacaga 120
 agcgcagaag caagcccag gcagaacat gctaacctta cagctcagcc tgcacagaag 180
 cgcagaagca aagcccagc agaaccatgc taaccttaca gctcagcctg cacagaagcg 240
 cagaagcaaa gccaggcag aacatgctaa ccttacagct cagcctgcac agaagcacag 300
 a 301

<210> 283
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 283
 atctgtatag ggcagacaaa ctttatarag tgtagagagg tgagcgaaag gatgcaaaag 60
 cactttgagg gctttataat aatatgtctg ttgaaaaaa aaatgtgtag ttgatactca 120
 gtgcatctcc agacatagta aggggttgct ctgaccaatc aggtgatcat tttttctatc 180
 acttcccagg ttttatgcaa aaattttgtt aaattctata atggtgatat gcattcttta 240
 ggaaacatat acatttttaa aaatctattt tatgtaagaa ctgacagacg aatttgcttt 300
 g 301

<210> 284
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 284
 cagggtacaaa acgctattaa gtggccttaga atttgaacat ttgtgttctt tatttacttt 60
 gcttcgtgtg tgggcaaagc aacatcttcc ctaaatatat attaccaaga aaagcaagaa 120
 gcagattagg tttttgacaa aacaaacagg ccaaaagggg gctgacctgg agcagagcat 180
 ggtgagaggc aaggcatgag agggcaagtt tgttgtggac agatctgtgc ctactttatt 240
 actggagtaa aagaaaacaa agttcattga tgtcgaagga tatatacagt gttagaaatt 300
 a 301

<210> 285
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 285
 acatcaccat gatcggatcc cccacccatt atacgttgta tgtttacata aatactcttc 60
 aatgatcatt agtgttttta aaaaaatact gaaaactcct tctgcatccc aatctctaac 120
 caggaaagca aatgctatctt acagacctgc aagccctccc tcaaacnaaa ctatttctgg 180
 attaaatattg tctgacttct tttgagggtca cacgactagg caaatgctat ttacgatctg 240
 caaaagctgt ttgaagagtc aaagccccc tgtgaacacg atttctggac cctgtaacag 300
 t 301

<210> 286
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 286
 taccactgca ttccagcctg ggtgacagag tgagactccg tctccaaaaa aaactttgct 60
 tgatatattat ttttgccctta cagtggatca ttctagtagg aaaggacagt aagatttttt 120
 atcaaaatgt gtcattgccag taagagatgt tatattcttt tctcatttct tccccacca 180
 aaaataagct accatatagc ttataagtct caaatttttg ccttttacta aaatgtgatt 240
 gtttctgttc attgtgtatg cttcatcacc tatattaggc aaattccatt ttttcccttg 300
 t 301

<210> 287
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 287
 tacagatctg ggaactaaat attaaaaatg agtggtggctg gatatatgga gaatgttggg 60
 cccagaagga acgtagagat cagatattac aacagctttg ttttgagggt tagaaatatg 120
 aaatgatttg gttatgaacg cacagttagg gcagcagggc cagaatcctg accctctgcc 180
 ccgtgggttat ctctcccca gcttggtgctgc ctcatgttat cacagtattc cattttgttt 240
 gttgcatgtc ttgtgaagcc atcaagattt tctcgtctgt tttcctctca ttggtaatgc 300
 t 301

<210> 288
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 288
 gtacacctaa ctgcaaggac agctgaggaa tgtaatgggc agccgctttt aaagaagtag 60
 agtcaatagg aagacaaatt ccagttccag ctcatgtctg gtatctgcaa agctgcaaaa 120
 gatcttttaa gacaatttca agagaatatt tccttaaagt tggcaatttg gagatcatac 180
 aaaagcatct gcttttgtga tttaatttag ctcatctggc cactggaaga atccaaacag 240
 tctgccttaa ttttgatga atgcatgatg gaaattcaat aatttagaaa gttaaaaaaa 300
 a 301

<210> 289
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 289
 ggtagactgt ttccatgtta tgtttctaca cattgctacc tcagtgtcc tggaaactta 60
 gcttttgatg tctccaagta gtccaccttc atttaactct ttgaaactgt atcatctttg 120
 ccaagtaaga gtggtggcct atttcagctg ctttgacaaa atgactggct cctgacttaa 180

```

cgttctataa atgaatgtgc tgaagcaaag tgcccatggt ggcggcgaan aagagaaaga      240
tgtgttttgt tttggactct ctgtggtccc ttccaatgct gtggggttcc aaccagnnga      300
a                                                                                   301

```

```

<210> 290
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 290
acactgagct cttcttgata aatatacaga atgcttggca tatacaagat tctatactac      60
tgactgatct gttcatttct ctcacagctc ttaccccca aagcttttcc accctaagtg      120
ttctgacctc cttttcta atcacagtagg atagaggcag anccacctac aatgaacatg      180
gagttctatc aagaggcaga aacagcacag aatcccagtt ttaccattcg ctacgagtgc      240
tgccttgaaac aaaaacattt ctccatgtct ctttttcttc atgcctcaag taacagtgcg      300
a                                                                                   301

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<210> 291
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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```

<400> 291
caggtacca tttcttctat cctagaaaca tttcatttta tgttggtgaa acataacaac      60
tatatcagct agattttttt tctatgcttt acctgctatg gaaaatttga cacattctgc      120
tttactcttt tgtttatagg tgaatcaca aatgtatttt tatgtattct gtagttcaat      180
agccatggct gtttacttca ttttaattat ttagcataaa gacattatga aaaggcctaa      240
acatgagctt cacttcccca ctaactaatt agcatctggt atttcttaac cgtaatgcct      300
a                                                                                   301

```

```

<210> 292
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 292
accttttagt agtaatgtct aataataaat aagaaatcaa ttttataagg tccatatagc      60
tgtattaaat aatttttaag tttaaaagat aaaataccat ctttttaaat gttggtattc      120
aaaaccaaag natataaccg aaaggaaaaa cagatgagac ataaaatgat ttgcnagatg      180
ggaaatatag tasttyatga atgttnatta aattccagtt ataatagtgg ctacacactc      240
tactacaca cacagacccc acagtccat atgccacaaa cacatttcca taacttgaaa      300
a                                                                                   301

```

```

<210> 293
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 293
ggtaccaagt gctggtgcca gcctgttacc tgttctcact gaaaagtctg gctaagtctc      60
ttgtgtagtc acttctgatt ctgacaatca atcaatcaat ggcctagagc actgactggt      120
aacacaaacg tcactagcaa agtagcaaca gctttaagtc taaatacaaa gctgtttctgt      180

```

gtgagaattt tttaaaaggc tacttgtata ataacccttg tcatttttaa tgtacctcgg 240
 ccgcgaccac gctaagccga attctgcaga tatccatcac actggcggcc gctcgagcat 300
 g 301

<210> 294
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 294
 tgaccataa caatatacac tagctatctt ttttaactgtc catcattagc accaatgaag 60
 attcaataaa attaccttta ttcacacatc tcaaaacaat tctgcaaatt cttagtgaag 120
 ttttaactata gtcacaganc tttaaatattc acattgtttt ctatgtctac tgaaaaaag 180
 ttcactactt ttctgggata ttctttacaa aatcttatta aaattcctgg tattatcacc 240
 cccaattata cagtagcaca accaccttat gtagttttta catgatagct ctgtagaggt 300
 t 301

<210> 295
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 295
 gtactctttc tctccctcc tctgaattta attctttcaa cttgcaattt gcaaggatta 60
 cacatttcac tgtgatgtat attgtgttgc aaaaaaaaaa gtgtctttgt ttaaaattac 120
 ttggtttgtg aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccatctctga 180
 actggtagaa aaactctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacagggtga attggatggt 240
 tctcagaacc atttcaccca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg ttttaataaat tagtttgggt 300
 tctct 305

<210> 296
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 296
 aggtactatg ggaagctgct aaaataatat ttgatagtaa aagtatgtaa tgtgctatct 60
 cacctagtag taaactaaaa ataaactgaa actttatgga atctgaagtt attttccttg 120
 attaaataga attaataaac caatatgagg aaacatgaaa ccatgcaatc tactatcaac 180
 tttgaaaaag tgattgaacg aaccacttag ctttcagatg atgaacactg ataagtcatt 240
 tgtcattact ataaatttta aaatctgtta ataagatggc ctatagggag gaaaaagggg 300
 c 301

<210> 297
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(300)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 297
 actgagtttt aactggacgc caagcaggca aggctggaag gttttgctct ctttgtgcta 60
 aaggttttga aaaccttgaa ggagaatcat ttgacaaga agtacttaag agtctagaga 120
 acaaagangt gaaccagctg aaagctctcg gggaanctt acatgtgttg ttaggcctgt 180

tccatcattg	ggagtgcact	ggccatccct	caaaatttgt	ctgggctggc	ctgagtggtc	240
accgcacctc	ggcgcgacc	acgctaagcc	gaattctgca	gatatccatc	acactggcgg	300

<210> 298
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)..(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 298						
tatggggttt	gtcacccaaa	agctgatgct	gagaaaggcc	tccctggggc	ccctcccgcg	60
ggcatctgag	agacctgggtg	ttccagtgtt	tctggaaatg	ggtcccagtg	ccgccggctg	120
tgaagctctc	agatcaatca	cggaaggggc	ctggcggtgg	tggccacctg	gaaccaccct	180
gtcctgtctg	tttacatttc	actaycaggt	tttctctggg	cattacnatt	tgttccccta	240
caacagtgac	ctgtgcattc	tgctgtggcc	tgctgtgtct	gcaggtggct	ctcagcgagg	300
t						301

<210> 299
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 299						
gttttgagac	ggagtttcac	tcttggtgcc	cagactggac	tgcaatggca	gggtctctgc	60
tcactgcacc	ctctgcctcc	caggttcgag	caattctcct	gcctcagcct	cccaggtagc	120
tgggattgca	ggctcacgcc	accataacca	gctaattttt	ttgtattttt	agtagagacg	180
gagtttcgcc	atgttgcca	gctggtctca	aactcctgac	ctcaagcgac	ctgcctgcct	240
cggcctccca	aagtgtgga	attataggca	tgagtcaaca	cgcccagcct	aaagatattt	300
t						301

<210> 300
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 300						
attcagtttt	atttgctgcc	ccagtatctg	taaccaggag	tgccacaaaa	tcttgccaga	60
tatgtcccac	accactggg	aaaggctccc	acctggctac	ttcctctatc	agctgggtca	120
gctgcattcc	acaaggttct	cagcctaattg	agtttacta	cctgccagtc	tcaaaactta	180
gtaaagcaag	accatgacat	tccccacgg	aatcagagt	ttgccccacc	gtcttgttac	240
tataaagcct	gcctctaaca	gtccttgctt	cttcacacca	atcccagcgc	catcccccat	300
g						301

<210> 301
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 301						
ttaaattttt	gagaggataa	aaaggacaaa	taatctagaa	atgtgtcttc	ttcagtctgc	60
agaggacccc	aggctccaa	gcaaccacat	ggtcaagggc	atgaataatt	aaaagttggt	120
gggaactcac	aaagaccctc	agagctgaga	caccacaac	agtgggagct	cacaaagacc	180
ctcagagctg	agacaccac	aacagtggga	gctcacaaag	accctcagag	ctgagacacc	240
cacaacagca	cctcgttcag	ctgccacatg	tgtgaataag	gatgcaatgt	ccagaagtgt	300
t						301

<210> 302
 <211> 301

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 302
aggtacacat ttagcttgtg gtaaatgact cacaaaactg attttaaaat caagttaatg 60
tgaattttga aaattactac ttaatcctaa ttcacaataa caatggcatt aagggttgac 120
ttgagttggt tcttagtatt atttatggta aataggctct taccacttgc aaataactgg 180
ccacatcatt aatgactgac ttcccagtaa ggctctctaa ggggtaagta ggaggatcca 240
caggatttga gatgctaagg ccccagagat cgtttgatcc aaccctctta ttttcagagg 300
g 301

<210> 303
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 303
aggtaccaac tgtggaaata ggtagaggat ctttttttct ttccatatca actaagttgt 60
atattgtttt ttgacagttt aacacatctt cttctgtcag agattctttc acaatagcac 120
tggctaattg aactaccgct tgcattgttaa aaatgggtgt ttgtgaaatg atcataggcc 180
agtaacgggt atgtttttct aactgatctt ttgctcgttc caaagggacc tcaagacttc 240
catcgatttt atatctgggg tctagaaaag gagttaatct gttttccctc ataaattcac 300
c 301

<210> 304
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 304
acatggatgt tattttgcag actgtcaacc tgaatttgta tttgcttgac attgcctaatt 60
tattagtttc agtttcagct taccactttt ttgtctgcaa catgcaraas agacagtgcc 120
cttttttagtg tatcatatca ggaatcatct cacatttggt tgtgccatta ctggtgcagt 180
gactttcagc cacttgggta aggtggagtt ggccatatgt ctccactgca aaattactga 240
ttttcctttt gtaattaata agtgtgtgtg tgaagattct ttgagatgag gtatatatct 300
c 301

<210> 305
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 305
gangtacagc gtggtcaagg taacaagaag aaaaaaatgt gagtggcatc ctgggatgag 60
caggggggaca gacctggaca gacacgttgt catttgctgc tgtgggtagg aaaatgggcg 120
taaaggagga gaaacagata caaaatctcc aactcagtat taaggatttc tcatgcctag 180
aatattggta gaaacaagaa tacattcata tggcaaataa ctaaccatgg tggaacaaaa 240
ttctgggatt taagtggat accaangaaa ttgtattaaa agagctgttc atggaataag 300
a 301

<210> 306
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 306
Val Leu Gly Trp Val Ala Glu Leu

1

5

<210> 307
 <211> 637
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 307

acaggggratg	aagggaaagg	gagaggatga	ggaagccccc	ctggggattt	ggtttggtcc	60
ttgtgatcag	gtggtctatg	gggcttatcc	ctacaaagaa	gaatccagaa	ataggggcac	120
attgaggaat	gatacttgag	cccaaagagc	attcaatcat	tgttttat	gccttmtttt	180
cacaccattg	gtgagggagg	gattaccacc	ctggggttat	gaagatgggt	gaacacccca	240
cacatagcac	cggagatatg	agatcaacag	tttcttagcc	atagagattc	acagcccaga	300
gcaggaggac	gcttgccacac	catgcaggat	gacatggggg	atgcgctcgg	gattgggtgtg	360
aagaagcaag	gactgttaga	ggcaggcttt	atagtaacaa	gacgggtggg	caaactctga	420
tttccgtggg	ggaatgtcat	ggtcttgctt	tactaagttt	tgagactggc	aggtagtgaa	480
actcattagg	ctgagaacct	tgtggaatgc	acttgaccca	ctgatagag	gaagtagcca	540
ggtgggagcc	tttcccagtg	ggtgtgggac	atatctggca	agattttgtg	gcactcctgg	600
ttacagatac	tggggcagca	aataaaactg	aatcttg			637

<210> 308
 <211> 647
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc feature
 <222> (1)...(647)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 308

acgattttca	ttatcatgta	aatcgggtca	ctcaaggggc	caaccacagc	tgggagccac	60
tgctcagggg	aaggttcata	tgggactttc	tactgcccaa	ggttctatac	aggatataaa	120
ggngcctcac	agtatagatc	tggtagcaaa	gaagaagaaa	caaacactga	tctctttctg	180
ccacccctct	gacccttttg	aactcctctg	accctttaga	acaagcctac	ctaatactctg	240
ctagagaaaa	gaccaacaac	ggcctcaaag	gatctcttac	catgaaggtc	tcagctaatt	300
cttggttaag	atgtgggttc	cacattaggt	tctgaatatg	gggggaaggg	tcaatttgct	360
cattttgtgt	gtggataaag	tcaggatgcc	caggggccag	agcagggggc	tgcttgcttt	420
gggaacaatg	gctgagcata	taacctaggt	ttatggggaa	caaaacaaca	tcaaagtcac	480
tgtatcaatt	gccatgaaga	cttgagggac	ctgaatctac	cgattcatct	taaggcagca	540
ggaccagttt	gagtggcaac	aatgcagcag	cagaatcaat	ggaaacaaca	gaatgattgc	600
aatgtccttt	ttttctcct	gcttctgact	tgataaaagg	ggaccgt		647

<210> 309
 <211> 460
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 309

actttatagt	ttaggctgga	cattggaaaa	aaaaaaaaagc	cagaacaaca	tgtgatagat	60
aatatgattg	gctgcacact	tccagactga	tgaatgatga	acgtgatgga	ctattgtatg	120
gagcacatct	tcagcaagag	ggggaaatac	tcattcat	tgccagcag	ttgtttgatc	180
accaaacatc	atgccagaat	actcagcaaa	ccttcttagc	tcttgagaag	tcaaagtccg	240
ggggaattta	ttcctggcaa	ttttaattgg	actccttagt	tgagagcagc	ggctacccag	300
ctggggtggt	ggagcggaacc	cgtcactagt	ggacatgcag	tggcagagct	cctggttaacc	360
acctagagga	atacacaggc	acatgtgtga	tgccaagcgt	gacacctgta	gcactcaaat	420
ttgtcttggt	tttgtctttc	ggtgtgtaag	attcttaagt			460

<210> 310
 <211> 539
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

```

<400> 310
acgggactta tcaaataaag ataggaaaag aagaaaactc aaatattata ggcagaaatg      60
ctaaaggttt taaaatatgt caggattgga agaaggcatg gataaagaac aaagttcagt      120
taggaaagag aaacacagaa ggaagagaca caataaaaag cattatgtat tctgtgagaa      180
gtcagacagt aagattttgt ggaaatgggt tggtttgttg tatggtatgt attttagcaa      240
taatctttat ggcagagaaa gctaaaatcc tttagcttgc gtgaatgac acttgctgaa      300
ttcctcaagg taggcatgat gaaggagggt ttagaggaga cacagacaca atgaactgac      360
ctagatagaa agccttagta tactcagcta ggaatagtga ttctgagggc aactgtgac      420
atgattatgt cattacatgt atggtagtga tggggatgat aggaaggaag aacttatggc      480
atattttcac cccacaaaaa gtcagttaaa tattgggaca ctaaccatcc aggtcaaga      539

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```

<210> 311
<211> 526
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(526)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 311
caaatttgag ccaatgacat agaattttac aaatcaagaa gcttattctg gggccatttc      60
ttttgacgtt ttctctaaac tactaaagag gcattaatga tccataaatt atattatcta      120
catttacagc atttaaaatg tggttcagcat gaaatattag ctacagggga agctaaataa      180
attaacatg gaataaagat ttgtccttaa atataatcta caagaagact ttgatatttg      240
tttttcacaa gtgaagcatt cttataaagt gtcataacct ttttggggaa actatgggaa      300
aaaatgggga aactctgaag ggttttaagt atcttacctg aagctacaga ctccataacc      360
tctctttaca gggagctcct gcagccccta cagaaatgag tggctgagat tcttgattgc      420
acagcaagag cttctcatct aaacccttct cctttttagt atctgtgtat caagtataaa      480
agttctataa actgtagtnt acttatttta atccccaaag cacagt      526

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<210> 312
<211> 500
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(500)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 312
cctctctctc cccaccccct gactctagag aactggggtt tctcccagta ctccagcaat      60
tcatttctga aagcagttga gccactttat tccaaagtac actgcagatg ttcaaactct      120
ccatttctct tccccttcca cctgccagtt ttgctgactc tcaacttgct atgagtgtaa      180
gcattaagga cattatgctt cttcgattct gaagacaggc cctgctcatg gatgactctg      240
gcttcttagg aaaaatattt tcttccaaaa tcagtaggaa atctaaactt atcccctctt      300
tgcagatgct tagcagcttc agacatttgg ttaagaacct atgggaaaaa aaaaaatcct      360
tgctaagtgt gtctcctttg taaaccanga ttcttatttg nctggtatag aatatcagct      420
ctgaacgtgt ggtaaagatt tttgtgtttg aatataggag aaatcagttt gctgaaaagt      480
tagtcttaat tatctattgg

```

```

<210> 313
<211> 718
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(718)

```

<223> n = A, T, C or G

<400> 313

ggagattt	gtggtttg	gccgaggg	accaggaaga	tctgcatggt	gggaaggacc	60
tgatgata	gaggtgag	ataagaaag	ctgctgactt	taccatctga	ggccacacat	120
ctgctgaa	ggagataa	aacatcacta	gaaacagcaa	gatgacaata	taatgtctaa	180
gtagtgac	gtttttgc	atttccagcc	cttttaata	tccacacaca	caggaagcac	240
aaaaggaag	acagagatcc	ctgggagaaa	tgcccggccg	ccatcttggg	tcacgatga	300
gcctcgccct	gtgcctgntc	ccgcttgtga	gggaaggaca	ttagaaaatg	aattgatgtg	360
ttccttaaag	gatggcagga	aaacagatcc	tgttgtggat	atttatttga	acgggattac	420
agatttgaaa	tgaagtcaca	aagtgagcat	taccaatgag	aggaaaacag	acgagaaaat	480
cttgatggtt	cacaagacat	gcaacaaaca	aaatggaata	ctgtgatgac	acgagcagcc	540
aactggggag	gagataccac	ggggcagagg	tcaggattct	ggccctgctg	cctaactgtg	600
cgttatacca	atcatttcta	tttctaccct	caaacaagct	gtngaataatc	tgacttacgg	660
ttcttntggc	ccacattttc	atnatccacc	centcntttt	aannttantic	caaantgt	718

<210> 314

<211> 358

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 314

gtttatttac	attacagaaa	aaacatcaag	acaatgtata	ctatttcaaa	tatatccata	60
cataatcaaa	tatagctgta	gtacatgttt	tcatttggtg	agattaccac	aaatgcaagg	120
caacatgtgt	agatctcttg	tcttattctt	ttgtctataa	tactgtattg	tgtagtccaa	180
gctctcggtg	gtccagccac	tgtgaaacat	gctcccttta	gattaacctc	gtggacgctc	240
ttgttgatt	gctgaactgt	agtgcctctg	attttgcttc	tgtctgtgaa	ttctgttgct	300
tctggggcat	ttccttgtga	tgcagaggac	caccacacag	atgacagcaa	tctgaatt	358

<210> 315

<211> 341

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 315

taccacctcc	ccgctggcac	tgatgagccg	catcaccatg	gtcaccagca	ccatgaaggc	60
ataggtgatg	atgaggacat	ggaatgggcc	cccaaggatg	gtctgtccaa	agaagcgagt	120
gaccccat	ctgaagatgt	ctggaacctc	taccagcagg	atgatgatag	ccccaatgac	180
agtcaccagc	tcccagacca	gccggatata	gtccttaggg	gtcatgtagg	cttcctgaag	240
tagcttctgc	gttaagaggg	tgtgtcccg	gggctcgtg	cggttattgg	tcctgggctt	300
gagggggcgg	tagatgcagc	acatggtgaa	gcagatgatg	t		341

<210> 316

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 316

agactgggca	agactcttac	gccccacact	gcaatttggg	cttggtgccc	tatccattta	60
tgtgggcctt	tctcgagttt	ctgattataa	acaccactgg	agcgatgtgt	tgactggact	120
cattcagggg	gctctggttg	caatattagt	t			151

<210> 317

<211> 151

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 317

agaactagt	gacctaag	aaataacctga	aacatatatt	ggcattttatc	aatggctcaa	60
atcttcattt	atctctggcc	ttaaccttgg	ctcctgaggg	tgcggccagc	agatcccagg	120
ccagggctct	gttcttgcca	cacctgcttg	a			151

<210> 318
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 318
 actggtgga ggcgtgttt agttggctgt tttcagaggg gtctttcgga gggacctcct 60
 gctgcaggct ggagtgtctt tattcctggc gggagaccgc acattccact gctgaggctg 120
 tgggggcggt ttatcaggca gtgataaaca t 151

<210> 319
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 319
 aactagtga tccagagcta taggtacagt gtgatctcag ctttgcaaac acattttcta 60
 catagatagt actaggtatt aatagatatg taaagaaaaga aatcacacca ttaataatgg 120
 taagattggg tttatgtgat tttagtgggt a 151

<210> 320
 <211> 150
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 320
 aactagtga tccactagtc cagtgtggtg gaattccatt gtgttggggt tctagatcgc 60
 gagcggtgc cttttttttt tttttttttg ggggggaatt tttttttttt aatagttatt 120
 gagtgttcta cagcttacag taaataccat 150

<210> 321
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 321
 agcaactttg tttttcatcc aggttatttt aggccttagga tttcctctca cactgcagtt 60
 taggggtggca ttgtaaccag ctatggcata ggtgttaacc aaaggctgag taaacatggg 120
 tgcctctgag aaatcaaagt cttcatacac t 151

<210> 322
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(151)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 322
 atccagcatc ttctcctgtt tcttgccctc ctttttcttc ttcttasatt ctgcttgagg 60
 tttgggcttg gtcagtttgc cacagggtt ggagatgggt acagtcttct ggcattcggc 120
 attgtgcagg gctcgttca nacttcagtt t 151

<210> 323
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(151)

<223> n = A, T, C or G

<400> 323

tgaggacttg	tktttctttt	ctttattttt	aatcctctta	ckttgtaaat	atattgccta	60
nagactcant	tactaccag	tttgtggttt	twtgaggagaa	atgtaactgg	acagttagct	120
gttcaatyaa	aaagacactt	ancccatgtg	g			151

<210> 324

<211> 461

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(461)

<223> n = A, T, C or G

<400> 324

acctgtgtgg	aatttcagct	ttcctcatgc	aaaaggattt	tgtatccccg	gcctacttga	60
agaagtggtc	agctaaagga	atccaggttg	ttgggttgac	tgtaataacc	tttgatgaaa	120
agagttacta	cgaatcccat	cttggttcca	gctatatcac	tgacagcatg	gtagaagact	180
gcgaacctca	cttctagact	ttcacgggtg	gacgaaacgg	gttcagaaac	tgccaggggc	240
ctcatacagg	gatatacaaaa	tacctttgt	gctaccagg	ccctggggaa	tcaggtgact	300
cacacaaatg	caatagttgg	tcaactgcatt	tttacctgaa	ccaaagctaa	acccggtgtt	360
gccaccatgc	accatggcat	gccagagttc	aacactgttg	ctcttgaaaa	ttgggtctga	420
aaaaacgcac	aagagcccct	gccctgccct	agctgangca	c		461

<210> 325

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 325

acactgtttc	catgttatgt	ttctacacat	tgctacctca	gtgctcctgg	aaacttagct	60
tttgatgtct	ccaagtagtc	caccttcatt	taactctttg	aaactgtatc	atctttgcca	120
agtaagagtg	gtggcctatt	tcagctgctt	tgacaaaatg	actggctcct	gacttaacgt	180
tctataaatg	aatgtgctga	agcaaagtgc	ccatgggtggc	ggcgaagaag	agaaagatgt	240
gttttgtttt	ggactctctg	tggtcccttc	caatgctgtg	ggtttccaac	caggggaagg	300
gtcccttttg	cattgccaaag	tgccataacc	atgagcacta	cgctaccatg	gttctgcctc	360
ctggccaagc	aggctggttt	gcaagaatga	aatgaatgat			400

<210> 326

<211> 1215

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 326

ggaggactgc	agcccgcact	cgcagccctg	gcaggcggca	ctgggtcatgg	aaaacgaatt	60
gttctgctcg	ggcgtcctgg	tgcatccgca	gtgggtgctg	tcagccgcac	actgtttcca	120
gaactectac	accatcgggc	tgggcctgca	cagtcttgag	gccgaccaag	agccagggag	180
ccagatggtg	gaggccagcc	tctccgtacg	gcacccagag	tacaacagac	ccttgctcgc	240
taacgacctc	atgctcatca	agttggacga	atccgtgtcc	gagtctgaca	ccatccggag	300
catcagcatt	gcttcgcagt	gccctaccgc	ggggaactct	tgccctggtt	ctggctgggg	360
tctgtggcgc	aacggcagaa	tgccctaccgt	gctgcagtgc	gtgaacgtgt	cgggtgtgtc	420
tgaggaggtc	tgcatgaagc	tctatgaccc	gctgtaccac	cccagcatgt	tctgcgccgg	480
cggaggggcaa	gaccagaagg	actcctgcaa	cgggtgactct	ggggggcccc	tgatctgcaa	540
cgggtacttg	cagggccttg	tgtctttcgg	aaaagccccg	tgtggccaag	ttggcgtgcc	600
aggtgtctac	accaacctct	gcaaattcac	tgagtggata	gagaaaaccg	tccaggccag	660
ttaaactctg	ggactgggaa	cccatgaaat	tgacccccaa	atacatcctg	cgggaaggat	720
tcaggaatat	ctgttcccag	cccctcctcc	ctcaggccca	ggagtccagg	ccccagccc	780
ctcctccctc	aaaccaaggg	tacagatccc	cagcccctcc	tccctcagac	ccaggagtcc	840

97

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agacccccca gcccctcctc cctcagaccc aggagtccag cccctcctcc ctcagaccca      900
ggagtcacaga cccccagcc cctcctccct cagacccagg ggtccaggcc cccaaccct      960
cctccctcag actcagaggt ccaagccccc aaccctcct tccccagacc cagaggtcca      1020
ggtcccagcc cctcctccct cagacccagc ggtccaatgc cacctagact ctccctgtac      1080
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<210> 327
 <211> 220
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

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<400> 327
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Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly
 35         40         45
Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu
 50         55         60
Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu Ala
 65         70         75         80
Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp
 85         90         95
Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly Asn
100        105        110
Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met Pro
115        120        125
Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Glu Val Cys
130        135        140
Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala Gly
145        150        155        160
Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro
165        170        175
Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala
180        185        190
Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys Lys
195        200        205
Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
210        215        220

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<210> 328
 <211> 234
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

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<400> 328
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atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccacacact gtttcagaa ctcctacacc atcgggctgg      180
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<210> 329
 <211> 77
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

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<400> 329
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 Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val Leu Ser Ala Thr
 35 40 45
 His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly Leu His Ser Leu
 50 55 60
 Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu Ala
 65 70 75

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 <211> 70
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

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<210> 331
 <211> 22
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 331
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 Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser
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<210> 332
 <211> 2507
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

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<210> 333

<211> 3030

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 333

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<210> 334
 <211> 2417
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 334						
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 <211> 2984

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 335

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tgatgtatat	tgtgttgcaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aagtgtcttt	gtttaaaatt	acttggtttg	2640
tgaatccatc	ttgctttttc	cccattggaa	ctagtcat	aoccatctct	gaactggtag	2700
aaaaacatct	gaagagctag	tctatcagca	tctgacaggt	gaattggatg	gttctcagaa	2760
ccatttccacc	cagacagcct	gtttctatcc	tgtttaataa	attagtttgg	gttctctaca	2820
tgcataacaa	accctgtctc	aatctgtcac	ataaaagtct	gtgacttgaa	gttttagtcag	2880
cacccccacc	aaactttatt	tttctatgtg	ttttttgcaa	catatgagt	ttttgaaaa	2940
aaagtaccca	tgtctttatt	agaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaa		2984

<210> 336

<211> 147

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 336

Pro Ser Phe Pro Thr Leu Leu Ser Arg Arg His Leu Gly Ser Tyr Leu

102

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      1           5           10           15
Leu Asp Ser  Glu Asn Thr Ser Gly Ala Leu Pro Arg Leu Pro Gln Thr
      20           25           30
Pro Lys Gln  Pro Gln Lys Arg Ser Arg Ala Ala Phe Ser His Thr Gln
      35           40           45
Val Ile Glu  Leu Glu Arg Lys Phe Ser His Gln Lys Tyr Leu Ser Ala
      50           55           60
Pro Glu Arg  Ala His Leu Ala Lys Asn Leu Lys Leu Thr Glu Thr Gln
      65           70           75           80
Val Lys Ile  Trp Phe Gln Asn Arg Arg Tyr Lys Thr Lys Arg Lys Gln
      85           90           95
Leu Ser Ser  Glu Leu Gly Asp Leu Glu Lys His Ser Ser Leu Pro Ala
      100          105          110
Leu Lys Glu  Glu Ala Phe Ser Arg Ala Ser Leu Val Ser Val Tyr Asn
      115          120          125
Ser Tyr Pro  Tyr Tyr Pro Tyr Leu Tyr Cys Val Gly Ser Trp Ser Pro
      130          135          140
Ala Phe Trp
145

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<210> 337
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

```

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<400> 337
Ala Leu Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala
1           5

```

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<210> 338
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

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```

<400> 338
Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile
1           5

```

```

<210> 339
<211> 318
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

```

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<400> 339
Met Val Glu Leu Met Phe Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Phe Leu
1           5           10           15
Leu Tyr Met  Ala Ala Pro Gln Ile Arg Lys Met Leu Ser Ser Gly Val
      20           25           30
Cys Thr Ser  Thr Val Gln Leu Pro Gly Lys Val Val Val Val Thr Gly
      35           40           45
Ala Asn Thr  Gly Ile Gly Lys Glu Thr Ala Lys Glu Leu Ala Gln Arg
      50           55           60
Gly Ala Arg  Val Tyr Leu Ala Cys Arg Asp Val Glu Lys Gly Glu Leu
      65           70           75           80
Val Ala Lys  Glu Ile Gln Thr Thr Thr Gly Asn Gln Gln Val Leu Val
      85           90           95
Arg Lys Leu  Asp Leu Ser Asp Thr Lys Ser Ile Arg Ala Phe Ala Lys
      100          105          110
Gly Phe Leu  Ala Glu Glu Lys His Leu His Val Leu Ile Asn Asn Ala
      115          120          125
Gly Val Met  Met Cys Pro Tyr Ser Lys Thr Ala Asp Gly Phe Glu Met

```


130	135	140
His Ile Gly Val Asn His Leu Gly His Phe Leu Leu Thr His Leu Leu		
145	150	155
Leu Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ser Ala Pro Ser Arg Ile Val Asn Val Ser		160
	165	170
Ser Leu Ala His His Leu Gly Arg Ile His Phe His Asn Leu Gln Gly		175
	180	185
Glu Lys Phe Tyr Asn Ala Gly Leu Ala Tyr Cys His Ser Lys Leu Ala		190
	195	200
Asn Ile Leu Phe Thr Gln Glu Leu Ala Arg Arg Leu Lys Gly Ser Gly		205
	210	215
Val Thr Thr Tyr Ser Val His Pro Gly Thr Val Gln Ser Glu Leu Val		220
225	230	235
Arg His Ser Ser Phe Met Arg Trp Met Trp Trp Leu Phe Ser Phe Phe		240
	245	250
Ile Lys Thr Pro Gln Gln Gly Ala Gln Thr Ser Leu His Cys Ala Leu		255
	260	265
Thr Glu Gly Leu Glu Ile Leu Ser Gly Asn His Phe Ser Asp Cys His		270
	275	280
Val Ala Trp Val Ser Ala Gln Ala Arg Asn Glu Thr Ile Ala Arg Arg		285
290	295	300
Leu Trp Asp Val Ser Cys Asp Leu Leu Gly Leu Pro Ile Asp		305
305	310	315

<210> 340
 <211> 483
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 340	
gccgaggtct gccttcacac ggaggacacg agactgcttc ctcaagggct cctgcctgcc	60
tggacactgg tgggaggcgc tgtttagttg gctgttttca gaggggtctt tcggagggac	120
ctcctgctgc aggtggagt gtctttattc ctggcgggag accgcacatt ccaactgctga	180
gggtgtgggg gcggtttatc aggcagtgat aaacataaga tgtcatttcc ttgactccgg	240
ccttcaattt tctctttggc tgacgacgga gtccgtggtg tccgatgta actgaccct	300
gctccaaacg tgacatcact gatgctcttc tcgggggtgc tgatggcccg cttgggtcacg	360
tgctcaatct cgccattcga ctcttgctcc aaactgtatg aagacacctg actgcacgtt	420
ttttctgggc ttccagaatt taaagtgaag ggcagcactc ctaagctccg actccgatgc	480
ctg	483

<210> 341
 <211> 344
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 341	
ctgctgctga gtcacagatt tcattataaa tagcctccct aaggaaaata cactgaatgc	60
tatttttact aaccattcta tttttataga aatagctgag agtttctaaa ccaactctct	120
gctgccttac aagtattaaa tattttactt ctttccataa agagtagctc aaaatatgca	180
attaatttaa taatttctga tgatggtttt atctgcagta atatgtatat catctattag	240
aatttactta atgaaaaact gaagagaaca aaatttgtaa ccactagcac ttaagtactc	300
ctgattctta acattgtctt taatgaccac aagacaacca acag	344

<210> 342
 <211> 592
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 342	
acagcaaaaa agaaactgag aagcccaaty tgctttcttg ttaacatcca cttatccaac	60
caatgtggaa acttcttata cttggttcca ttatgaagt ggacaattgc tgctatcaca	120
cctggcaggt aaaccaatgc caagagagt atggaaacca ttggcaagac tttgttgatg	180

104

```

accaggattg gaattttata aaaatattgt tgatgggaag ttgctaaagg gtgaattact 240
tccctcagaa gagtgtaaag aaaagtcaga gatgctataa tagcagctat ttttaattggc 300
aagtgccact gtggaaagag ttccctgtgtg tgctgaagtt ctgaaggcca gtcaaattca 360
tcagcatggg ctgtttgtg caaatgcaaa agcacaggtc tttttagcat gctgggtctct 420
cccgtgtcct tatgcaaata atcgtcttct tctaaatttc tcctaggctt cattttccaa 480
agttcttctt ggtttgtgat gtcttttctg ctttccatta attctataaa atagtatggc 540
ttcagccacc cactcttcgc cttagcttga ccgtgagtc cggctgccgc tg 592

```

```

<210> 343
<211> 382
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 343
ttcttgacct cctcctcctt caagctcaaa caccacctcc cttattcagg accggcactt 60
cttaatgttt gtggctttct ctccagcctc tcttaggagg ggtaatggtg gaggttggcat 120
cttgtaactc tcctttctcc tttcttcccc tttctctgcc cgcttttccc atcctgtctgt 180
agacttcttg attgtcagtc tgtgtcacat ccagtattg ttttggttcc tgttcccttt 240
ctgactgccc aaggggctca gaaccccagc aatcccttcc tttcactacc ttcttttttg 300
ggggtagttg gaagggactg aaattgtggg gggaaggtag gaggcacatc aataaaggag 360
aaaccaccaa gctgaaaaaa aa 382

```

```

<210> 344
<211> 536
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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```

<400> 344
ctgggcctga agctgtaggg taaatcagag gcaggcttct gaggatgag agtcctgaga 60
caataggcca cataaacttg gctggatgga acctcacaat aagggtgtca cctcttggtt 120
gtttaggggg atgccaagga taaggccagc tcagttatat gaagagaagc agaacaaca 180
agtctttcag agaaatggat gcaatcagag tgggatcccg gtcacatcaa ggtcacactc 240
caccttcatg tgctgaatg gttgccaggc cagaaaaatc caccctttac gaggcgggct 300
tcgacctat atccccgcc cgctccctt tctccataaa attcttctta gtagctatta 360
ccttcttatt atttgatcta gaaattgccc tccttttacc cctaccatga gccctacaaa 420
caactaacct gccactaata gttatgtcat cctcttatt aatcatcatc ctagccctaa 480
gtctggccta tgagtgacta caaaaaggat tagactgagc cgaataacaa aaaaaa 536

```

```

<210> 345
<211> 251
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 345
accttttgag gtctctctca ccacctccac agccaccgtc accgtgggat gtgctggatg 60
tgaatgaagc ccccatcttt gtgcctcctg aaaagagagt ggaagtgtcc gaggactttg 120
gcgtgggcca ggaaatcaca tcctacactg ccaggagcc agacacattt atggaacaga 180
aaataacata tcggatttgg agagacactg ccaactggct ggagattaat ccggacactg 240
gtgccatttc c 251

```

```

<210> 346
<211> 282
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(282)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 346
cgcgtctctg aactgtgat catgacaggg gttcaaacag aaagtgcctg ggccctcctt 60

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105

ctaagtcttg	ttaccaaaaa	aaggaaaaag	aaaagatctt	ctcagttaca	aattctggga	120
agggagacta	tacctggctc	ttgccctaag	tgagaggtct	tccctcccgc	accaaaaaat	180
agaaaggctt	tctatttcac	tggcccaggt	agggggaagg	agagtaactt	tgagtctgtg	240
ggtctcattt	cccaagggtg	cttcaatgct	catnaaaacc	aa		282

<210> 347
 <211> 201
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(201)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 347						
acacacataa	tattataaaa	tgccatctaa	ttggaaggag	ctttctatca	ttgcaagtca	60
taaatataac	ttttaaaana	ntactancag	cttttaccta	ngctcctaaa	tgcttgtaaa	120
tctgagactg	actggacca	cccagacca	gggcaaagat	acatgttacc	atatcatctt	180
tataaagaat	ttttttttgt	c				201

<210> 348
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 348						
ctgttaatca	caacatttgt	gcatcacttg	tgccaagtga	gaaaatgttc	taaaatcaca	60
agagagaaca	gtgccagaat	gaaactgacc	ctaagfcca	ggtgcccctg	ggcaggcaga	120
aggagacact	cccagcatgg	aggagggttt	atcttttcat	cctaggtcag	gtctacaatg	180
ggggaagggt	ttattataga	actcccaaca	gcccaccta	ctcctgccac	ccacccgatg	240
gccctgcctc	c					251

<210> 349
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 349						
taaaaatcaa	gccattttaat	tgtatctttg	aaggtaaaca	atatatggga	gctggatcac	60
aaccctgag	gatgccagag	ctatgggtcc	agaacatggt	gtggtattat	caacagagtt	120
cagaagggtc	tgaactctac	gtgttaccag	agaacataat	gcaattcatg	cattccactt	180
agcaattttg	taaaatacca	gaaacagacc	ccaagagtct	ttcaagatga	ggaaaattca	240
actcctggtt	t					251

<210> 350
 <211> 908
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 350						
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agcccgcccg	gtgaagctcg	ctgctttccc	tacctcctta	agtgaactgc	aaacgcccac	120
cggctggaat	tgctctggtt	atgatgacag	agaaaatgat	ctcttcctct	gtgacaccaa	180
cacctgtaaa	tttgatgggg	aatgtttaag	aattggagac	actgtgactt	gcgtctgtca	240
gttcaagtgc	aacaatgact	atgtgcctgt	gtgtgggtcc	aatggggaga	gctaccagaa	300
tgagtgttac	ctgcgacagg	ctgcatgcaa	acagcagagt	gagatacttg	tggtgtcaga	360
aggatcatgt	gccacagtcc	atgaaggctc	tggagaaact	agtcaaaagg	agacatccac	420
ctgtgatatt	tgccagtttg	gtgcagaatg	tgacgaagat	gccgaggatg	tctggtgtgt	480
gtgtaatatt	gactgttctc	aaaccaactt	caatcccctc	tgcgcttctg	atgggaaatc	540
ttatgataat	gcatgccaaa	tcaaagaagc	atcgtgtcag	aaacaggaga	aaattgaagt	600
catgtctttg	ggtcgatgtc	aagataaacac	aactacaact	actaagtctg	aagatgggca	660

ttatgcaaga	acagattatg	cagagaatgc	taacaaatta	gaagaaagtg	ccagagaaca	720
ccacatacct	tgtccggaac	attacaatgg	cttctgcatg	catgggaagt	gtgagcattc	780
tatcaatatg	caggagccat	cttgcaagg	tgatgctgg	tatactggac	aacactgtga	840
aaaaaaggac	tacagtgttc	tatacgttgt	tcccggctct	gtacgatttc	agtatgtctt	900
aatcgacg						908

<210> 351
 <211> 472
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 351						
ccagttat	gcaagtgg	agagcctatt	taccataaat	aatactaaga	accaactcaa	60
gtcaaacctt	aatgccattg	ttattgtgaa	ttaggattaa	gtagtaattt	tcaaaattca	120
cattaacttg	attttaaaat	cagwtttgyg	agtcattttac	cacaagctaa	atgtgtacac	180
tatgataaaa	acaaccattg	tattcctgtt	tttctaaaca	gtcctaattt	ctaactgt	240
atatatcctt	cgacatcaat	gaactttgtt	ttcttttact	ccagtaataa	agtaggcaca	300
gatctgtcca	caacaaactt	gccctctcat	gccttgcttc	tcaccatgct	ctgctccagg	360
tcagccccct	tttggcctgt	ttgttttgtc	aaaaacctaa	tctgcttctt	gcttttcttg	420
gtaatatata	tttaggggaag	atgttgcttt	gcccacacac	gaagcaaagt	aa	472

<210> 352
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 352						
ctcaaagcta	atctctcggg	aatcaaacca	gaaaagggca	aggatcttag	gcatggtgga	60
tgtggataag	gccagggtcaa	tggtgcaag	catgcagaga	aagaggta	tcggagcgtg	120
caaggctgct	tccgtcctta	cgatgaagac	cacgatgcag	tttccaaaca	ttgccactac	180
atacatggaa	aggaggggga	agccaaccca	gaaatgggct	ttctctaata	ctgggatacc	240
aataagcaca	a					251

<210> 353
 <211> 436
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 353						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttaca	caatgcagtc	atatttttat	tgagtatgtg	60
cacattatgg	tattattact	atactgatta	tatttatcat	gtgacttcta	attaraaaat	120
gtatccaaaa	gcaaaacagc	agatatacaa	aattaaagag	acagaagata	gacattaaca	180
gataaggcaa	cttatacatt	gacaatccaa	atccaataca	tttaaactt	tggaatga	240
gggggacaaa	tggaagccar	atcaaatttg	tgtaaaacta	ttcagtatgt	ttcccttgct	300
tcatgtctga	raaggctctc	ccttcaatgg	ggatgacaaa	ctccaaatgc	cacacaaatg	360
ttaacagaat	actagattca	cactggaacg	ggggtaaaga	agaaattatt	ttctataaaa	420
gggtccttaa	tgtagt					436

<210> 354
 <211> 854
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 354						
ccttttctag	ttcaccagtt	ttctgcaagg	atgctgggta	gggagtgtct	gcaggaggag	60
caagtctgaa	accaaatact	ggaaacatag	gaaacgagcc	aggcacagg	ctggtgggcc	120
atcagggacc	accctttggg	ttgatatttt	gcttaatctg	catcttttga	gtaagatcat	180
ctggcagtag	aagctgttct	ccaggtacat	ttctctagct	catgtacaaa	aacatcttga	240
aggactttgt	caggtgcctt	gctaaaagcc	agatgcgttc	ggcacttcct	tggtctgagg	300
ttaattgcac	acctacaggc	actgggctca	tgctttcaag	tattttgtcc	tcactttagg	360
gtgagtga	gatcccat	ataggagcac	ttgggagaga	tcatataaaa	gctgactctt	420
gagtacatgc	agtaatgggg	tagatgtgtg	tggtgtgtct	tcattcctgc	aagggtgctt	480

107

gttagggagt	gtttccagga	ggaacaagtc	tgaaccaaat	catgaaataa	atggtaggtg	540
tgaactggaa	aactaattca	aaagagagat	cgtgatatca	gtgtggttga	tacaccttgg	600
caatatggaa	ggctctaat	tgcccatatt	tgaataata	attcagcttt	ttgtaataca	660
aaataacaaa	ggattgagaa	tcatggtgtc	taatgtataa	aagaccag	aaacataaat	720
atatcaactg	cataaatgta	aaatgcatgt	gacccaagaa	ggcccaaaag	tggcagacaa	780
cattgtaccc	attttccctt	ccaaaatgtg	agcggcgggc	ctgctgcttt	caaggctgtc	840
acacgggatg	tcag					854

<210> 355
 <211> 676
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 355						
gaaattaagt	atgagctaaa	ttccctgtta	aaacctctag	gggtgacaga	tctcttcaac	60
cagggtcaaag	ctgatctttc	tggaatgtca	ccaaccaagg	gcctatatatt	atcaaaaagcc	120
atccacaagt	catacctgga	tgtagcgaa	gagggcacgg	aggcagcagc	agccactggg	180
gacagcatcg	ctgtaaaaag	cctaccaatg	agagctcagt	tcaaggcgaa	ccacccttc	240
ctgttcttta	taaggcacac	tcataccaac	acgatcctat	tctgtggcaa	gcttgccctc	300
ccctaatacag	atgggggtga	gtaaggctca	gagttgcaga	tgagggtgcag	agacaatcct	360
gtgactttcc	cacggccaaa	aagctgttca	caoctcacgc	acctctgtgc	ctcagtttgc	420
tcactctgcaa	aataggctca	ggatttcttc	caaccatttc	atgagttgtg	aagctaaggc	480
tttggttaatc	atggaaaaag	gtagacttat	gcagaaagcc	tttctggctt	tcttatctgt	540
ggtgtctcat	ttgagtgtcg	tccagtgcac	tgatcaagtc	aatgagtaaa	attttaaggg	600
attagatttt	cttgacttgt	atgtatctgt	gagatcttga	ataagtgacc	tgacatctct	660
gcttaaagaa	aaccag					676

<210> 356
 <211> 574
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 356						
tttttttttt	tttttcagga	aaacattctc	ttactttatt	tgcatctcag	caaaggttct	60
catgtggcac	ctgactggca	tcaaaccaaa	gttcgtaggc	caacaaagat	gggccactca	120
caagcttccc	atgtgtagat	ctcagtgctc	atgagtatct	gacacctgtt	cctctcttca	180
gtctcttagg	gaggcttaaa	tctgtctcag	gtgtgctaag	agtgccagcc	caaggkgtc	240
aaaagtccac	aaaactgcag	tctttgctgg	gatagtaagc	caagcagtgc	ctggacagca	300
gagttctttt	cttgggcaac	agataaccag	acaggactct	aatcgtgctc	ttattcaaca	360
ttcttctgtc	tctgcctaga	ctggaataaa	aagccaatct	ctctcgtggc	acagggaagg	420
agatacaagc	tcgtttacat	gtgatagatc	taacaaaggc	atctaccgaa	gtctggtctg	480
gatagacggc	acagggaagc	cttaggtcag	cgctgctggt	tggaggacat	tcctgagtc	540
agctttgcag	cctttgtgca	acagtacttt	ccca			574

<210> 357
 <211> 393
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 357						
tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tacagaatat	aratgcttta	tactgkact	60
taatattgkg	kcttggtcac	tatacttaaa	aatgcaccac	tcataaatat	ttaattcagc	120
aagccacaac	caaracttga	ttttatcaac	aaaaaccctt	aaatataaac	ggsaaaaaag	180
atagatataa	ttattccagt	ttttttaaaa	cttaaaarat	attccattgc	cgaattaaara	240
araarataag	tggttatatg	aaagaagggc	attcaagcac	actaaaraaa	cctgaggkaa	300
gcataatctg	tacaaaatta	aactgtcctt	tttggcattt	taacaaattt	gcaacgktct	360
tttttttctt	tttctgtttt	tttttttttt	tac			393

<210> 358
 <211> 630
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 358

acagggtaaa	caggaggatc	cttgctctca	cggagcttac	attctagcag	gaggacaata	60
ttaatgttta	taggaaaatg	atgagtttat	gacaaaggaa	gtagatagt	ttttacaaga	120
gcatagagta	gggaagctaa	tccagcacag	ggaggtcaca	gagacatccc	taagggaagt	180
gagtttaaac	tgagagaagc	aagtgcctaa	actgaaggat	gtgttgaaga	agaagggaga	240
gtagaacaat	ttgggcagag	ggaaccttat	agaccttaag	gtgggaaggt	tcaaagaact	300
gaaagagagc	tagaacagct	ggagccgttc	tccggtgtaa	agaggagtca	aagagataag	360
attaaagatg	tgaagattaa	gatcttggtg	gcattcaggg	attggcactt	ctacaagaaa	420
tcactgaagg	gagtaatgtg	acattacttt	tcacttcagg	atggccattc	taactccagg	480
gggtagactg	gactaggtaa	gactggaggc	aggtagacct	cttctaaggc	ctgcgatagt	540
gaaagacaaa	aataagtggg	gaaattcagg	ggatagttaa	aatcagtagg	acttaatgag	600
caagccagag	gttctctcac	aacaaccagt				630

<210> 359

<211> 620

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 359

acagcattcc	aaaaatataca	tctagagact	aarrgtaa	gctctatagt	gaagaagtaa	60
taattaaaaa	atgctactaa	tatagaaaat	ttataatcag	aaaaataaat	attcagggag	120
ctcaccagaa	gaataaagt	ctctgccagt	tattaaagga	ttactgctgg	tgaattaaat	180
atggcattcc	ccaaggga	tagagagatt	cttctggatt	atgttcaata	tttatttcac	240
aggattaact	gttttaggaa	cagatataaa	gcttcgccac	ggaagagatg	gacaaagcac	300
aaagacaaca	tgataacctta	ggaagcaaca	ctacctttc	aggcataaaa	tttggagaaa	360
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aatgtcattg	acttatcaaa	tactatcttg	gcatataacc	tatgaaggca	aaactaaaca	540
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<210> 360

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 360

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agtggacatg	cagtggcaga	gctcctggta	accacctaga	ggaatacaca	ggcacatgtg	360
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<210> 361

<211> 351

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 361

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caatcctgga	ttcaatgtct	gaaacctcgc	tctctgectg	ctggaactct	gaggccgtca	300
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<210> 362

<211> 463

109

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 362

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ccccgggtcac agaaatgacc aggttggggtg ttttcagggtg ccagtgcctgg gtcagcagct	180
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cacacttgca cacattctcc ctgataagca cgatggtgtg gacaggaagg aaggatttca	420
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<210> 363

<211> 653

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc feature

<222> (1)...(653)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 363

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tgggaggcac tacgaagat gggactgcgt cctgggggtga gacatcctct ccttgagat	180
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atattggaga tccntgggtc agaattccat ttacctctg ggccagatac caccagaatg	600
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<210> 364

<211> 401

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 364

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aaaacaaggt ggatagatct agaattgtaa cattttaaga aaaccatagc atttgacaga	180
tgagaaagct caattataga tgcaaagtta taactaaact actatagtag taaagaaata	240
catttcacac cttcatata aattcactat cttggcttga ggactccat aaaatgtatc	300
acgtgcatag taaatcttta tatttgctat ggcgttgac tagaggactt ggactgcaac	360
aagtggatgc gcggaaaatg aaatcttctt caatagccca g	401

<210> 365

<211> 356

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 365

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taccagagca tcaagtctct gcagcaggtc attcttgggt aaagaaatga cttccacaaa	180
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gactgtcacg atgtgtatag tacagtttga caagcctggg tccatacaga ccgctggaga	300
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<210> 366
 <211> 1851
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 366
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 tcaattcctt taagcctttg tgactcttcc tctgatgtca gctttaagtc ttgttctgga 180
 ttgctgtttt cagaagagat ttttaacatc tgtttttctt tgtagtcaga aagtaactgg 240
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<210> 367
 <211> 668
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 367
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 aaaaaaaa 668

<210> 368
 <211> 1512
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 368

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actccaagaa	aagttaaaca	tgtttcagtg	aatagagatc	ctgctccttt	ggcaagttcc	1440
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<210> 369

<211> 1853

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 369

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<210> 370

<211> 2184

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 370

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<210> 371

<211> 1855

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1855)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 371

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<210> 372

<211> 1059

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 372

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<210> 373

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<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 373

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<210> 374

<211> 2000

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 374

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<210> 375

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<211> 2040
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

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<210> 376
 <211> 329
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 376
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 35 40 45
 Leu Asp Gly Gln Gly Glu Arg Gln Glu Gln Arg Gly His Phe Trp Arg
 50 55 60
 Pro Gln Arg Leu Leu Cys Glu Asp Ala Trp Glu Gln Glu Val Gln Val
 65 70 75 80
 Val Leu Pro Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 85 90 95
 Val Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Asp Pro Arg Tyr
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 His Val His Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp
 115 120 125

116

Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp
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 Val Asn Lys Arg Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Val Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys
 165 170 175
 Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Ala
 180 185 190
 Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly
 195 200 205
 Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr
 210 215 220
 Ala Val Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr
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 Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu
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 Leu Gly Ile His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys
 260 265 270
 Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu
 275 280 285
 Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Pro Leu Leu
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 Ser Met Leu Phe Leu Val Ile Ile Met
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<210> 377
 <211> 148
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
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<400> 377
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 35 40 45
 Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu
 50 55 60
 Val Val Lys Leu Xaa Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Xaa Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp
 85 90 95
 Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro
 100 105 110
 Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Xaa Tyr Asn Glu Asp
 115 120 125
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 Lys Asn Lys Val
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<210> 378
 <211> 1719
 <212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 378

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 35          40          45
His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50          55          60
Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65          70          75          80
Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
 85          90          95
Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
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Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
115          120          125
Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
130          135          140
Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
145          150          155          160
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165          170          175
Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
180          185          190
Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
195          200          205
Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
210          215          220
Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
225          230          235          240
Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
245          250          255
Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
260          265          270
Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
275          280          285
Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
290          295          300
Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
305          310          315          320
Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
325          330          335
Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val
340          345          350
Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
355          360          365
Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Asn Val Ser Arg Thr Arg Asn Lys
370          375          380
Pro Arg Thr His Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser
385          390          395          400
Ser Val Lys Lys Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys
405          410          415
Cys Arg Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly
420          425          430
Thr Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys
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Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly
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Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys

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Val	Lys	Leu	Leu	Leu	Asp	Arg	Arg	Cys	Gln	Leu	Asn	Val	Leu	Asp	Asn	
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Ser	Ala	Ser	Ile	Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gln	Asn	Ile	Asp	Val	Ser	
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His	His	His	Val	Ile	Cys	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln	
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120

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Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys
1505      1510      1515      152
Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser
      1525      1530      1535
Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu
      1540      1545      1550
Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser
      1555      1560      1565
Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe
      1570      1575      1580
Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe
1585      1590      1595      160
Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly
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Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile
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Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser
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Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn
      1685      1690      1695
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<210> 379
<211> 656
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

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      <400> 379
Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
 1      5      10      15
Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
      20      25      30
Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
      35      40      45
His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50      55      60
Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
65      70      75      80
Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
      85      90      95
Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
      100      105      110
Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
      115      120      125
Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
      130      135      140
Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
145      150      155      160
Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
      165      170      175

```

121

Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
 180 185 190
 Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
 195 200 205
 Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
 210 215 220
 Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
 245 250 255
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
 260 265 270
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
 275 280 285
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
 290 295 300
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu
 370 375 380
 Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu
 405 410 415
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn
 420 425 430
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro
 435 440 445
 Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu
 450 455 460
 Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu
 465 470 475 480
 Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp
 485 490 495
 Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu
 500 505 510
 Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys
 515 520 525
 Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly
 530 535 540
 Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser
 545 550 555 560
 Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr
 565 570 575
 His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln
 580 585 590
 Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln
 595 600 605
 Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys
 610 615 620
 Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile
 625 630 635 640
 Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
 645 650 655

<210> 380

122

<211> 671
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 380

Met	Val	Val	Glu	Val	Asp	Ser	Met	Pro	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser	Val	Lys	Lys
1				5					10					15	
Pro	Phe	Gly	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	Arg	Cys	Phe
			20					25					30		
Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Glu	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val	Gly	Thr	Ser	Gly	Asp
		35					40					45			
His	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp
	50					55					60				
Cys	Arg	His	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val
65					70					75				80	
Gly	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asp	His	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Asn
				85					90					95	
Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	His	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser
			100					105					110		
Gly	Lys	Ser	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Trp	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Phe
			115				120					125			
Met	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	His	Val	Arg	Gly	Glu	Asp	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	His
	130					135					140				
Arg	Ala	Ala	Trp	Trp	Gly	Lys	Val	Pro	Arg	Lys	Asp	Leu	Ile	Val	Met
145					150					155				160	
Leu	Arg	Asp	Thr	Asp	Val	Asn	Lys	Lys	Asp	Lys	Gln	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala
				165					170					175	
Leu	His	Leu	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asn	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Val	Val	Lys	Leu	Leu
		180					185						190		
Leu	Asp	Arg	Arg	Cys	Gln	Leu	Asn	Val	Leu	Asp	Asn	Lys	Lys	Arg	Thr
	195						200					205			
Ala	Leu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Val	Gln	Cys	Gln	Glu	Asp	Glu	Cys	Ala	Leu	Met
	210					215					220				
Leu	Leu	Glu	His	Gly	Thr	Asp	Pro	Asn	Ile	Pro	Asp	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Asn
225					230					235				240	
Thr	Thr	Leu	His	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Met	Ala	Lys
				245					250					255	
Ala	Leu	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Asp	Ile	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asn	Lys	His	Gly
		260					265						270		
Leu	Thr	Pro	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gly	Val	His	Glu	Gln	Lys	Gln	Gln	Val	Val
	275					280						285			
Lys	Phe	Leu	Ile	Lys	Lys	Lys	Ala	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ala	Leu	Asp	Arg	Tyr
	290					295					300				
Gly	Arg	Thr	Ala	Leu	Ile	Leu	Ala	Val	Cys	Cys	Gly	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ile
305					310				315					320	
Val	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Glu	Gln	Asn	Ile	Asp	Val	Ser	Ser	Gln	Asp	Leu
				325					330					335	
Ser	Gly	Gln	Thr	Ala	Arg	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Val	Ser	Ser	His	His	His	Val
		340					345						350		
Ile	Cys	Gln	Leu	Leu	Ser	Asp	Tyr	Lys	Glu	Lys	Gln	Met	Leu	Lys	Ile
	355					360						365			
Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Asn	Pro	Glu	Gln	Asp	Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Ser	Glu
	370				375						380				
Glu	Glu	Ser	Gln	Arg	Phe	Lys	Gly	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Gln	Pro	Glu	Lys
385					390				395					400	
Met	Ser	Gln	Glu	Pro	Glu	Ile	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gly	Asp	Arg	Glu	Val	Glu
				405					410					415	
Glu	Glu	Met	Lys	Lys	His	Glu	Ser	Asn	Asn	Val	Gly	Leu	Leu	Glu	Asn
		420					425						430		
Leu	Thr	Asn	Gly	Val	Thr	Ala	Gly	Asn	Gly	Asp	Asn	Gly	Leu	Ile	Pro
	435					440						445			
Gln	Arg	Lys	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Asn	Gln	Gln	Phe	Pro	Asp	Asn	Glu

123

450		455		460
Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu				
465		470		475
Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp				
	485		490	495
Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu				
	500		505	510
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp				
	515		520	525
Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys				
	530		535	540
His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala				
545		550		555
Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg				
	565		570	575
Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His				
	580		585	590
Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn				
	595		600	605
Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile				
	610		615	620
Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys				
625		630		635
Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala				
	645		650	655
Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu				
	660		665	670

<210> 381
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 381	
ggagaagcgt ctgctggggc aggaaggggt ttccctgccc tctcacctgt ccctcaccaa	60
ggtaacatgc ttccctaag ggtatcccaa cccaggggcc tcacatgac ctctgagggg	120
ccaatatccc aggaagca ttggggaggt gggggcaggt gaaggacca ggactcacac	180
atcctgggccc tccaaggcag aggagaggggt cctcaagaag gtcaggagga aaatccgtaa	240
caagcagtca g	251

<210> 382
 <211> 3279
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 382	
cttctctgcag ccccatgct ggtgaggggc acgggcagga acagtggacc caacatggaa	60
atgctggagg gtgtcaggaa gtgatcgggc tctggggcag ggaggagggg tggggagtgt	120
cactgggagg ggacatctg cagaaggtag gagtgaagaa acaccgctg caggggaggg	180
gagagccctg cggcacctgg gggagcagag ggagcagcac ctgcccaggc ctgggaggag	240
gggcttgagg ggcgtgagga ggagcgaggg ggctgcatgg ctggagttag ggatcagggg	300
cagggcgaga gatggcctca cacagggaag agaggcccc tctgcaggg cctcacctgg	360
gccacaggag gacactgctt ttcctctgag gattcaggag ctgtggatgg tgctggacag	420
aagaaggaca gggcctggct caggtgtcca gagctgtcg ctggcttccc tttgggatca	480
gactgcaggg agggagggcg gcagggttgt ggggggagtg acgatgagga tgacctgggg	540
gtggctccag gccttgcccc tgctggggcc ctcaccagc ctccctcaca gtctctggc	600
cctcagtctc tccctccac tccatcctcc atctggcctc agtgggtcat tctgatcact	660
gaactgacca taccagccc tgcccacggc cctccatggc tcccgaatgc cctggagagg	720
ggacatctag tcagagagta gtcctgaaga ggtggcctct gcgatgtgcc tgtgggggca	780
gcacacctga gatggtcccg gccctcatcc tgctgacctg tctgcaggga ctgtcctcct	840
ggaccttgcc cctgtgagc gagctggacc ctgaagtccc ctcccatag gccaaactg	900
gagccttggt cctctgtgtg gactccctgc ccatattctt gtgggagtggt gttctggaga	960

```

catttctgtc tgttctgag agctgggaat tgctctcagt catctgcctg cgcggttctg 1020
agagatggag ttgcctaggc agttattggg gccaatcttt ctctactgtg ctctcctcct 1080
ttacccttag ggtgattctg ggggtccact tgtctgtaat ggtgtgcttc aaggtatcac 1140
atcatggggc cctgagccat gtgccctgcc tgaaaagcct gctgtgtaca ccaaggtggg 1200
gcattaccgg aagtggatca aggacaccat cgcagccaac ccctgagtgc ccctgtccca 1260
cccctacctc tagtaaat t aagtccacct cactgtcttg catcacttgg cctttctgga 1320
tgctggacac ctgaagcttg gaactcacct ggcgaagct cgagcctcct gagtccctact 1380
gacctgtgct ttctggtgtg gagtccaggg ctgctaggaa aaggaatggg cagacacagg 1440
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ctctgaagac ttctcgctca gtttcagtga ggacacacac aaagacgtgg gtgacctagt 1560
tgtttgtggg gtgcagagat gggaggggtg gggcccaccc tggaaagagt gacagtga 1620
caaggtggac actctctaca gatcactgag gataagctgg agccacaatg catgaggcac 1680
acacacagca aggttgacgc tgtaaacata gcccacgtg tcctgggggc actgggaagc 1740
ctagataagg ccgtgagcag aaagaagggg aggatectcc tatgttgtt gaggagggac 1800
tagggggaga aactgaaagc tgattaatta caggaggttt gttcaggtcc cccaaaccac 1860
cgtcagattt gatgatttcc tagcaggact tacagaaata aagagctatc atgctgtggg 1920
ttattatggt ttgttacatt gataggatac atactgaaat cagcaacaa aacagatgta 1980
tagattagag tgtggaagaa acagaggaaa acttgcaatt acgaagactg gcaacttggc 2040
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gtagctgac cagctgatag aggaactagc cagggtgggg cctttccctt tggatggggg 2160
gcatatccga cagttattct ctccaagtgg agacttacgg acagcatata attctccctg 2220
caaggatgta tgataatatg tacaagtaa ttccaactga ggaagctcac ctgatcctta 2280
gtgtccaggg tttttactgg ggtctgtag gacgagtag gactacttga ataattgacc 2340
tgaagtcctc agacctgagg ttccctagag ttcaaacaga tacagcatgg tccagagtcc 2400
cagatgtaca aaaacaggga ttcatcaca atcccatct tagcatgaag ggtctggcat 2460
ggcccaaggc cccaagtata tcaaggcact tgggcagaac atgccaagga atcaaatgtc 2520
atctcccagg agttattcaa gggtagcccc tttacttggg atgtacaggc tttgagcagt 2580
gcagggtcgc tgagtcaacc ttttattgta caggggatga gggaaaggga gaggatgagg 2640
aagccccctt ggggatttgg tttggtcttg tgatcaggtg gtctatgggg ctatccctac 2700
aaagaagaat ccagaaatag gggcacattg aggaatgata ctgagcccaa agagcattca 2760
atcattgttt tatttgcctt cttttcacac cattggtgag ggagggatta ccaccctggg 2820
gttatgaaga tggttgaaca ccccacacat agcaccggag atatgagatc aacagtttct 2880
tagccataga gattcacagc ccagagcagg aggacgtgc acaccatgca ggatgacatg 2940
ggggatgcgc tggggattgg tgtgaagaag caaggactgt tagaggcagg ctttatagta 3000
acaagacggt ggggcaaact ctgatttccg tgggggaatg tcatggtctt gctttactaa 3060
gttttgagac tggcaggtag tgaaactcat taggctgaga acctgttgga atgcagctga 3120
cccagctgat agaggaagta gccaggtggg agcctttccc agtgggtgtg ggacatatct 3180
ggcaagattt tgtggcactc ctggttacag atactggggc agcaaataaa actgaatcct 3240
gttttcagac cttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaagtttt 3279

```

<210> 383

<211> 155

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 383

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Met Ala Gly Val Arg Asp Glu Gly Gln Gly Ala Arg Trp Pro His Thr
      5              10              15

Gly Lys Arg Gly Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu Thr Trp Ala Thr Gly Gly
      20              25              30

His Cys Phe Ser Ser Glu Glu Ser Gly Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Gly Gln
      35              40              45

Lys Lys Asp Arg Ala Trp Leu Arg Cys Pro Glu Ala Val Ala Gly Phe
      50              55              60

Pro Leu Gly Ser Asp Cys Arg Glu Gly Gly Arg Gln Gly Cys Gly Gly
      65              70              75              80

Ser Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Leu Gly Val Ala Pro Gly Leu Ala Pro Ala

```

125

	85		90		95										
Trp	Ala	Leu	Thr	Gln	Pro	Pro	Ser	Gln	Ser	Pro	Gly	Pro	Gln	Ser	Leu
		100						105					110		
Pro	Ser	Thr	Pro	Ser	Ser	Ile	Trp	Pro	Gln	Trp	Val	Ile	Leu	Ile	Thr
		115					120					125			
Glu	Leu	Thr	Ile	Pro	Ser	Pro	Ala	His	Gly	Pro	Pro	Trp	Leu	Pro	Asn
	130					135					140				
Ala	Leu	Glu	Arg	Gly	His	Leu	Val	Arg	Glu						
145						150									

<210> 384
 <211> 557
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 384
 ggatcctcta gagcgccgc ctactactac taaattcgcg gccgcgtcga cgaagaagag 60
 aaagatgtgt tttgttttg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgtggg tttccaacca 120
 ggggaagggt cccttttgca ttgccaagtg ccataaccat gagcactact ctacatggt 180
 tctgcctcct ggccaagcag gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg 240
 acttaacctt gaaatggaaa gtcttgcaat cccatttgca ggatccgtct gtgcacatgc 300
 ctctgtagag agcagcattc ccaggacct tggaaacagt tggcactgta aggtgcttgc 360
 tccccaaagac acatcctaaa aggtgttgta atggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc 420
 ccttcttatt tatgtgaaca actgtttgtc tttttttgta tcttttttaa actgtaaaagt 480
 tcaattgtga aaatgaatat catgcaaata aattatgcga ttttttttcc aaagtaaaaa 540
 aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 557

<210> 385
 <211> 337
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 385
 ttcccagggt atgtgcgagg gaagacacat ttactatcct tgatgggggt gattccttta 60
 gtttctctag cagcagatgg gttaggagga agtgacccaa gtggttgact cctatgtgca 120
 tctcaagcc atctgctgtc ttcgagtaag gacacatcat cactcctgca ttgttgatca 180
 aaacgtggag gtgcttttcc tcagctaaga agcccttagc aaaagctcga atagacttag 240
 tatcagacag gtccagtttc cgcaccaaca cctgctggtt ccctgtcgtg gtctggatct 300
 ctttgccac caattcccc tttccacat cccggca 337

<210> 386
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 386
 gggcccgcta ccggcccagg ccccgccctcg cgagtccctc tccccgggtg cctgcccga 60
 gcccgctcgg ccagaggggt gggcgcgggg ctgctctac cggctggcgg ctgtaactca 120
 gcgaccttgg ccgaaggct ctgcaagga ccacccgacc ccagccgagg cggcgcgggc 180
 gcggactttg cccggtgtgt gggcgcgagc ggactgcgtg tcccgggacg ggcagcgaag 240
 atgttagcct tcgctgccag gaccgtggac cgatcccagg gctgtggtgt aacctcagcc 300

<210> 387
 <211> 537
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

126

<400> 387

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gggccgagtc  gggcaccaag  ggactctttg  caggcttcct  tcctcggatc  atcaaggctg  60
ccccctcctg  tgccatcatg  atcagcacct  atgagttcgg  caaaagcttc  ttccagaggc  120
tgaaccagga  ccggcttctg  ggcggtgaa  aggggcaagg  aggcaaggac  cccgtctctc  180
ccacggatgg  ggagagggca  ggaggagacc  cagccaagtg  ccttttcctc  agcactgagg  240
gagggggctt  gtttcccttc  cctcccggcg  acaagctcca  gggcagggct  gtccctctgg  300
gcggcccagc  acttctctag  acacaacttc  ttctgctgc  tccagtcgtg  gggatcatca  360
cttaccacc  cccaagttc  aagaccaa  ctccagctg  ccccttcgt  gttccctgt  420
gtttgctgta  gctgggcatg  tctccaggaa  ccaagaagcc  ctgagcctgg  tgtagtctcc  480
ctgacccttg  ttaattcctt  aagtctaaag  atgatgaact  tcaaaaaaaa  aaaaaa  537
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<210> 388

<211> 520

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 388

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aggataattt  ttaaaccaat  caaatgaaaa  aaacaaacaa  acaaaaaagg  aaatgtcatg  60
tgagggttaa  ccagtttgca  ttccccta  gtggaaaaag  taagaggact  actcagcact  120
gtttgaagat  tgctcttct  acagcttctg  agaattgtgt  tatttcactt  gccaaagtga  180
ggacccctc  cccaacatgc  ccagccac  ccctaagcat  ggtccctgt  caccaggcaa  240
ccaggaaact  gctacttg  gacctacca  gagaccagga  gggtttggt  agctcacagg  300
acttccccca  cccagaaga  ttagcatccc  atactagact  catactcaac  tcaactaggc  360
tcatactcaa  ttgatggtta  ttagacaatt  ccatttcttt  ctggttatta  taaacagaaa  420
atctttctc  ttctcattac  cagtaaaggc  tcttggtatc  tttctgttg  aatgatttct  480
atgaacttgt  cttattttaa  tgggtgggtt  ttttctggt  520
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<210> 389

<211> 365

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 389

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cgttgcccc  gtttgacaga  aggaaaggcg  gagcttattc  aaagtctaga  gggagtggag  60
gagttaaggc  tggatttcag  atctgcctgg  ttccagccgc  agtgtgccct  ctgctcccc  120
aacgactttc  caaataatct  caccagcgcc  ttccagctca  ggcgtcctag  aagcgtcttg  180
aagcctatgg  ccagctgtct  ttgtgttccc  tctcaccgc  ctgtcctcac  agctgagact  240
cccaggaaac  cttcagacta  ccttctctg  ccttcagcaa  ggggcgttg  ccacattctc  300
tgagggtcag  tggaagaacc  tagactccca  ttgctagagg  tagaaagggg  aagggtgctg  360
gggag  365
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<210> 390

<211> 221

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(221)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 390

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tgctctccca  tcctggcccc  gacttctctg  tcaggaaagt  ggggatggac  cccatctgca  60
tacacggntt  ctcattgggtg  tggaacatct  ctgcttgagg  ttccaggaag  gcctctggct  120
gctctangag  tctgancnga  ntcgttgccc  cantntgaca  naaggaaagg  cggagcttat  180
tcaaagtcta  gagggagtgg  aggagttaag  gctggatttc  a  221
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<210> 391

<211> 325

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

127

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(325)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 391
 tggagcaggt cccgaggcct ccctagagcc tggggccgac tctgtgncga tgcangcttt 60
 ctctcgcgcc cagcctggag ctgctcctgg catctaccaa caatcagncg aggcgagcag 120
 tagccagggc actgctgcca acagccagtc cnnataccat catgtnaccc ggtgngctct 180
 naantngat ntccanagcc ctacccatcn tagttctgct ctcccaccgg ntaccagccc 240
 cactgccag gaatcctaca gccagtaccc tgtcccgcag tctctaccta ccagtacgat 300
 gagacctccg gctactacta tgacc 325

<210> 392
 <211> 277
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(277)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 392
 atattgttta actccttctt ttatatcttt taacattttc atggngaaag gttcacatct 60
 agtctcactt nggcagngn ctctacttg agtctcttcc ccggcctggn ccagtnghaa 120
 antaccanga accgncatgn cttanaaach nccgtggttn tgggttnntc aatgactgca 180
 tgacgtgcac caccctgtcc actacgtgat gctgtaggat taaagtctca cagtgggcgg 240
 ctgaggatata agcgcgcgct cctgtgttgc tggggaa 277

<210> 393
 <211> 566
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 393
 actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccgggccg cgtcgacgga caggtcagct gtctggctca 60
 gtgatctaca ttctgaagtt gtctgaaaat gtcttcata ttaaattcag cctaaacggt 120
 ttgccgggaa cactgcagag acaatgctgt gagtttccaa ccttagccca tctgcgggca 180
 gagaaggctt agtttgtcca tcagcattat catgatata ggactgggta cttgggttaag 240
 gaggggtcta ggagatctgt cctttttaga gacaccttac ttataatgaa gtatttggga 300
 ggtgtggttt caaaagtaga aatgtcctgt attccgatga tcacccgtga aacattttat 360
 catttattaa tcacccctgc ctgtgtctat tattatattc atatctctac gctggaaact 420
 ttctgcctca atgtttactg tgcctttggt tttgctagtt tgtgtgttg aaaaaaaaaa 480
 cattctctgc ctgagtttta atttttgtcc aaagttattt taatctatac aattaaaage 540
 ttttgctat caaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 566

<210> 394
 <211> 384
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(384)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 394
 gaacatacat gtcccgccac ctgagctgca gctcgacatc atcgccatca cgggcctcgc 60
 tgcaaatng gaccgggcca aggctggact gctggagcgt gtgaaggagc tacaggccna 120
 gcaggaggac cgggctttta ggagttttta gctgagtgct actgtagacc ccaaatacca 180
 tccaagatt atcgggagaa agggggcagc aattacccaa atccggttgg agcatgacgt 240

128

```
gaacatccag tttcctgata aggacgatgg gaaccagccc caggacccaaa ttaccatcac 300
agggtacgaa aagaacacag aagctgccag ggatgctata ctgagaattg tgggtgaact 360
tgagcagatg gtttctgagg acgt 384
```

<210> 395

<211> 399

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 395

```
ggcaaaactg tgtgacctca ataagacctc gcagatccaa ggtcaagtat cagaagtgc 60
tctgaccttg gactccaaga cctacatcaa cagcctggct atattagatg atgagccagt 120
tatcagaggt ttcacatttg cggaaattgt ggagtctaag gaaatcatgg cctctgaagt 180
attcacgtct ttccagtacc ctgagttctc tatagagttg cctaacacag gcagaattgg 240
ccagctactt gtctgcaatt gtatcttcaa gaataccctg gccatccctt tgactgacgt 300
caagttctct ttggaaagcc tgggcatctc ctactacag acctctgacc atgggacggt 360
gcagcctggt gagaccatcc aatcccaaat aaaatgcac 399
```

<210> 396

<211> 403

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(403)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 396

```
tggagtntc agtgcaaaca agccataaag cttcagtagc aaattactgt ctacagaaa 60
gacattttca acttctgctc cagctgctga taaaacaaat catgtgttta gcttgactcc 120
agacaaggac aacctgttcc ttcataactc tctagagaaa aaaaggagtt gttagtagat 180
actaaaaaaaa gtggatgaat aatctggata tttttcctaa aaagattcct tgaaacacat 240
taggaaaaatg gagggcctta tgatcagaat gctagaatta gtccattgtg ctgaagcagg 300
gttttagggga gggagtggag gataaaagaa ggaaaaaaag aagagtgaga aaacctattt 360
atcaaagcag gtgctatcac tcaatgttag gccctgctct ttt 403
```

<210> 397

<211> 100

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(100)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 397

```
actagtnca gttgtggtaa ttgcgggccg cgctgacctc naanccatct ctatagcaaa 60
tccatccccg ctcttggttg gtnacagaat gactgacaaa 100
```

<210> 398

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 398

129

```

gcgggccgcgt cgacagcagt tccgccagcg ctgccccctg ggtgggggatg tgctgcacgc 60
ccacctggac atctggaagt cagcggcctg gatgaaagag cggacttcac ctggggcgat 120
tactactgt gcctcgacca gtgaggagag ctggaccgac agcgagggtg actcatcatg 180
ctccgggcag cccatccacc tgtggcagtt cctcaaggag ttgctactca agccccacag 240
ctatggccgc ttcattangt ggctcaacaa ggagaagg 278

```

<210> 399

<211> 298

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(298)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 399

```

acggaggtgg aggaagcgnc cctgggatcg anaggatggg tcctgncatt gaccnccctn 60
ggggtgccng catggagcgc atggggcgcg gcctgggcca cggcatggat cgcgtgggct 120
ccgagatcga gcgcatgggc ctgggtcatgg accgcatggg ctccgtggag cgcgtgggct 180
ccggcatcga gcgcatgggc ccgctgggccc tcgaccacat ggcctccanc attgancgca 240
tgggccagac catggagcgc attggctctg gcgtggagcn catgggtgcc ggcgtggg 298

```

<210> 400

<211> 548

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 400

```

acatcaacta cttcctcatt ttaaggtatg gcagttccct tcatccccctt ttcctgcctt 60
gtacatgtac atgtatgaaa tttccttctc ttaccgaact ctctccacac atcacaagggt 120
caaagaacca cacgcttaga agggtaagag ggcaccctat gaaatgaaat ggtgatttct 180
tgagtctctt tttccacgt ttaaggggcc atggcaggac ttagagttgc gagttaagac 240
tgcagagggc tagagaatta tttcatacag gctttgaggc caccatgtc acttatcccg 300
tataccctct caccatcccc ttgtctactc tgatgcccc aagatgcaac tgggcagcta 360
gttggcccca taattctggg cctttgttgt ttgttttaat tacttgggca tcccaggaag 420
ctttccagtg atctcctacc atgggcccc ctctctggat caagcccctc ccaggccctg 480
tccccagccc ctctgcccc agcccacccg cttgccttgg tgctcagccc tcccattggg 540
agcaggtt 548

```

<210> 401

<211> 355

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(355)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 401

```

actgtttcca tgttatgttt ctacacattg ctacctcagt gctcctggaa acttagcttt 60
tgatgtctcc aagtagtcca ccttcattta actctttgaa actgtatcat ctttgccaag 120
taagagtggg ggcctatttc agctgctttg acaaaatgac tggctcctga cttaacgttc 180
tataaatgaa tgtgctgaag caaagtgcc atgggtggcg cgaagaagan aaagatgtgt 240
tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgnggg tttccaacca ggggaagggt 300
cccttttgca ttgccaagtg ccataacccat gagcactact ctaccatggn tctgc 355

```

<210> 402

<211> 407

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

130

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(407)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 402
atggggcaag ctggataaag aaccaagacc cactggagta tgctgtcttc aagaaaccca 60
tctcacatgc ggtggcatac ataggctcaa aataaaggaa tggagaaaaa tatttcaagc 120
aaatggaaaa cagaaaaaag cagggtgttc actcctactt tctgacaaaa cagactatgc 180
gaataaagat aaaaaagaga aggacattac aaagggtggtc ctgacctttg ataaatctca 240
ttgcttgata ccaacctggg ctgttttaat tgcccaaacc aaaaggataa tttgctgagg 300
ttgtggagct tctcccctgc agagagtccc tgatctccca aaatttggtt gagatgtaag 360
gntgattttg ctgacaactc cttttctgaa gttttactca tttccaa 407

<210> 403
<211> 303
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(303)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 403
cagtatttat agccnaactg aaaagctagt agcaggcaag tctcaaattc aggcacccaa 60
tcctaagcaa gagccatggc atggtgaaaa tgcaaaaagg gagtctggcc aatctacaaa 120
tagagaacaa gacctactca gtcataaaca aaaaggcaga caccaacatg gatctcatgg 180
gggattggat attgtaatta tagagcagga agatgacagt gatcgtcatt tggcacaaca 240
tcttaacaac gaccgaaacc cattatttac ataaacctcc attcggtaac catgttgaaa 300
gga 303

<210> 404
<211> 225
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 404
aagtgttaact tttaaaaatt tagtggattt tgaaaattct tagaggaaag taaaggaaaa 60
attgttaatg cactcattta cctttacatg gtgaaagttc tctcttgatc ctacaaacag 120
acattttcca ctcggttttc catagtgtgt aagtgtatca gatgtgttgg gcatgtgaat 180
ctccaagtgc ctgtgtaata aataaagtat ctttatttca ttcatt 225

<210> 405
<211> 334
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(334)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 405
gagctgttat actgtgagtt ctactaggaa atcatcaaat ctgagggttg tctggaggac 60
ttcaatacac ctccccccat agtgaatcag cttccagggg gtccagtccc tctccttact 120
tcacccccat cccatgccaa aggaagaccc tcctcctctg gctcacagcc ttctctaggc 180
ttccagtgct ctccaggaca gagtgggtta tgttttcagc tccatccttg ctgtgagtg 240
ctggtgagggt tgtgcctoca gcttctgctc agtgcttcat ggacagtgct cagcccatgt 300
cactctccac tctctcanng tggatccac ccct 334

131

<210> 406
 <211> 216
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(216)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 406
 ttccatacct aatgagggag ttganatnac atnnaaccag gaaatgcatg gatctcaang 60
 gaaacaaaca cccaataaac tcggagtggc agactgacaa ctgtgagaca tgcacttgct 120
 acnaaacaca aatttnatgt tgcacccttg tttctacacc tgtgggttat gacaaagaca 180
 actgccaaag aatnttcaag aaggaggact gccant 216

<210> 407
 <211> 413
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 407
 gctgacttgc tagtâtcatc tgcattcatt gaagcacaag aacttcatgc cttgactcat 60
 gtaaatgcaa taggattaaa aaataaattt gatatcacat ggaaacagac aaaaaatatt 120
 gtacaacatt gcacccagtgc tcagattcta cacctggcca ctgaggaagc aagagttaatt 180
 cccagagggtc tatgtcctaa tgtgttatgg caaatggatg tcatgcaagt accttcattt 240
 ggaaaattgt catctgtcca tgtgacagtt gatacttatt cacatttcat atgggcaacc 300
 tgccagacag gagaaagtct tcccatgtta aaagacattt attatcttgt tttcctgtca 360
 tgggagttcc agaaaaagtt aaaacagaca atggggccagg ttctgtagta aag 413

<210> 408
 <211> 183
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(183)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 408
 ggagctngcc ctcaattcct ccatntctat gttancatat ttaatgtctt ttgnnattaa 60
 tnccttaacta gttaatcctt aaagggtctan ntaatcctta actagtcctt ccattgtgag 120
 cattatcctt ccagtatctn ccttctnttt tatttactcc ttccctggcta cccatgtact 180
 ntt 183

<210> 409
 <211> 250
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(250)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 409
 cccacgcatg ataagctctt tatttctgta agtcttgcta ggaaatcatc aaatctgacg 60
 gtgggtttggg ggacctgaac aaacctcctg taattaatca gctttcagtt tctcccccta 120
 gtccctcctt caacaacata ggaggatcct ccccttcttt ctgtcacagg ccttatctag 180
 gcttcccagt gccccagga cagcgtgggc tatgtttaca gcgctcctt gctggggggg 240
 ggccntatgc 250

132

<210> 410
<211> 306
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(306)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 410
ggctggtttg caagaatgaa atgaatgatt ctacagctag gacttaacct tgaaatggaa 60
agtcttgcaa tcccatttgc aggatccgtc tgtgcacatg cctctgtaga gagcagcatt 120
cccagggacc ttggaaacag ttggcactgt aagggtgcttg ctccccaaga cacatcctaa 180
aagggtgttg aatggtgaaa accgcttcct tctttattgc cccttcttat ttatgtgaac 240
nactggttgg ctttttttgn atctttttta aactggaaag ttcaattgng aaaatgaata 300
tcntgc 306

<210> 411
<211> 261
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(261)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 411
agagatattn cttaggtnaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaatgtc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa gngaggcaa a 261

<210> 412
<211> 241
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(241)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 412
gttcaatggt acctgacatt tctacaacac cccactcacc gatgtattcg ttgccagtg 60
ggaacatacc agcctgaatt tggaaaaaat aattgtgttt cttgccagg aaatactacg 120
actgactttg atggctccac aaacataacc cagtgtaaaa acagaagatg tggaggggag 180
ctgggagatt tctactggga cattgaattc ccaaactacc cangcaatta cccagccaac 240
a 241

<210> 413
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(231)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

133

<400> 413
aactctttaca atccaagtga ctcattctgtg tgcttgaatc ctttccactg tctcatctcc 60
ctcatccaag tttctagtac cttctctttg ttgtgaagga taatcaaact gaacaacaaa 120
aagtttactc tcctcatttg gaacctaaaa actctcttct tcctgggtct gaggggtcca 180
agaatccttg aatcanttct cagatcattg gggacaccan atcaggaacc t 231

<210> 414
<211> 234
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 414
actgtccatg aagcactgag cagaagctgg aggcacaacg caccagacac tcacagcaag 60
gatggagctg aaaacataac ccactctgtc ctggaggcac tgggaagcct agagaaggct 120
gtgagccaag gagggagggt cttccttttg catgggatgg ggatgaagta aggagaggga 180
ctggaccccc tggaagctga ttcactatgg ggggaggtgt attgaagtcc tcca 234

<210> 415
<211> 217
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(217)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 415
gcataggatt aagactgagt atctttttcta cattctttta actttctaag gggcacttct 60
caaaacacag accaggtagc aaatctccac tgctctaagg ntctcaccac cacttttctca 120
cacctagcaa tagtagaatt cagtcctact tctgaggcca gaagaatggt tcagaaaaat 180
antggattat aaaaaataac aattaagaaa aataatc 217

<210> 416
<211> 213
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(213)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 416
atgcatatnt aaagganact gcctcgcttt tagaagacat ctggnctgct ctctgcatga 60
ggcacagcag taaagctctt tgattcccag aatcaagaac tctccccttc agactattac 120
cgaatgcaag gtggttaatt gaaggccact aattgatgct caaatagaag gatattgact 180
atattggaac agatggagtc tctactacaa aag 213

<210> 417
<211> 303
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(303)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 417
nagtcttcag gcccatcagg gaagttcaca ctggagagaa gtcatacata tgtactgtat 60

134

```

gtgggaaagg ctttactctg agttcaaate ttcaagccca tcagagagtc cacactggag 120
agaagccata caaatgcaat gagtgtggga agagcttcag gagggattcc cattatcaag 180
ttcatctagt ggtccacaca ggagagaaac cctataaatg tgagatatgt gggaagggct 240
tcantcaaag ttcgtatctt caaatccatc ngaaggncca cagtatanan aaacctttta 300
agt 303

```

```

<210> 418
<211> 328
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(328)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 418
tttttgccgg tgggtgggca gggacgggac angagtctca ctctgttgcc caggctggag 60
tgcacaggca tgatctcggc tcactacaac ccctgcctcc catgtccaag cgattcttgt 120
gcctcagcct tccctgtagc tagaattaca ggcacatgcc accacaccca gctagttttt 180
gtatttttag tagagacagg gtttcaccat gttggccagg ctggtctcaa actcctnacc 240
tcagnngtca ggctgggtct aaactcctga cctcaagtga tctgcccacc tcagcctccc 300
aaagtgctan gattacaggc cgtgagcc 328

```

```

<210> 419
<211> 389
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(389)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 419
cctcctcaag acggcctgtg gtccgcctcc cggcaaccaa gaagcctgca gtgcatatg 60
acccttgagc catggactgg agcctgaaag gcagcgtaca ccctgctcct gatcttgctg 120
ctgttttctt ctctgtggct ccattcatag cacagttgtt gcactgaggc ttgtgcaggc 180
cgagcaaggc caagctggct caaagagcaa ccagtcaact ctgccacggg gtgccaggca 240
ccggtttctc agccaccaac ctcaactcgt cccgcaaagt gcacatcagt tctttctacc 300
taaaggtagg accaaagggc atctgctttt ctgaagtcct ctgctctatc agccatcacg 360
tggcagccac tcnggctgtg tcgacggcg 389

```

```

<210> 420
<211> 408
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<400> 420
gttcctccta actcctgcc aaaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg aagtgtatg acaaacctgg caagcccg 408

```

```

<210> 421
<211> 352
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```


135

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(352)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 421
 gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atnggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt acggaggcca 60
 gaggagaatg aggcctggcc tgggagccct gtgcctacta naagcacatt agattatcca 120
 ttcactgaca gaacaggctt tttttgggtc cttcttctcc accacnata acttgcaagtc 180
 ctccttcttg aagattcttt ggcagttgtc tttgtcataa cccacagggtg tagaaacaag 240
 ggtgcaacat gaaatttctg tttcgtagca agtgcatgtc tcacaagttg gcangtctgc 300
 cactccgagt ttattgggtg tttgtttcct ttgagatcca tgcatttcct gg 352

<210> 422
 <211> 337
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 422
 atgccaccat gctggcaatg cagcggggcg tccaaggcct gcatatccag cccaagctgg 60
 cgatgatcga cggcaaccgt tgcccgaagt tgccgatgcc agccgaagcg gtggtcaagg 120
 gcgatagcaa ggtgccggcg atcgcgcgcg cgtcaatcct ggccaaggct agccgtgatc 180
 gtgaaatggc agctgtcgaa ttgatctacc cgggttatgg catcggcggg cataagggtc 240
 atccgacacc ggtgcacctg gaagccttgc agcggctggg gccgacgccg attcaccgac 300
 gcttcttccg ccggtacggc tggcctatga aaattat 337

<210> 423
 <211> 310
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(310)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 423
 gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atatggcatg gctacacaat cattgactat tagaggccag 60
 aggagaatga ggcctggcct gggagccctg tgccactan aagcncatta gattatccat 120
 tcaactgacag aacaggctct ttttgggtcc tttcttctcc ccacgatata cttgcagtc 180
 tccttcttga agattctttg gcagttgtct ttgtcataac ccacagggtg anaaacaagg 240
 gtgcaacatg aaatttctgt ttcgtagcaa gtgcatgtct cacagttgtc aagtctgccc 300
 tccgagttta 310

<210> 424
 <211> 370
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(370)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 424
 gctcaaaaat ctttttactg ataggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt agaggccaga 60
 ggagaatgag gcctggcctg ggagccctgt gcctactaga agcacattag attatccatt 120
 cactgacaga acaggctctt tttgggtcct tcttctccac cacgatatac ttgcagtcct 180
 ccttcttgaa gattctttg cagttgtctt tgtcataacc cacagggtga gaaacatcct 240
 ggttgaatct cctggaactc cctcattagg tatgaaatag catgatgcat tgcataaagt 300
 cacgaagggt gcaaagatca caacgctgcc cagganaaca ttcattgtga taagcaggac 360
 tccgtcgacg 370

136

<210> 425
 <211> 216
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(216)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 425
 aattgctatn ntttattttg ccactcaaaa taattaccaa aaaaaaaaaa tnttaaata 60
 taacaacnca acatcaagg n aaananaaca ggaatggntg actntgcata aatnggccga 120
 anattatcca ttatnttaag ggttgacttc aggntacagc acacagacaa acatgcccg 180
 gaggnntnca ggaccgctcg atgtntntng aggagg 216

<210> 426
 <211> 596
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 426
 cttccagtga ggataaccct gttgccccgg gccgagggttc tccattaggc tctgattgat 60
 tggcagtcag tgatggaagg gtgtttctgat cattccgact gcccgaaggg tcgctggcca 120
 gctctctgtt ttgctgagtt ggcaagtagga cctaatttgt taattaagag tagatggtga 180
 gctgtccttg tattttgatt aacctaatgg ccttcccagc acgactcgga ttcagctgga 240
 gacatcacgg caacttttaa tgaaatgatt tgaagggcca ttaagaggca cttcccgtaa 300
 ttaggcagtt catctgcact gataacttct tggcagctga gctggtcgga gctgtggccc 360
 aaacgcacac ttggcttttg gttttgagat acaactctta atcttttagt catgcttgag 420
 ggtggatggc cttttcagct ttaacccaat ttgcactgcc ttggaagtgt agccaggaga 480
 atacactcat atactcgtgg gcttagaggg cacagcagat gtcattggtc tactgcctga 540
 gtcccgcgtg tcccatccca ggaccttcca tcggcgagta cctgggagcc cgtgct 596

<210> 427
 <211> 107
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(107)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 427
 gaagaattca agttaggttt attcaaaggg cttacngaga atcctanacc caggncaccag 60
 cccgggagca gccttanaga gctcctgttt gactgcccgg ctcagn 107

<210> 428
 <211> 38
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(38)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 428
 gaacttcna anaangactt tattcactat ttacatt

38

<210> 429

137

<211> 544
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 429
ctttgctgga cggaataaaa gtggacgcaa gcatgacctc ctgatgaggg cgctgcattt 60
attgaagagc ggctgcagcc ctgcggttca gattaaaatc cgagaattgt atagacgccg 120
atatccacga actcttgaag gactttctga tttatccaca atcaaatcat cggttttcag 180
tttgatggtt ggctcatcac ctgtagaacc tgacttggcc gtggctggaa tccactcggt 240
gccttccact tcagttacac ctcaactcacc atcctctcct gttggttctg tgctgcttca 300
agatactaag cccacatttg agatgcagca gccatctccc ccaattcctc ctgtccatcc 360
tgatgtgcag ttaaaaaatc tgccctttta tgatgtcctt gatgttctca tcaagcccac 420
gagtttagtt caaagcagta ttcagcgatt tcaagagaag ttttttattt ttgctttgac 480
acctcaacaa gttagagaga tatgcatatc cagggatttt ttgccagggt gtaggagaga 540
ttat 544

<210> 430
<211> 507
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(507)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 430
cttatcncaa tggggctccc aaacttggct gtgcagtgga aactccgggg gaattttgaa 60
gaacactgac acccatcttc caccocgaca ctctgattta attgggctgc agtgagaaca 120
gagcatcaat ttaaaaagct gcccagaatg ttntcctggg cagcgttggt atctttgccn 180
ccttcgtgac tttatgcaat gcatcatgct atttcatacc taatgaggga gttccaggag 240
attcaaccag gatgtttcta cncctgtggg ttatgacaaa gacaactgcc aaagaatntt 300
caagaaggag gactgcaagt atatcgtggt ggagaagaag gacccaaaaa agacctgttc 360
tgtcagtgaa tggataatct aatgtgcttc tagtaggcac agggctccca ggccaggcct 420
cattctcctc tggcctctaa tagtcaatga ttgtgtagcc atgcctatca gtaaaaagat 480
ttttgagcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 507

<210> 431
<211> 392
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(392)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 431
gaaaaattcag aatggataaa aacaaatgaa gtacaaaata tttcagattt acatagcgat 60
aaacaagaaa gcacttatca ggaggactta caaatggaag tacactctan aaccatcatc 120
tatcatggct aatgtgaga ttagcacagc tgtattattt gtacattgca aacacctaga 180
aagagatggg aaacaaaatc ccaggagttt tgtgtgtgga gtccctgggtt ttccaacaga 240
catcattcca gcattctgag attagggnga ttggggatca ttctggagtt ggaatgttca 300
acaaaagtga tgttggttag taaaatgtac aacttctgga tctatgcaga cattgaagggt 360
gcaatgagtc tggcttttac tctgctgttt ct 392

<210> 432
<211> 387
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

138

<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(387)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 432
ggatccnta cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattggngt agattaccac 60
aaatgcaagg caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg 120
ngtagtccaa gctctcggna gtccagccac tgnгааacat gctcccttta gattaacctc 180
gtggacnctn ttgttgnatt gtctgaactg tagngccctg tattttgctt ctgtctgnga 240
attctgttgc ttctggggca tttccttgng atgcagagga ccaccacaca gatgacagca 300
atctgaattg ntccaatcac agctgcgatt aagacatact gaaatcgtac aggaccggga 360
acaacgtata gaacactgga gtccttt 387

<210> 433
<211> 281
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(281)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 433
ttcaactagc anagaanact gcttcagggg gtgtaaaatg aaaggcttcc acgcagttat 60
ctgattaaag aacactaaga gagggacaag gctagaagcc gcaggatgtc tacactatag 120
caggcnctat ttgggttggc tggaggagct gtggaaaaa tggagagatt ggcgctggag 180
atcgccgtgg ctattcctcn ttgntattac accagnagg ntctctgtnt gccactggg 240
tnnaaaaccg ntatacaata atgatagaat aggacacaca t 281

<210> 434
<211> 484
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 434
ttttaaaata agcatttagt gctcagtcct tactgagtag tctttctctc ccctcctctg 60
aatttaattc tttcaacttg caatttgcaa ggattacaca tttcactgtg atgtatattg 120
tgttgcaaaa aaaaaaaagt gtctttgttt aaaattactt ggtttgtaga tccatcttgc 180
tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa acatctgaag 240
agctagtcta tcagcatctg acaggtgaat tggatggttc tcagaacctt ttcaccacaga 300
cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca taacaaaccc 360
tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt agtcagcacc cccaccaaac 420
tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataaag taccatgtc 480
ttta 484

<210> 435
<211> 424
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 435
gcgcccgtca gagcaggtca ctttctgcct tccacgtcct ccttcaagga agccccatgt 60
gggtagcttt caatatcgca ggttcttact cctctgcctc tataagctca aaccaccaa 120
cgatcgggca agtaaacccc ctccctcgcc gacttcggaa ctggcgagag ttcagcgag 180
atgggcctgt ggggaggggg caagatagat gagggggagc ggcaggtgtc ggggtgacct 240
cttgagagaga ggaaaaaggc cacaagaggg gctgccaccg ccactaacgg agatggccct 300
ggtagagacc tttgggggtc tggaaacctc ggactcccca tgctctaact cccacactct 360
gctatcagaa acttaaacct gaggattttc tctgtttttc actcgcaata aattcagagc 420
aaac 424

<210> 436

139

<211> 667
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(667)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 436
accttgggaa nactctcaca atataaaggg tcgtagactt tactccaaat tccaaaaagg 60
tcctggccat gtaatcctga aagttttccc aaggtagcta taaaatcctt ataagggtgc 120
agcctcttct ggaattcctc tgatttcaaa gtctcactct caagttcttg aaaacgaggg 180
cagttctctga aaggcaggta tagcaactga tcttcagaaa gaggaactgt gtgcaccggg 240
atgggctgcc agagtaggat aggattccag atgctgacac cttctggggg aaacagggct 300
gccaggtttg tcatagcact catcaaagtc cggtcacagt ctgtgcttcg aatataaacc 360
tgttcatgtt tataggactc attcaagaat tttctatatc tctttcttat atactctcca 420
agttcataat gctgctccat gccagctgg gtgagttggc caaatccttg tggccatgag 480
gattccttta tggggtcagt gggaaagggt tcaatgggac ttcggtctcc atgccgaaac 540
accaaagtca caaacttcaa ctcttgggt agtacacttc ggtctagcca gaaaaaaagc 600
agaaacaaga agccaaggct aaggcttgct gccctgccag gaggaggggt gcagctctca 660
tgttgag 667

<210> 437
<211> 693
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 437
ctacgtctca accctcattt ttaggtaagg aatcttaagt ccaaagatat taagtgactc 60
acacagccag gtaagaaaag ctggattggc aactagggac tctaccatac cgggttttgt 120
taaagctcag gttaggaggc tgataagctt ggaaggaaact tcagacagct ttttcagatc 180
ataaaagata attcttagcc catgttcttc tccagagcag acctgaaatg acagcacagc 240
aggtaactct ctattttcac ccctcttgct tctactctct ggcagtcaga cctgtggggg 300
gccatgggag aaagcagctc tctggatgtt tgtacagatc atggactatt ctctgtggac 360
catttctcca ggttacccta ggtgtcacta ttgggggggac agccagcatc tttagctttc 420
atltgagttt ctgtctgtct tcagtagagg aaacttttgc tcttcacact tcacatctga 480
acacctaact gctgttgctc ctgaggtggg gaaagacaga tatagagctt acagtattta 540
tcctatttct aggcactgag ggctgtgggg taccttgtgg tgccaaaaca gatcctgttt 600
taaggacatg ttgcttcaga gatgtctgta actatctggg ggctctgttg gctctttacc 660
ctgcatcatg tgctctcttg gctgaaaatg acc 693

<210> 438
<211> 360
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 438
ctgcttatca caatgaatgt tctcctgggc agcgttggtga tctttgccac cttcgtgact 60
ttatgcaatg catcatgcta tttcatacct aatgagggag ttccaggaga ttcaaccagg 120
atgtttctac acctgtgggt tatgacaaag acaactgcc aagaatcttc aagaaggagg 180
actgcaagta tatctggttg agaagaagga cccaaaaaag acctgttctg tcagtgaatg 240
gataatctaa tgtgcttcta gtaggcacag ggctcccagg ccaggcctca ttctcctctg 300
gcctctaata gtcaataatt gtgtagccat gcctatcagt aaaaagattt ttgagcaaac 360

<210> 439
<211> 431
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature

140

<222> (1)...(431)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 439

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gttcctnnta actcctgcc a gaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tgccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggtt tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgctga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag t                                     431

```

<210> 440

<211> 523

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 440

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agagataaag cttaggtcaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaatgtc tgaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggagaggcaa agaaaggaga tacagtggag acatctggaa agttttctcc 300
actggaaaac tgctactatc tgtttttata tttctgttaa aatatatgag gctacagaac 360
taaaaattaa aacctctttg tgtcccttgg tcctggaaca tttatgttcc ttttaaagaa 420
acaaaaatca aactttacag aaagatttga tgtatgtaac acatatagca gctcttgaag 480
tatatatatc atagcaaata agtcactctga tgagaacaag cta                                     523

```

<210> 441

<211> 430

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 441

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gttcctccta actcctgcc a gaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tgccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggtt tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgctga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag                                     430

```

<210> 442

<211> 362

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 442

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ctaaggaatt agtagtggtc ccataccttg tttggagtgt gctattctaa aagattttga 60
tttcttgtaa tgacaattat attttaactt tgggtgggga aagagttata ggaccacagt 120
cttcacttct gatacttgta aattaatctt ttattgcact tgttttgacc attaagctat 180
atgttttagaa atggtcattt tacggaaaaa ttagaaaaat tctgataata gtgcagaata 240
aatgaattaa tgttttactt aatttatatt gaactgtcaa tgacaaataa aaattctttt 300
tgattatatt ttgttttcat ttaccagaat aaaaactaag aattaaaagt ttgattacag 360
tc                                     362

```

<210> 443

<211> 624

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(624)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 443
ttttttttttt gcaacacaat atacatcaca gtgaaatgtg taatccttgc aaattgcaag 60
ttgaaagaat taaattcaga ggaggggaga gaaagagtag tcagtaggga ctgagcacta 120
aatgcttatt ttaaaagaaa tgtaaagagc agaaagcaat tcaggctacc ctgccttttg 180
tgctggctag tactccgggc ggtgtcagca gcacgtggca ttgaacattg caatgtggag 240
cccaaaccac agaaaatggg gtgaaattgg ccaactttct attaaacttg cttcctgttt 300
tataaaatat tgtgaataat atcacctact tcaaagggca gttatgaggc ttaaatgaac 360
taacgcctac aaaacactta aacatagata acataggtgc aagtactatg tatctggtac 420
atggtaaaca tccttattat taaagtcaac gctaaaatga atgtgtgtgc atatgctaata 480
agtacagaga gagggcactt aaaccaacta agggcctgga gggaaagggtt cctggaaaga 540
ngatgcttgt gctgggtcca aatccttggtc tactatgacc ttggccaaat tatttaaact 600
ttgtccctat ctgctaaaca gatc 624

<210> 444
<211> 425
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(425)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 444
gcacatcatt nntcttgcatt tctttgagaa taagaagatc agtaaatagt tcagaagtgg 60
gaagctttgt ccaggcctgt gtgtgaaccc aatgttttgc ttagaaatag aacaagtaag 120
ttcattgcta tagcataaca caaaatttgc ataagtgggtg gtcagcaaat ccttgaatgc 180
tgcttaatgt gagaggttgg taaaatcctt tgtgcaacac tctaactccc tgaatgtttt 240
gctgtgctgg gacctgtgca tgccagacaa ggccaagctg gctgaaagag caaccagcca 300
cctctgcaat ctgccacctc ctgctggcag gatgtgtttt tgcatcctgt gaagagccaa 360
ggaggcacca gggcataagt gagtagactt atgggtcgacg cggccgcgaa tttagtagta 420
gtaga 425

<210> 445
<211> 414
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(414)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 445
catgtttatg nttttggatt actttgggca cctagtgttt ctaaactcgtc tatcattctt 60
ttctgttttt caaaagcaga gatggccaga gtctcaacaa actgtatctt caagtctttg 120
tgaaattctt tgcattgtgc agattattgg atgtagtctt ctttaactag catataaatc 180
tggtgtgttt cagataaatg aacagcaaaa tgtgggtgaa ttaccatttg gaacattgtg 240
aatgaaaaat tgtgtctcta gattatgtaa caaataacta tttcctaacc attgatcttt 300
ggatttttat aatcctactc acaaatgact aggtcttctc tcttgatatt tgaagcagtg 360
tgggtgctgg attgataaaa aaaaaaaaaa tcgacgcggc cgcgaaattta gtag 414

<210> 446
<211> 631
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

142

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(631)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 446
acaaattaga anaaagtgcc agagaacacc acataccttg tccggaacat tacaatggct 60
tctgcatgca tgggaagtgt gagcattcta tcaatatgca ggagccatct tgcagggtgtg 120
atgctgggta tactggacaa cactgtgaaa aaaaggacta cagtgttcta tacgttggttc 180
ccggtcctgt acgatttcag tatgtcttaa tcgcagctgt gattggaaca attcagattg 240
ctgtcatctg tgtgggtggc ctctgcatca caagggccaa actttaggta atagcattgg 300
actgagattt gtaaactttc caaccttcca ggaaatgcc cagaagcaac agaattcaca 360
gacagaagca aaatacaggg cactacagtt cagacaatac aacaagagcg tccacgaggt 420
taatctaaag ggagcatgtt tcacagtggc tggactaccg agagcttgga ctacacaata 480
cagtattata gacaaaagaa taagacaaga gatctacaca tgttgccctg catttggtgtg 540
aatctacacc aatgaaaaca tgtactacag ctatatattga ttatgtatgg atatatttga 600
aatagtatac attgtcttga tgttttttct g 631

<210> 447
<211> 585
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(585)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 447
ccttgggaaa antntcacia tataaagggt cgtagacttt actccaaatt ccaaaaaggt 60
cctggccatg taatcctgaa agttttccca aggtagctat aaaatcctta taagggtgca 120
gcctcttctg gaattcctct gatttcaaag tctcactctc aagtcttga aaacgagggc 180
agttcctgaa aggcaggat agcaactgat cttcagaaaag aggaactgtg tgcaccggga 240
tgggctgcca gagtaggata ggattccaga tgcctgacacc ttctggggga aacagggctg 300
ccagggtttgt catagcactc atcaaagtc gggtcaacgtc tgtgcttcga atataaacct 360
gttcatgttt ataggactca ttcaagaatt ttctatatct ctttcttata tactctccaa 420
gttcataatg ctgctccatg cccagctggg tgagttggcc aaatccttgt ggccatgagg 480
attcctttat ggggtcagtg ggaaaggtgt caatgggact tcggtctcca tgccgaaaca 540
ccaaagtcac aaacttcaac tccttggcta gtacacttcg gtcta 585

<210> 448
<211> 93
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(93)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 448
tgctcgtggg tcattctgan nnccgaactg acctgcccag ccctgccgan gggccnccat 60
ggctccctag tgccctggag agganggggc tag 93

<210> 449
<211> 706
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(706)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 449

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ccaagttcat gctntgtgct ggacgctgga cagggggcaa aagcnnttgc tcgtgggtca 60
ttctgancac cgaactgacc atgccagccc tgccgatggt cctccatggc tccctagtgc 120
cctggagagg aggtgtctag tcagagagta gtccctggaag gtggcctctg ngaggagcca 180
cggggacagc atcctgcaga tggtcgggcg cgteccattc gccattcagg ctgcgcaact 240
gttggaagg gcgatcggtg cgggcctctt cgctattacg ccagctggcg aaaggggat 300
gtgctgcaag gcgattaagt tgggtaacgc cagggttttc ccagtcncga cgttgtaaaa 360
cgacggccag tgaattgaat ttaggtgacn ctatagaaga gctatgacgt cgcattgcacg 420
cgtagcgttaag cttggatcct ctagagcggc cgctactac tactaaattc gcggccgcgt 480
cgacgtggga tccnactga gagagtggag agtgacatgt gctggacnct gtccatgaag 540
cactgagcag aagctggagg cacaacgcnc cagacactca cagctactca ggaggctgag 600
aacaggttga acctgggagg tggaggttgc aatgagctga gatcaggccn ctgcncccca 660
gcatggatga cagagtgaag ctccatctta aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 706
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<210> 450

<211> 493

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 450

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gagacggagt gtcactctgt tgcccaggct ggagtgcagc aagacactgt ctaagaaaaa 60
acagttttta aaggtaaaac aacataaaaa gaaatatcct atagtggaaa taagagagtc 120
aaatgaggct gagaacttta caaagggatc ttacagacat gtcgccata tcaactgcatg 180
agcctaagta taagaacaac ctttggggag aaaccatcat ttgacagtga ggtacaattc 240
caagtcaggt agtgaaatgg gtggaattaa actcaaatta atcctgccag ctgaaacgca 300
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tcaagtcaac acatctgtga actcacagac caagttctta aaccactgtt caaactctgc 420
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<210> 451

<211> 501

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

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<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 451

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aacgccaggg ttttccagc cncgacgttg taaaacgacg gccagtgaat tgaatttagg 180
tgacnctata gaagagctat gacgtcgcat gcacgcgtac gtaagcttgg atcctctaga 240
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cgcnccagac actcacagct actcaggagg ctgagaacag gttgaacctg ggaggtggag 420
gttgcaatga gctgagatca ggcnctgcn cccagcatg gatgacagag tgaaactcca 480
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<210> 452

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(51)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 452

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<210> 453

<211> 317

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(317)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 453

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 ttacccana cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca 180
 taacaaaccc tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt antcagcacc 240
 cccaccaaac tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataaagg 300
 taccatgtc tttatta 317

<210> 454

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 454

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 agaagaccaa attcttctgc atcccagctt gcaaacaaaa ttgttcttct aggtctccac 180
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<210> 455

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 455

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 gtttcaacgc attgatgact tctccaagga tcttcttttg gcatcgacca cattcagggg 180
 caaagaattt ctcatagcac agctcacaat acagggtcc tttctcctct a 231

<210> 456

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 456

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<210> 457

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

145

<221> misc_feature
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 tatttgattt tattagcaat ctctttcaga agacccttga gatcattaag ctttgtatcc 180
 agttgtctaa atcgatgcct catttctctt gaggtgtcgc tggcttttgt g 231

<210> 458
 <211> 231
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 458
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<210> 459
 <211> 231
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 <213> Homo sapiens

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 actatacaca gtcaccgtcc caatgagaaa caagaaggag caccctccac a 231

<210> 460
 <211> 231
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 <213> Homo sapiens

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 cccacctccc cacacgcaca cggccagcct ggagcccaca gaagggtcct cctgcagcca 180
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<210> 461
 <211> 231
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

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 gtggggttca gtgaggagtgt ggaaattggt tcagcagaac caagccgttg ggtgaataag 180
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<210> 462
 <211> 231
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 462
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146

gaagaactgt tagagagacc aacagggtag tgggtagag atttccagag tcttacattt 180
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<210> 463
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 463
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tggggagggtg gatcttccag tcgaagcggt atagaagccc gtgtgaaaag c 231

<210> 464
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 464
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cctgcttcag tgactgtgtg cctgtagtcc cagctactcg ggagtctgtg tgaggccagg 180
ggtgccagcg caccagctag atgctctgta acttctagc cccattttcc c 231

<210> 465
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 465
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aggatggcac aattttgtgt tgtgttcata atatactcag attagttcag ctccatcaga 180
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<210> 466
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 466
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<210> 467
<211> 311
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 467
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<210> 468
<211> 3112

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 468

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<210> 469

<211> 2229

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 469

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2229

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<210> 470

<211> 2426

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 470

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<210> 471
 <211> 812
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

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<400> 471
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gagatcagat attacaacag ctttgttttg agggtagaa atatgaaatg atttggttat 180
gaacgcacag ttaggcagc agggccagaa tctgaccct ctgcccctg gttatctcct 240
ccccagcttg gctgectcat gtcacacag tatccattt tgtttgttg atgtcttgt 300
aagccatcaa gattttctc tctgttttc tctcattgg aatgctcact ttgtgacttc 360
atttcaaate tgtaatcccg ttcaataaaa tatccacaac aggatctgtt ttcctgccc 420
tcctttaagg aacacatcaa ttcattttct aatgtccttc cctcacagc gggaccaggc 480
acagggcgag gctcatcgat gacccaagat ggcggccggg catttctccc agggatctct 540
gtgcttctct ttgtgcttcc tgtgtgtgtg gatatttaaa ggggctggaa atgtgcaaaa 600
acatgtcact acttagacat tatattgtca tcttgctgtt tctagtgatg ttaattatct 660
ccatttcagc agatgtgtg cctcagatgg taaagtcagc agcctttctt atttctacc 720
tctgtatcat caggtccttc ccaccatgca gatcttctg gtctccctcg gctgcagcca 780
cacaatctc cctctgttt ttctgatgcc ag

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<210> 472
 <211> 515
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc feature
 <222> (1)...(515)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

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<400> 472
acggagactt attttctgat attgtctgca tatgtatgtt ttaagagtc tggaaatagt 60
cttatgactt tcctatcatg cttattaata aataatacag ccagagaag atgaaaatgg 120
gttcagaaat tatttgtcct tgcagcccgg tgaatctcag caagaggaa caccaactga 180
caatcaggat attgaacctg gacaagagag agaaggaaca cctccgatcg aagaacgtaa 240

```

150

```

agtagaaggt gattgccagg aaatggatct ggaaaagact cggagtgagc gtggagatgg 300
ctctgatgta aaagagaaga ctccacctaa tcctaagcat gctaagacta aagaagcagg 360
agatgggcag ccataagtta aaaagaagac aagctgaagc tacacacatg gctgatgtca 420
cattgaaaat gtgactgaaa atttgaaaat tctctcaata aagtttgagt tttctctgaa 480
gaaaaaaaaa naaaaaaaaa aaanaaaan aaaaaa . 515

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<210> 473
 <211> 750
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 473
 Met Trp Asn Leu Leu His Glu Thr Asp Ser Ala Val Ala Thr Ala Arg
 5 10 15
 Arg Pro Arg Trp Leu Cys Ala Gly Ala Leu Val Leu Ala Gly Gly Phe
 20 25 30
 Phe Leu Leu Gly Phe Leu Phe Gly Trp Phe Ile Lys Ser Ser Asn Glu
 35 40 45
 Ala Thr Asn Ile Thr Pro Lys His Asn Met Lys Ala Phe Leu Asp Glu
 50 55 60
 Leu Lys Ala Glu Asn Ile Lys Lys Phe Leu Tyr Asn Phe Thr Gln Ile
 65 70 75 80
 Pro His Leu Ala Gly Thr Glu Gln Asn Phe Gln Leu Ala Lys Gln Ile
 85 90 95
 Gln Ser Gln Trp Lys Glu Phe Gly Leu Asp Ser Val Glu Leu Ala His
 100 105 110
 Tyr Asp Val Leu Leu Ser Tyr Pro Asn Lys Thr His Pro Asn Tyr Ile
 115 120 125
 Ser Ile Ile Asn Glu Asp Gly Asn Glu Ile Phe Asn Thr Ser Leu Phe
 130 135 140
 Glu Pro Pro Pro Pro Gly Tyr Glu Asn Val Ser Asp Ile Val Pro Pro
 145 150 155 160
 Phe Ser Ala Phe Ser Pro Gln Gly Met Pro Glu Gly Asp Leu Val Tyr
 165 170 175
 Val Asn Tyr Ala Arg Thr Glu Asp Phe Phe Lys Leu Glu Arg Asp Met
 180 185 190
 Lys Ile Asn Cys Ser Gly Lys Ile Val Ile Ala Arg Tyr Gly Lys Val
 195 200 205
 Phe Arg Gly Asn Lys Val Lys Asn Ala Gln Leu Ala Gly Ala Lys Gly
 210 215 220
 Val Ile Leu Tyr Ser Asp Pro Ala Asp Tyr Phe Ala Pro Gly Val Lys
 225 230 235 240
 Ser Tyr Pro Asp Gly Trp Asn Leu Pro Gly Gly Gly Val Gln Arg Gly
 245 250 255
 Asn Ile Leu Asn Leu Asn Gly Ala Gly Asp Pro Leu Thr Pro Gly Tyr

260					265					270					
Pro	Ala	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Arg	Arg	Gly	Ile	Ala	Glu	Ala	Val	Gly
		275					280					285			
Leu	Pro	Ser	Ile	Pro	Val	His	Pro	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Tyr	Asp	Ala	Gln	Lys
		290				295					300				
Leu	Leu	Glu	Lys	Met	Gly	Gly	Ser	Ala	Pro	Pro	Asp	Ser	Ser	Trp	Arg
					310					315					320
Gly	Ser	Leu	Lys	Val	Pro	Tyr	Asn	Val	Gly	Pro	Gly	Phe	Thr	Gly	Asn
				325					330					335	
Phe	Ser	Thr	Gln	Lys	Val	Lys	Met	His	Ile	His	Ser	Thr	Asn	Glu	Val
			340					345					350		
Thr	Arg	Ile	Tyr	Asn	Val	Ile	Gly	Thr	Leu	Arg	Gly	Ala	Val	Glu	Pro
		355					360					365			
Asp	Arg	Tyr	Val	Ile	Leu	Gly	Gly	His	Arg	Asp	Ser	Trp	Val	Phe	Gly
		370				375					380				
Gly	Ile	Asp	Pro	Gln	Ser	Gly	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	His	Glu	Ile	Val	Arg
				390						395					400
Ser	Phe	Gly	Thr	Leu	Lys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Trp	Arg	Pro	Arg	Arg	Thr	Ile
				405					410					415	
Leu	Phe	Ala	Ser	Trp	Asp	Ala	Glu	Glu	Phe	Gly	Leu	Leu	Gly	Ser	Thr
			420					425					430		
Glu	Trp	Ala	Glu	Glu	Asn	Ser	Arg	Leu	Leu	Gln	Glu	Arg	Gly	Val	Ala
		435					440					445			
Tyr	Ile	Asn	Ala	Asp	Ser	Ser	Ile	Glu	Gly	Asn	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Arg	Val
		450				455					460				
Asp	Cys	Thr	Pro	Leu	Met	Tyr	Ser	Leu	Val	His	Asn	Leu	Thr	Lys	Glu
				470						475					480
Leu	Lys	Ser	Pro	Asp	Glu	Gly	Phe	Glu	Gly	Lys	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Ser
				485					490					495	
Trp	Thr	Lys	Lys	Ser	Pro	Ser	Pro	Glu	Phe	Ser	Gly	Met	Pro	Arg	Ile
			500					505					510		
Ser	Lys	Leu	Gly	Ser	Gly	Asn	Asp	Phe	Glu	Val	Phe	Phe	Gln	Arg	Leu
		515					520					525			
Gly	Ile	Ala	Ser	Gly	Arg	Ala	Arg	Tyr	Thr	Lys	Asn	Trp	Glu	Thr	Asn
		530				535					540				
Lys	Phe	Ser	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Leu	Tyr	His	Ser	Val	Tyr	Glu	Thr	Tyr	Glu
				550						555					560
Leu	Val	Glu	Lys	Phe	Tyr	Asp	Pro	Met	Phe	Lys	Tyr	His	Leu	Thr	Val
				565					570					575	
Ala	Gln	Val	Arg	Gly	Gly	Met	Val	Phe	Glu	Leu	Ala	Asn	Ser	Ile	Val
			580					585					590		

152

Leu Pro Phe Asp Cys Arg Asp Tyr Ala Val Val Leu Arg Lys Tyr Ala
 595 600 605
 Asp Lys Ile Tyr Ser Ile Ser Met Lys His Pro Gln Glu Met Lys Thr
 610 615 620
 Tyr Ser Val Ser Phe Asp Ser Leu Phe Ser Ala Val Lys Asn Phe Thr
 625 630 635 640
 Glu Ile Ala Ser Lys Phe Ser Glu Arg Leu Gln Asp Phe Asp Lys Ser
 645 650 655
 Asn Pro Ile Val Leu Arg Met Met Asn Asp Gln Leu Met Phe Leu Glu
 660 665 670
 Arg Ala Phe Ile Asp Pro Leu Gly Leu Pro Asp Arg Pro Phe Tyr Arg
 675 680 685
 His Val Ile Tyr Ala Pro Ser Ser His Asn Lys Tyr Ala Gly Glu Ser
 690 695 700
 Phe Pro Gly Ile Tyr Asp Ala Leu Phe Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Val Asp
 705 710 715 720
 Pro Ser Lys Ala Trp Gly Glu Val Lys Arg Gln Ile Tyr Val Ala Ala
 725 730 735
 Phe Thr Val Gln Ala Ala Ala Glu Thr Leu Ser Glu Val Ala
 740 745 750

<210> 474
 <211> 386
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 474
 Met Arg Ala Ala Pro Leu Leu Leu Ala Arg Ala Ala Ser Leu Ser Leu
 5 10 15
 Gly Phe Leu Phe Leu Leu Phe Phe Trp Leu Asp Arg Ser Val Leu Ala
 20 25 30
 Lys Glu Leu Lys Phe Val Thr Leu Val Phe Arg His Gly Asp Arg Ser
 35 40 45
 Pro Ile Asp Thr Phe Pro Thr Asp Pro Ile Lys Glu Ser Ser Trp Pro
 50 55 60
 Gln Gly Phe Gly Gln Leu Thr Gln Leu Gly Met Glu Gln His Tyr Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Gly Glu Tyr Ile Arg Lys Arg Tyr Arg Lys Phe Leu Asn Glu Ser
 85 90 95
 Tyr Lys His Glu Gln Val Tyr Ile Arg Ser Thr Asp Val Asp Arg Thr
 100 105 110
 Leu Met Ser Ala Met Thr Asn Leu Ala Ala Leu Phe Pro Pro Glu Gly
 115 120 125
 Val Ser Ile Trp Asn Pro Ile Leu Leu Trp Gln Pro Ile Pro Val His

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<210> 475
<211> 261
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
```

<400> 475
Met Trp Val Pro Val Val Phe Leu Thr Leu Ser Val Thr Trp Ile Gly
 5 10 15

Ala Ala Pro Leu Ile Leu Ser Arg Ile Val Gly Gly Trp Glu Cys Glu
20 25 30

```

<400> 476
Met His His His His His His Met Trp Val Pro Val Val Phe Leu Thr
              5                      10                      15

Leu Ser Val Thr Trp Ile Gly Ala Ala Pro Leu Ile Leu Ser Arg Ile
              20                      25                      30

Val Gly Gly Trp Glu Cys Glu Lys His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Val Leu
      35                      40                      45

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155

Val Ala Ser Arg Gly Arg Ala Val Cys Gly Gly Val Leu Val His Pro
 50 55 60
 Gln Trp Val Leu Thr Ala Ala His Cys Ile Arg Asn Lys Ser Val Ile
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Leu Gly Arg His Ser Leu Phe His Pro Glu Asp Thr Gly Gln Val
 85 90 95
 Phe Gln Val Ser His Ser Phe Pro His Pro Leu Tyr Asp Met Ser Leu
 100 105 110
 Leu Lys Asn Arg Phe Leu Arg Pro Gly Asp Asp Ser Ser His Asp Leu
 115 120 125
 Met Leu Leu Arg Leu Ser Glu Pro Ala Glu Leu Thr Asp Ala Val Lys
 130 135 140
 Val Met Asp Leu Pro Thr Gln Glu Pro Ala Leu Gly Thr Thr Cys Tyr
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Ser Gly Trp Gly Ser Ile Glu Pro Glu Glu Phe Leu Thr Pro Lys
 165 170 175
 Lys Leu Gln Cys Val Asp Leu His Val Ile Ser Asn Asp Val Cys Ala
 180 185 190
 Gln Val His Pro Gln Lys Val Thr Lys Phe Met Leu Cys Ala Gly Arg
 195 200 205
 Trp Thr Gly Gly Lys Ser Thr Cys Ser Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro Leu
 210 215 220
 Val Cys Asn Gly Val Leu Gln Gly Ile Thr Ser Trp Gly Ser Glu Pro
 225 230 235 240
 Cys Ala Leu Pro Glu Arg Pro Ser Leu Tyr Thr Lys Val Val His Tyr
 245 250 255
 Arg Lys Trp Ile Lys Asp Thr Ile Val Ala Asn Pro Gly Ser Met Ala
 260 265 270
 Thr Ala Gly Asn Pro Trp Gly Trp Phe Leu Gly Tyr Leu Ile Leu Gly
 275 280 285
 Val Ala Gly Ser Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser Gln Ile Ile Asn Gly
 290 295 300
 Glu Asp Cys Ser Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met
 305 310 315 320
 Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val
 325 330 335
 Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly
 340 345 350
 Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu
 355 360 365
 Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu Ala
 370 375 380

Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp
 385 390 395 400
 Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly Asn
 405 410 415
 Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met Pro
 420' 425 430
 Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Glu Val Cys
 435 440 445
 Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala Gly
 450 455 460
 Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro
 465 470 475 480
 Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala
 485 490 495
 Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys Lys
 500 505 510
 Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser Glu Phe Met Val
 515 520 525
 Gln Arg Leu Trp Val Ser Arg Leu Leu Arg His Arg Lys Ala Gln Leu
 530 535 540
 Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Thr Phe Gly Leu Glu Val Cys Leu Ala Ala
 545 550 555 560
 Gly Ile Thr Tyr Val Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Glu Val Gly Val Glu Glu
 565 570 575
 Lys Phe Met Thr Met Val Leu Gly Ile Gly Pro Val Leu Gly Leu Val
 580 585 590
 Cys Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala Ser Asp His Trp Arg Gly Arg Tyr
 595 600 605
 Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro Phe Ile Trp Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile Leu Leu
 610 615 620
 Ser Leu Phe Leu Ile Pro Arg Ala Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu Cys
 625 630 635 640
 Pro Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Glu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly Val Gly
 645 650 655
 Leu Leu Asp Phe Cys Gly Gln Val Cys Phe Thr Pro Leu Glu Ala Leu
 660 665 670
 Leu Ser Asp Leu Phe Arg Asp Pro Asp His Cys Arg Gln Ala Tyr Ser
 675 680 685
 Val Tyr Ala Phe Met Ile Ser Leu Gly Gly Cys Leu Gly Tyr Leu Leu
 690 695 700
 Pro Ala Ile Asp Trp Asp Thr Ser Ala Leu Ala Pro Tyr Leu Gly Thr

157

705		710		715		720
Gln Glu Glu Cys	Leu Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr	Leu Ile Phe Leu Thr Cys				
	725		730			735
Val Ala Ala Thr	Leu Leu Val Ala Glu Glu Ala Ala Leu Gly Pro Thr					
	740		745			750
Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu Ser	Ala Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro His Cys Cys					
	755		760			765
Pro Cys Arg Ala Arg Leu Ala	Phe Arg Asn Leu Gly Ala Leu Leu Pro					
	770		775			780
Arg Leu His Gln Leu Cys Cys Arg Met Pro	Arg Thr Leu Arg Arg Leu					
	785		790			800
Phe Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Ser Trp Met	Ala Leu Met Thr Phe Thr Leu					
	805		810			815
Phe Tyr Thr Asp Phe Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gln Gly Val Pro Arg						
	820		825			830
Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly Val Arg						
	835		840			845
Met Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Cys Ala Ile Ser Leu Val Phe						
	850		855			860
Ser Leu Val Met Asp Arg Leu Val Gln Arg Phe Gly Thr Arg Ala Val						
	865		870			880
Tyr Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Phe Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Ala Thr Cys						
	885		890			895
Leu Ser His Ser Val Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Ala Leu Thr Gly						
	900		905			910
Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala Leu Gln Ile Leu Pro Tyr Thr Leu Ala Ser Leu						
	915		920			925
Tyr His Arg Glu Lys Gln Val Phe Leu Pro Lys Tyr Arg Gly Asp Thr						
	930		935			940
Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser Leu Met Thr Ser Phe Leu Pro Gly						
	945		950			955
Pro Lys Pro Gly Ala Pro Phe Pro Asn Gly His Val Gly Ala Gly Gly						
	965		970			975
Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro Pro Pro Pro Ala Leu Cys Gly Ala Ser Ala Cys						
	980		985			990
Asp Val Ser Val Arg Val Val Val Gly Glu Pro Thr Glu Ala Arg Val						
	995		1000			1005
Val Pro Gly Arg Gly Ile Cys Leu Asp Leu Ala Ile Leu Asp Ser Ala						
	1010		1015			1020
Phe Leu Leu Ser Gln Val Ala Pro Ser Leu Phe Met Gly Ser Ile Val						
	1025		1030			1035
						1040

Gln Leu Ser Gln Ser Val Thr Ala Tyr Met Val Ser Ala Ala Gly Leu
1045 1050 1055

Gly Leu Val Ala Ile Tyr Phe Ala Thr Gln Val Val Phe Asp Lys Ser
1060 1065 1070

Asp Leu Ala Lys Tyr Ser Ala
1075